THE THREE TRADITIONAL PILLARS OR STREAMS OF IMMIGRATION

ECONOMIC CLASS -	(A)	ENTREPRENEURS
	(\mathbf{B})	INVESTORS
	(\mathbf{C})	
FAMILY CLASS -	(A)	FAMILY SPONSORSHIPS (SEE ATTACHED)
	(B)	,
	(D)	APPLICATIONS *(INCLUDES
		ASSISTED RELATIVES/ SELECTED
		WORKERS = TECHNICALLY
		ECONOMIC CLASS)
<u>HUMANITARIAN</u>	(A)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
CT A CC		BASIS OF (i)
<u>CLASS</u> -		POLITICAL ASSOCIATION, (ii)
		MEMBERSHIP IN A SOCIAL GROUP,
		(iii) RELIGIOUS AFFILIATION, (iv)
	(D)	NATIONALITY, OR (v) RACE).
	(B)	
		SPECIAL HUMANITARIAN
		MEASURES.
TEMPORARY	(A)	WORK VISA
	()	

(B) LIVE-IN CAREGIVERS

(C) STUDENT (D) VISITORS

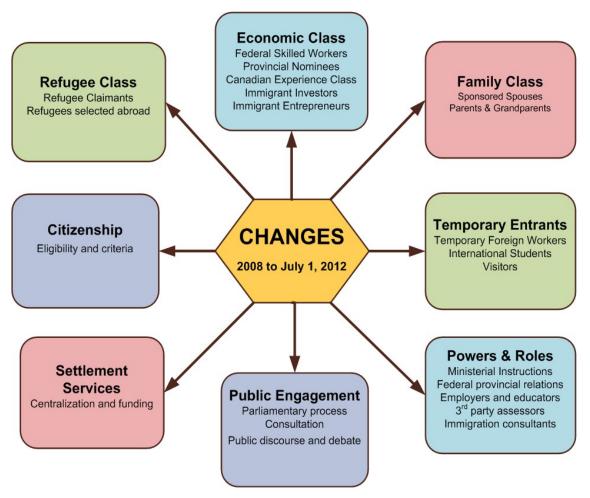
RESIDENTS -

TABLE 3.1 COMPONENTS OF THE IMMIGRATION INTAKE

Family Reunification	Members of the Family Class
Humanitarian	Convention Refugees; Members of Designated Classes; Persons eligible under special humanitarian measures
Economic	Assisted Relatives* Business Immigrants: Entrepreneurs Self-employed persons Investors Retirees Other Independent Immigrants*

^{*}Principle applicants in these categories are termed <u>selected</u> <u>workers</u> if they are destined to the labour force except for those admitted under special humanitarian measures.

Scope of Contemporary Change



When looked at in their entirety, immigration policy changes are reshaping Canada's future. It is difficult to believe that so much fundamental change has occurred during the past four and a half years and that more changes are slated to occur.

Federal Immigration Proposals Outstanding as of July 1, 2012

Family Class			
☐ Make permanent residence for newly married sponsored spouses conditional on living with their sponsors for two years			
Re-design the sponsorship program for parents and grandparents			
Economic Class			
Provincial Nominees			
Refocus Provincial Nominee Programs to meet only economic objectives and not			
duplicate federal programs			
aup programs			
Investors and Entrepreneurs			
☐ Create a "start-up" visa program for more innovative immigrant entrepreneurs			
☐ Re-design the Immigrant Investor Program to increase the funds needed to be			
eligible and to require more active investment in Canadian growth companies			
<u>Federal Skilled Worker Program</u>			
☐ Revise the selection points grid			
☐ Require principal applicants to meet higher language requirements and to			
obtain an assessment of their international educational credentials prior to			
application			
☐ Create a separate and streamlined program for skilled tradespersons			
Canadian Experience Class			
Reduce the Canadian work requirement from two years to one year before			
skilled temporary workers are eligible for permanent residence			
Expression of Interest			
Develop an "expression of interest" model for federal skilled workers and			
possibly other economic immigrants in which governments and employers could			
recruit from a pool of pre-screened applicants			
Permanent Residence			
Deport permanent residents without appeal after serving a sentence of six months			
or more (now two years)			
International			
☐ Ensure that student visa holders pursue their studies in Canada			
☐ Issue student work permits only to those who have valid student visas			
☐ Limit the types of educational institutions eligible to host international students			

SELECTION CRITERIA FOR BUSINESS IMMIGRANTS

To be eligible for selection as business immigrants, applicants must first meet the definition of the class to which they are applying (investor, entrepreneur, self-employed). Applicants are then assessed against five selection criteria and must obtain a minimum of 35 points.

