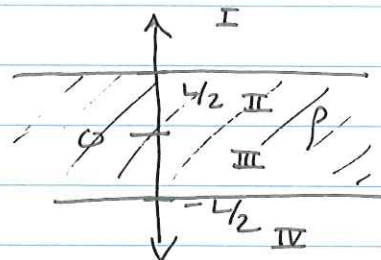
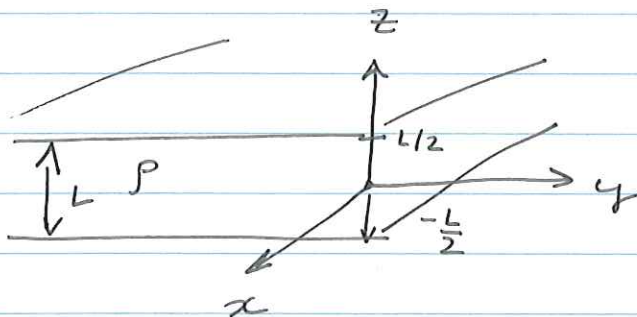


Consider a thick, infinite slab of uniform charge density  $\rho$  and thickness  $L$ . (infinite in  $x$  &  $y$ )



(a) What is  $\vec{E}(z)$ ? <sup>four</sup> regions  $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} z > L/2 \\ 0 < z < L/2 \\ -L/2 < z < 0 \\ z < -L/2 \end{array} \right.$



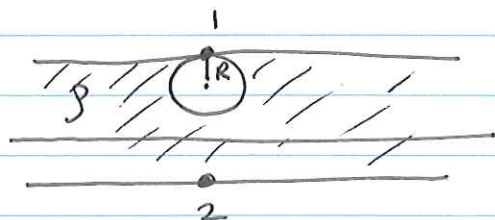
(b) What is  $\phi(z)$ ? Let  $\phi(0) = 0$ . (i.e.  $\vec{r}_0 = (0, 0, 0)$ )

~~(c)~~

(c) What is the potential difference  $\Delta\phi$  between the center ( $z=0$ ) and surface ( $z=\pm L/2$ )

(d) check  $\vec{E} = -\vec{\nabla}\phi$

(e) Suppose one side of the slab has a <sup>spherical</sup> "bubble" of radius ~~at~~  $R$  on the surface.



what is the potential difference between points 1 and 2?