

November 2008

QUESTION #1: What is the percentage of Canadian-born, immigrants and non-permanent residents of 15 years and over receiving employment insurance in 2000, for the province of Ontario?

ANSWER:

	Received EI (%)	N
Canadian-born	6.2	6,117,197
Immigrants	5.7	2,855,056
Non-permanent residents	5.2	75,562
Total	6.1	9,047,815

- Immigrants and non-permanent residents are less likely to receive EI than Canadian-borns in 2000. 6.2% of Canadian-borns received EI in 2000, compared to 5.7% of immigrants and 5.2% of non-permanent residents.

QUESTION #2: What is the percentage of immigrants who are 15 years and over receiving employment insurance in 2000, by period of immigration, for the province of Ontario?

ANSWER:

	Received EI (%)	N
Before 1961	2.6	507,278
1961-1970	5.0	430,470
1971-1980	6.2	493,187
1981-1990	6.1	562,669
1991-1995	7.4	435,332
1996-2001	7.4*	426,119
Total	5.7	2,855,055

* Use with caution. Not all immigrants arriving between 1996 and 2001 would have been eligible for EI in 2000.

- When looking at immigrants receiving EI, the percentage of immigrants receiving EI tends to decrease for immigrants who have been longer in Canada. Seven percent (7.4%) of immigrants who have arrived between 1991 and 2001 received EI in 2000, three times the percentage of immigrants who arrived before 1961 (2.6%).

QUESTION #3: What is the average amount received in employment insurance by beneficiaries of 15 years and over in 2000, for the province of Ontario?

ANSWER:

	Mean (\$)	N
Canadian-born	4,395.59	379,630
Immigrants	4,477.89	164,098
Non-permanent residents	4,889.39	3,963
Total	4,423.82	547,691

- Although a lower percentage of immigrants receive EI compared to Canadian-born, immigrants receive a higher amount of EI benefits (an average of \$4,477.89 for each immigrant beneficiary, compared to \$4,395.59 per Canadian-born beneficiary).
- The same applies to non-permanent residents (\$4,889.39 vs. \$4,395.59 for Canadian-born beneficiaries).

QUESTION #4: What is the average amount received in employment insurance by immigrant beneficiaries of 15 years and over in 2000, by period of immigration, for the province of Ontario?

ANSWER:

	Mean (\$)	N
Before 1961	4,748.45	13,376
1961-1970	4,650.89	21,731
1971-1980	4,257.04	30,471
1981-1990	4,357.53	34,451
1991-1995	4,456.53	32,347
1996-2001	4,609.94	31,721
Total	4,477.89	164,098

- When looking at the total amount of EI benefits received by immigrants in 2000, immigrants who had arrived more recently received higher EI benefits than those who had arrived between 1971 and 1980.
- The average amount received by immigrants who have immigrated before 1971 increases. While immigrant EI beneficiaries who immigrated between 1971 and 1981 receive on average \$4,257.04 per beneficiary, immigrants who arrived before 1961 receive on average \$4,748.45 per beneficiary.

NOTE:

Numbers may not add up to the total due to rounding.

Refers to total Employment Insurance benefits received during calendar year 2000, before income tax deductions. It includes benefits for unemployment, sickness, maternity, paternity, adoption, work sharing, retraining and benefits to self-employed fishers received under the federal Employment Insurance Program.

Reported for: Population 15 years of age and over, excluding institutional residents

DEFINITIONS:

Immigrant: or landed immigrant, is a person who has been granted the right to live in Canada permanently by immigration authorities.

Non-permanent resident: a person from another country who had an employment authorization, a student authorization, or a Minister's permit, or who was a refugee claimant at the time of the census, and family members living here with him or her.

DATA SOURCE:

Canada. Statistics Canada. Census of Canada, 2001: public use microdata file - individuals file [computer file]. Revision 2. Ottawa, Ont.: Statistics Canada [producer]; Statistics Canada. Data Liberation Initiative [distributor], 2006/04/30. (STC 95M0016XCB)