The selection criteria and maximum points allocated are as follows:

Selection Criteria	Maximum Points
Education	25
Experience	35
Age	10
Proficiency in English and/or French	24
Adaptability	6
TOTAL	100

Important notes:

- 1. Selection is based on the documents provided and the qualities of the applicant, as assessed against the selection criteria. An interview may be required. A visa officer will ask the applicant to explain any ambiguities, inconsistencies, shortcomings or gaps in these documents during the interview.
- 2. The pass mark on June 28, 2002 is <u>35 points for all business</u> <u>immigrants</u>; however, the pass mark can change at the direction of the Minister.
- 3. All dollar amounts cited in this fact sheet are in Canadian dollars.

© Minister of Public Works and Government Services Canada, 2002 Cat. No.: Ci51-111/2002-17 ISBN 0-662-66653-4

THE CONVERGENCE BETWEEN THE TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SYSTEMS:

- improvements to <u>Canada's Temporary Foreign Worker</u> (TFW) Program, as well as the increasing use of mechanisms driven by employer—and regional—demand for skilled workers, particularly *the Provincial Nominee Program (PNP)*;
- the newly created **Canadian Experience Class**; and
- improvements to the <u>International Student Program</u>, the Off-Campus Work Permit Program, and the Post-Graduation Work Permit Program.

A BALANCED IMMIGRATION PROGRAM

THE PILLARS OR STREAMS ARE MEAN TO BALANCE TWO
THINGS: (A) <u>CANADA'S ECONOMIC SELF-INTEREST</u> AND
(B) <u>CANADA'S AVOWED GENEROSITY AND COMPASSION ---</u>
AND OFFER OF SAFE HAVEN TO OTHERS AROUND THE
WORLD.

PROBLEM OF BALANCE: THROUGH OUT HISTORY OF IMMIGRATION TO CANADA RARELY HAVE A FEW YEARS GONE BY WITHOUT THE EVENTS OF THE DAY ENTICING SOME NEW AMENDMENT TO THE IMMIGRATION LAW.

SO THE HISTORICAL CHARACTERISTIC OF IMMIGRATION LAW, AND IMMGRATION STEAMS IS THAT THEY HAVE BEEN IN "CONSTANT FLUX".

(THE HIGHEST LEVELS EVER: <u>330,000 IN 1911</u> AND <u>400,000</u> IN 1913. <u>174,000 CAME IN 1998.</u>

FOR THE SIXTH YEAR IN A ROW, THE DEPARTMENT'S ANNUAL REPORT CONFIRMS THAT CANADA BEAT ITS IMMIGRATION TARGET LAST YEAR, <u>ACCEPTING 262,236 NEW PERMANENT RESIDENTS IN 2005</u>, JUST ABOVE ITS TARGET RANGE OF 220,000 TO 245,000. THAT'S UP 11 PER CENT OVER THE 235,824 RESIDENTS ACCEPTED IN 2004.

NEXT YEAR, CANADA HAS SET A GOAL OF ADMITTING
BETWEEN 240,000 AND 265,000 NEW RESIDENTS,
ACCORDING TO THE REPORT TABLED IN THE COMMONS.

*****THE <u>LIBERAL REDBOOK ADVOCATES 1% OR 330,000</u>.)

(A) CANADA HAS BEEN PRONE TO A "TAP-ON/TAP-OFF

LEVELS OF INFLOW -- MEANING IT HAS

HISTORICALLY CHANGED WITH THE STATE OF THE

ECONOMY. TAILORING IMMIGRATION TO LABOUR

MARKET SHORTAGES. (<u>CYCLICAL</u>: BAD ECON. LESS INTAKE).

(B) IN THE MODERN CONTEXT "HAS MADE LONG-RANGE

PLANNING" MORE "DIFFICULT" AND CAUSES

PROBLEMS FOR THE ADMINISTRATION OF CANADA'S

IMMIGRATION POLICY.

