

Object-Based Programming (25 marks):

Answer both parts below.

The API for the Money class is given below. Each instance of this class represents an amount of dollars and cents. The amount of cents will be an integer between 0 and 99 (inclusive), and the amount of dollars will never be less than zero.

Constructor Summary	
Money () Constructs a new Money amount with 0 dollars and 0 cents.	
Method Summary	
boolean	equals(Money amount) Returns true if this Money amount is equal to amount.
boolean	isGreaterOrEquals(Money amount) Returns true if this Money amount is greater than or equal to amount.

The API for the BankAccount class is given below. Each instance of this class has a balance with a certain amount of Money.

Constructor Summary	
BankAccount () Constructs a new BankAccount with a zero balance (i.e. no Money).	
BankAccount(Money amount) Constructs a new BankAccount where the initial balance is equal to the given amount of Money.	
Method Summary	
void	deposit(Money amount) Adds the given amount of Money to the current balance.
Money	getBalance() Returns the amount of Money currently in this BankAccount.
boolean	withdraw(Money amount) Attempts to subtract the given amount of Money from the current balance. Subtracts the amount and returns true if the current balance is larger than the amount to withdraw. Otherwise, returns false and charges a penalty of 10 dollars.

The API for the `CashCard` class is given below. Each instance of this class has a balance with a certain amount of `Money` that must be between zero and the maximum balance allowed on a `CashCard` (inclusive).

Field Summary	
<code>static Money</code>	<code>MAX_BALANCE</code> The maximum amount of <code>Money</code> that can be stored on a <code>CashCard</code> .
Constructor Summary	
<code>CashCard()</code> Constructs a new <code>CashCard</code> with a zero balance (i.e. no <code>Money</code>).	
<code>CashCard(Money amount)</code> Constructs a new <code>CashCard</code> . If the given amount of <code>Money</code> is less than the maximum balance, then the balance is set to the amount; otherwise, it is set to zero.	
Method Summary	
<code>boolean</code>	<code>add(Money amount)</code> Attempts to add the given amount of <code>Money</code> to the current balance. Adds the amount and returns <code>true</code> if the available limit is larger than the amount to add. Otherwise, returns <code>false</code> and sets the current balance to the maximum balance.
<code>boolean</code>	<code>deduct(Money amount)</code> Attempts to subtract the given amount of <code>Money</code> from the current balance. Subtracts the amount and returns <code>true</code> if the current balance is larger than the amount to subtract. Otherwise, returns <code>false</code> and sets the current balance to zero.
<code>Money</code>	<code>deductAll()</code> Returns the amount of <code>Money</code> currently on this <code>CashCard</code> and sets the balance to zero.
<code>Money</code>	<code>getBalance()</code> Returns the amount of <code>Money</code> currently on this <code>CashCard</code> .
<code>Money</code>	<code>getLimit()</code> Returns the amount of <code>Money</code> that can be added to this <code>CashCard</code> without exceeding the maximum balance.

Surname:_____ First name:_____ Student #: _____

Part 1 (10 marks):

The Kingdom of Queensland has decided that it will no longer issue paper money and coins. Instead, it will use CashCards. In order for CashCards to be usable by the public, it must be possible to transfer Money between CashCards.

Write a code fragment in JAVA that will determine if the given amount of Money can be and is transferred between CashCards. Your code must set the variable `successful` to `true` after a successful transfer and `false` otherwise. To be a successful transfer, the amount of Money being transferred cannot be greater than the balance of the transferring CashCard (`from`) or cause the receiving CashCard (`to`) to exceed the maximum allowed balance. No changes to the CashCards should occur on an unsuccessful transfer attempt.

```
// transfer
boolean successful;
CashCard from;
CashCard to;
Money amount;
```

Surname:_____ First name:_____ Student #: _____

Part 2 (15 marks):

It will also be necessary for the public to be able to buy CashCards at their bank.

Write a code fragment in JAVA that will assign to `newCard` a new `CashCard` with a balance equal to the given amount of `Money` that will be withdrawn from the given `BankAccount` (`account`). If the requested amount is greater than the maximum balance allowed on a `CashCard` or the current balance of the given `account`, then `newCard` should be set to `null` and the current balance of the `account` should be left unchanged.

```
// buyCard
CashCard newCard;
Money amount;
BankAccount account;
```