## PHYS 2020: Homework 2 (due Monday Sept. 28)

Reading: Purcell \& Morin, Chapters 1.7-1.8.

Problem 1 (20 points): Consider a straight line path $L_{1}$ from starting point $\vec{r}_{1}=(0,0,0)$ to ending point $\vec{r}_{2}=(1,1,1)$, shown in Fig. 1. Compute the work to move along $L_{1}$ for the following forces:
(a) $\vec{F}=-\left(\begin{array}{l}a x^{2} \\ a y^{2} \\ a z^{2}\end{array}\right)$, where $a$ is a constant. (5 points)
(b) $\vec{F}=-\left(\begin{array}{c}b z \\ -b x \\ b y\end{array}\right)$, where $b$ is a constant. (5 points)

Now repeat your calculation along a new path $L_{2}$ from $\overrightarrow{r_{1}}$ to $\overrightarrow{r_{2}}$ along the curved line $y=z=x^{2}$. Comment on whether forces (a) and (b) are conservative or nonconservative. (10 points)

Problem 2 (10 points): Consider a cylinder of radius $R$ and height $L$, aligned along the $z$ axis, with charge density

$$
\rho(s, z)=\left\{\begin{array}{cl}
a s^{2} z & 0<s<R \text { and } 0<z<L \\
0 & \text { otherwise }
\end{array}\right.
$$

where $a$ is a constant and $s, z$ are the usual cylindrical coordinates. What is the total charge of the cylinder?
Problem 3 (30 points): Consider a circular wire ring (assumed to be infinitely thin) located in the $x-y$ plane and centered at the origin. The ring has radius $R$ and linear charge density $\lambda$. What is electric field $\vec{E}$ at a height $h$ directly above the center of the ring, at the point $\vec{r}=(0,0, h)$ ?


Figure 1: Paths $L_{1}$ and $L_{2}$ for Problem 1. Only the $x$ and $y$ directions are shown here. The $z$ direction is not shown.