- (C) (IT IS FURTHER SUGGESTED) THE "VOLATILITY" OF

 IMMIGRATION INTAKE IN CANADA IS NOT ONLY

 UNNECESSARY, BUT IT MAY BE

 COUNTERPRODUCTIVE --
- EX: IF IMMIGRATION LEVELS HAVE LITTLE EFFECT ON

 CANADA'S ECONOMY AND POPULATION STRUCTURE,

 THEN THERE IS LITTLE TO GAIN BY CONTINUALLY

 CHANGING THE LEVEL OF INFLOW.

IF CONSIDERATIONS OF POP. SIZE AND STRUCTURE

ARE IMPORTANT FACTORS IN SETTING THE LEVELS

OF IMMIGRATION, THEY ARE BY NATURE "LONGTERM" AND SUPPORT A RATIONALE FOR A

CONSTANT LEVEL OF INFLOW RATHER THAN A

CYCLICAL ONE (CLOSELY TIED TO THE STATE OF

THE CANADIAN ECONOMY).

ALL OF THIS POINTS OUT THE PROBLEM OF

DETERMINING WHAT THE OBJECTIVES OF CANADA'S

IMMIGRATION POLICY SHOULD BE -- THERE IS NO

PUBLIC DIALOGUE ON (NO "COMPREHENSIVE" PLAN

FOR IMMIGRATION AND NATIONBUILDING).

IMMIGRATION QUESTIONS

- 1) ARE THERE TOO MANY PEOPLE COMING TO CANADA?
- 2) ARE THEY TAKING JOBS AWAY FROM CANADIANS?
- 3) SHOULD THERE BE A LIMIT OR MORATORIUM ON IMMIGRATION?
- 4) WHICH KINDS OF IMMIGRANTS SHOULD BE ALLOWED IN CANADA?
- 5) IS CANADA DOING ENOUGH TO HELP REFUGEES AND DISPLACED PEOPLE AROUND THE WORLD?
- 6) SHOULD IMMIGRANTS BE FORCE TO LIVE IN
 UNPOPULATED AREAS IN CANADA IF SOCIETY
 PREFERS IT?
- 7) SHOULD IMMIGRANTS BE REQUIRED TO BE ABLE TO SPEAK ENGLISH OR FRENCH TO GET INTO CANADA?

- 8) SHOULD THERE BE AN AGE LIMIT FOR PEOPLE IMMIGRATING TO CANADA?
- 9) SHOULD ANYONE OR GROUP BE PREVENTED FROM IMMIGRATING TO CANADA?
- 10) SHOULD IMMIGRANTS BE SUBJECT TO REMOVAL FROM CANADA, AND WHEN?

AUXILIARY QUESTIONS

- 11) WHO COME ON A TEMPORARY BASIS -- WHAT ARE
 THE CATEGORIES OF TEMPORARY RESIDENCE IN
 CANADA? (VISITOR, STUDENT, WORK VISA,
 DOMESTIC WORKER)
- 12) WHAT IS WRONG WITH THE WAY OUR ANCESTORS CAME TO THIS COUNTRY?

IMMIGRATION ANSWERS

1) TOO MANY? - THE QUESTION OF "INTAKE LEVELS"

HAS BEEN A KEY ISSUE THROUGH OUT THE HISTORY

OF CANADIAN IMMIGRATION -- [?]

THE HIGHEST LEVELS EVER: <u>330,000 IN 1911</u> AND <u>400,000 IN 1913</u>. <u>174,000 CAME IN 1998</u>. THE <u>LIBERAL REDBOOK</u>
ADVOCATES 1% OR 300,000.

[OFFICIAL BLAME: (1) SHORTAGE OF RESOURCES TECHNOLOGY; (2) INORDINANT AMOUNT OF RESOURCES
WHEN INTO INTERNATIONAL EMERGENCIES (KOSOVO);
(3) THE MIGRATION FROM TRADITIONAL SOURCE
COUNTRIES SLOWED DOWN.

** IN 1974, THE BIRTH RATE IN CANADA FIRST FELL
BELOW THE LEVEL NEEDED TO REPLACE THE POP.
TODAY ABOUT HALF CANADA'S CURRENT POPULATION
GROWTH COMES FROM IMMIGRATION -- DIFFERENT
FROM OTHER ADVANCED NATIONS LIKE USA WHO
DERIVE MORE GROWTH FROM BIRTHS.

ACCORDING TO STATS CANADA (MEDIUM-GROWTH FORCASTS) THE NATURAL INCREASE (WITHOUT IMMIGRATION) WILL STOP IN ABOUT 2030.

IN OTHER WORDS, THE NUMBER OF DEATHS WILL BEGIN TO OUTSTRIP THE NUMBER OF BIRTHS, AND THE CANADIAN PEOPLE WOULD BEGING TO DIE OUT.

IMMIGRATION PLAYS A CRUCIAL ROLE IN CANADIAN

NATION-BUILDING

{ON BOARD} -- SOCIOLOGISTS AND ECONOMISTS:

MINISCULE POPULATION, AGING WORKFORCE AND

INCREASING GLOBAL MARKETPLACE, IMMIGRATION IS

ESSENTIAL FOR SOCIO-ECONOMIC PROGRESS. -- IMMIG

IMPORTANT FOR CAN. ECON. LEADERSHIP IN 21ST

CENTURY.

2) ARE THEY TAKING JOBS? - "ECONOMIES OF SCALE",
THE MORE PEOPLE THE MORE CONSUMERS WHICH
LEADS TO GREATER PRODUCTION. IMMIGRANTS
TRADITIONALLY HAVE INCENTIVE TO WORK HARD
AND IMPROVE LOT. ENTREPRENUERIAL SPIRIT.

- 3) <u>LIMIT OR MORATORIUM?</u> ECONOMISTS ADVISE 1%
 PER ANNUM OF CURRENT POPULATION TO REPLACE
 DECEASED, AND SPUR ECONOMY.
- 4) WHAT KIND? HARDWORKING/ FAMILY CLASS WITH INCENTIVE TO IMPOROVE THEIR FAMILIES LOT AND MAKE THEIR CHILDREN'S LIVES BETTER THAN THEIR OWN. THIS IS THE TRADITIONAL SOURCE OF CANADA'S STRENGTH. HAS ANY BODY GOT A "SALMON WALLET"?

5) IS CANADA DOING ENOUGH FOR REFUGEES? INTERNATIONAL REPUTATION, WINNER OF NANSEN
MEDAL, DECLARED BY U.S. STATE DEPARTMENT TO
HAVE THE BEST REFUGEE RECORD IN THE WORLD.
TAKES IN .04% OF THE WORLD'S REFUGEES AND
REPRESENTS ONLY .01% OF THE TOTAL

POPULATION. (DON'T JUDGE YOURSELF BY BARBARIANS).

- 6) LIVE IN UNPOPULATED AREAS? VARIOUS

 ATTEMPTS TO SEND NEWCOMERS TO UNPOPULATED

 AREAS HAVE ALL BEEN DETERMINED TO BE

 UNCONSTITUTIONAL. VIOLATION OF CHARTER OF

 RIGHTS AND FREEDOMS (OF PERSON).
- 7) SPEAK AND OFFICIAL LANGUAGE? HISTORY MAY
 MITIGATE AGAINST IT. THE 2ND LARGEST
 LANGUAGE OUTSIDE OF QUEBEC IS CHINESE.
 ENGLISH AND FRENCH SHOULD REMAIN OFFICIAL
 LANGUAGES AND SUPPORT SERVICES SHOULD BE
 BEEFED UP TO TEACH.
- 8) SHOULD AGE LIMIT? NO/ PREJUDICIAL AND DISCRIMINATORY. CASE BY CASE BASIS.

- 9) SHOULD ANY GROUP BE PREVENTED? GROUPS
 IMPORTING VIOLENCE. TERRORIST, ORGANIZED
 CRIMINALS.
- 10) REMOVALS? YES/ CRIMINALITY AND SERIOUS

 ABUSES OF THE SYSTEM. (NOT INDIVIDUALS WHO

 ARRIVE AS CHILDREN AND LIVE THE BALANCE OF

 THEIR LIVES HERE).

NEW IMMIGRATION BILL C31

- 1) IMMIGRATION BILL TABLED BY THE LIBERAL GOVERNMENT IS HIGHLIGHTED BY PLANS FOR A \$1 MILLION FINE AND A LIFE SENTENCE FOR ALIENSMUGGLING.
- 2) KEY CHANGES TO THE REFUGEE DETERMINATION
 SYSTEM INCLUDE A NEW "FRONT-END" SECURITY CHECK
 IN WHICH REFUGEES ARE SCREENED IMMEDIATELY
 UPON ENTRY INTO CANADA INSTEAD OF AFTER A
 LENGTHY HEARING PROCESS.
- 3) BILL C-31 ALSO BETTER SPELLS OUT CRITERIA FOR DETAINING MIGRANTS. THOSE WHO ARE A THREAT TO FLEE OR POSE A DANGER WOULD BE AUTOMATICALLY DETAINED.

- 4) OTHER KEY STREAMLINING PLANKS OF THE LEGISLATION INCLUDE,
 - A) REDUCING THE LENGTH OF TIME IT TAKES A
 REFUGEE TO HAVE A CASE HEARD FROM FIVE
 YEARS TO THREE;
 - B) ENSURING REFERRALS OF CLAIMS TO
 IMMIGRATION REFUGEE BOARD WITHIN THREE
 WORKING DAYS; AND
 - C) DESIGNATING NEW FUNDS TO CLEAR UP BACKLOGS.
- 2) BILL C-31, THE IMMIGRATION AND REFUGEE PROTECTION ACT, WOULD ALSO MAKE IT]
 - A) EASIER TO DEPORT CRIMINALS WHO SLIP INTO CANADA,
 - B) TIGHTEN IMMIGRATION AND REFUGEE RULES,

- C) INCREASING OVERALL REGULATORY
 CONTROLS, AND
- D) CURTAIL THE APPEALS PROCESS.

CRITICISMS:

- 1) LAWYERS AND IMMIGRANT GROUPS, HOWEVER,
 HAVE BEEN QUICK AND UNEQUIVOCAL IN CONDEMNING
 THE BILL AS MEAN-SPIRITED AND POSSIBLY
 UNCONSTITUTIONAL.
- 2) MEDIA REPORTS INDICATE, THAT UNDER THE
 UMBRELLA OF "CANADIANS FOR A FAIR AND JUST
 IMMIGRATION POLICY," MORE THAN 50 COMMUNITYBASED ORGANIZATIONS, INCLUDING THE BAR
 ASSOCIATION, HAVE PUBLICLY OPPOSED THE PROPOSED
 BILL.

- A) THE NEW LAW WOULD TAKE AWAY THE
 DEPORTATION APPEAL RIGHTS OF ANY PERMANENT
 RESIDENT CONVICTED OF MINOR CRIMES.
- B) CHANGES GIVE THE IMMIGRATION DEPARTMENT MORE POWER THAN CSIS (CANADA'S SPY AGENCY).
- C) IT WILL REMOVE ALL OVERSIGHT ON SECURITY MATTERS.
- D) TIGHTENING THE SCREWS ON INTERNATIONAL

 IMMIGRATION MAY ALLEVIATE SOME SHORT-TERM

 PUBLIC ANXIETY, BUT IT IS NOT NECESSARILY

 CONDUCIVE TO CONTINUED SOCIAL PROGRESS (?) –

IN <u>THE SHORT TERM</u>, YOU CAN <u>PLUG-UP THE HOLES</u>
AND REINFORCE THE BORDER PERIMETERS AS A
TEMPORARY STOPGAP AGAINST INTERLOPERS –

IN THE LONG-TERM, SINCE THE GLOBAL VILLAGE IS BECOMING HIGHLY VOLATILE, WITHOUT INTERNATIONAL INTERVENTION AND COORDINATION, SOCIOLOGICAL PREDICTIONS ARE THERE WILL EVENTUALLY BE THE BIGGEST INTERETHNIC BONFIRE AND WEENIE-ROAST OF ALL TIME, AND LIKE IT OR NOT CANADA IS GOING TO BE INVITED.

CONCLUSION: (POPULATION BOOM!!!)

- -- CANADA CANNOT ESCAPE THE CLAMORING HOARDS
- THE WORLD POPULATION IS ALREADY DOUBLE
 WHIT IT WAS IN 1950.
- IT IS PROJECTED TO BOOM BY ANOTHER (3) THREE
 BILLION IN THE NEXT HALF-CENTURY (WITH AFRICA
 AND ASIA DWARFING EUROPE)
- TODAY, THERE ARE 6.1 BILLION PEOPLE IN THE WORLD. BY 2050, THE FIGURE IS ANTICIPATED TO SWELL TO 9.3 BILLION (WITH NEARLY NINE OF EVERY 10 PEOPLE LIVING IN A DEVELOPING COUNTRY.
- CANADA HAS THE SECOND LARGEST LAND MASS IN THE WORLD. THEY ARE COMING HERE!!!!