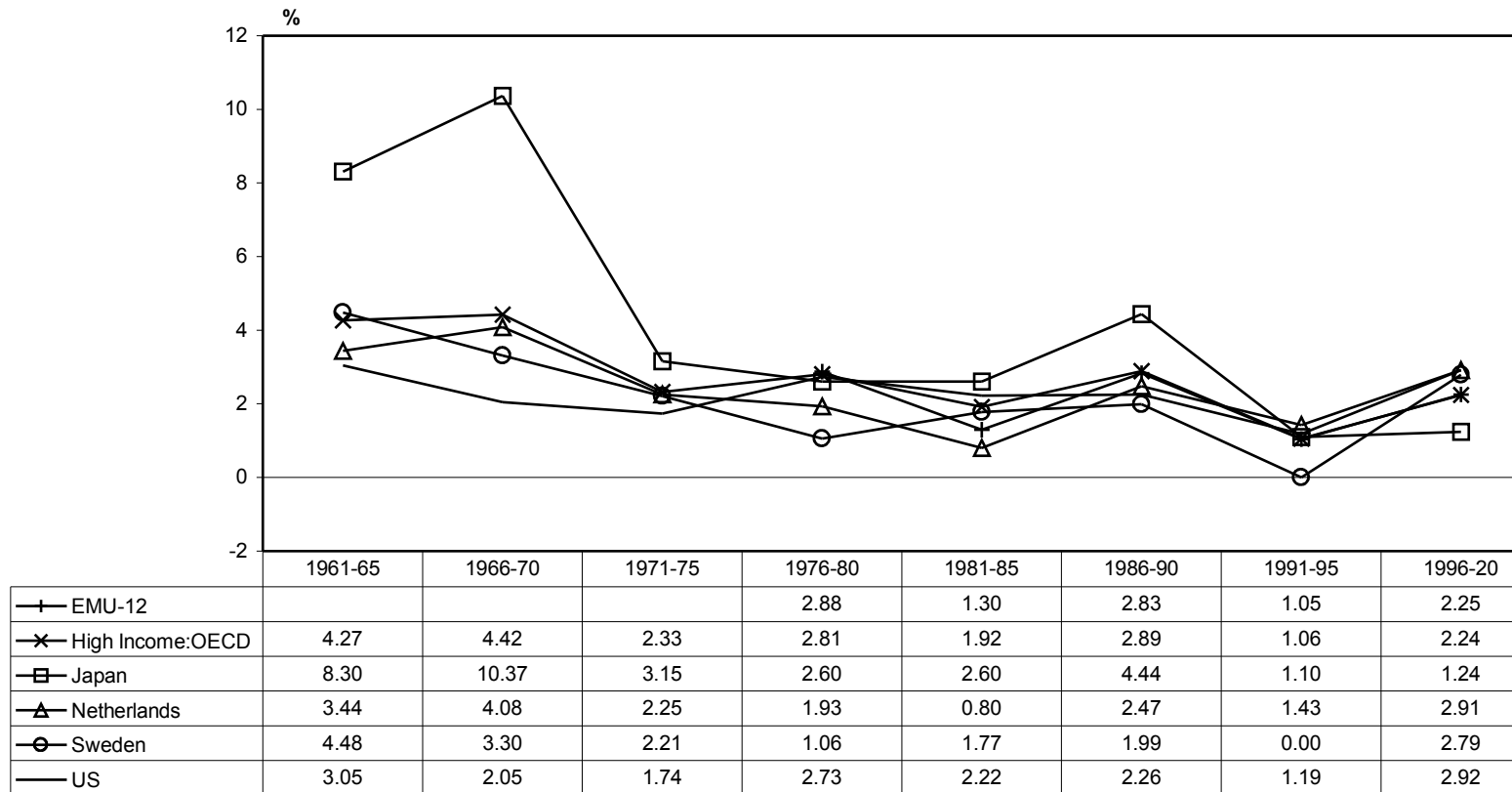


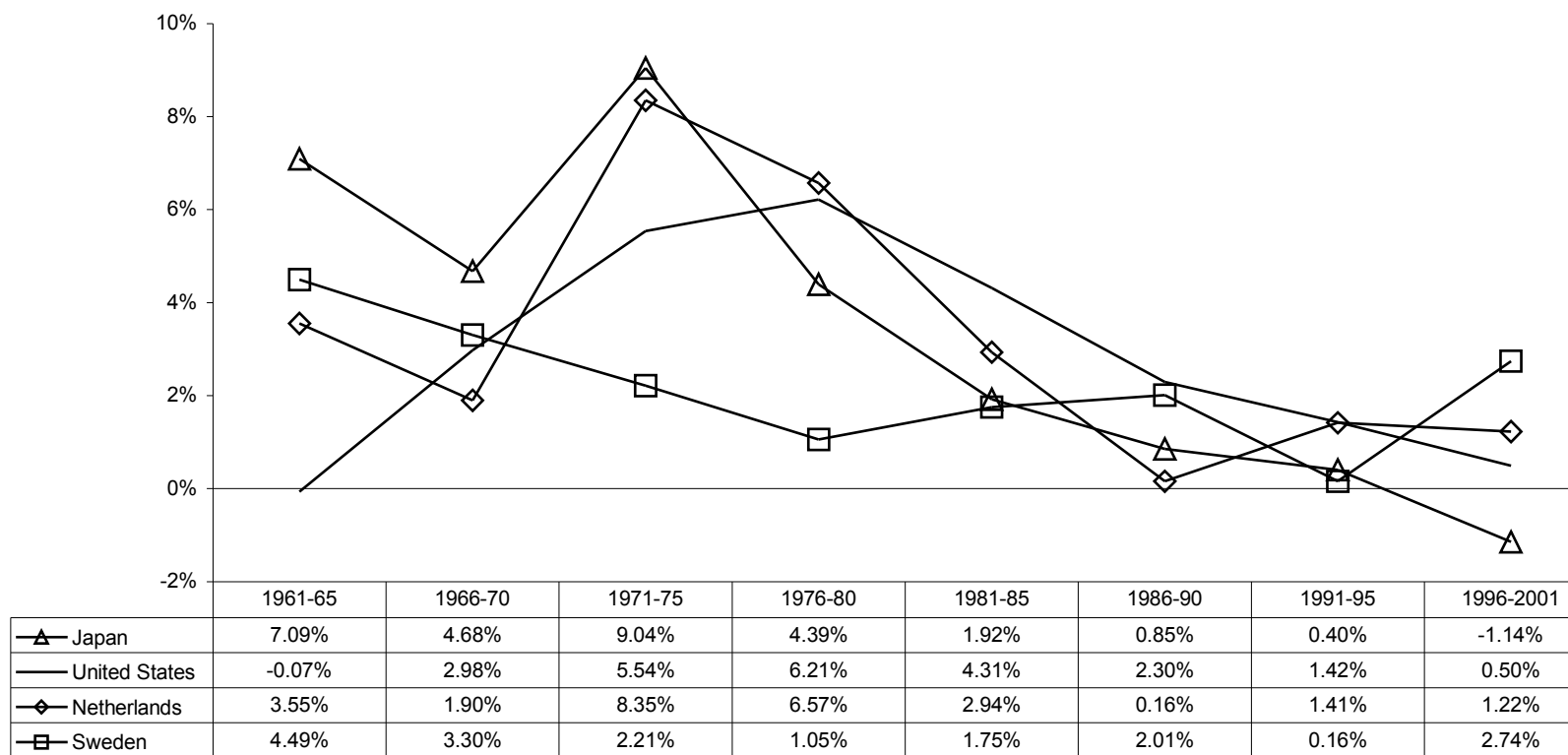
**Figure 1**  
Real GDP Per Capita: Average Annual Growth (1995 US\$)



Source: All calculations based on data series from the World Bank, *World Development Indicators*.  
Accessed via <http://devdata.worldbank.org/dataonline/>

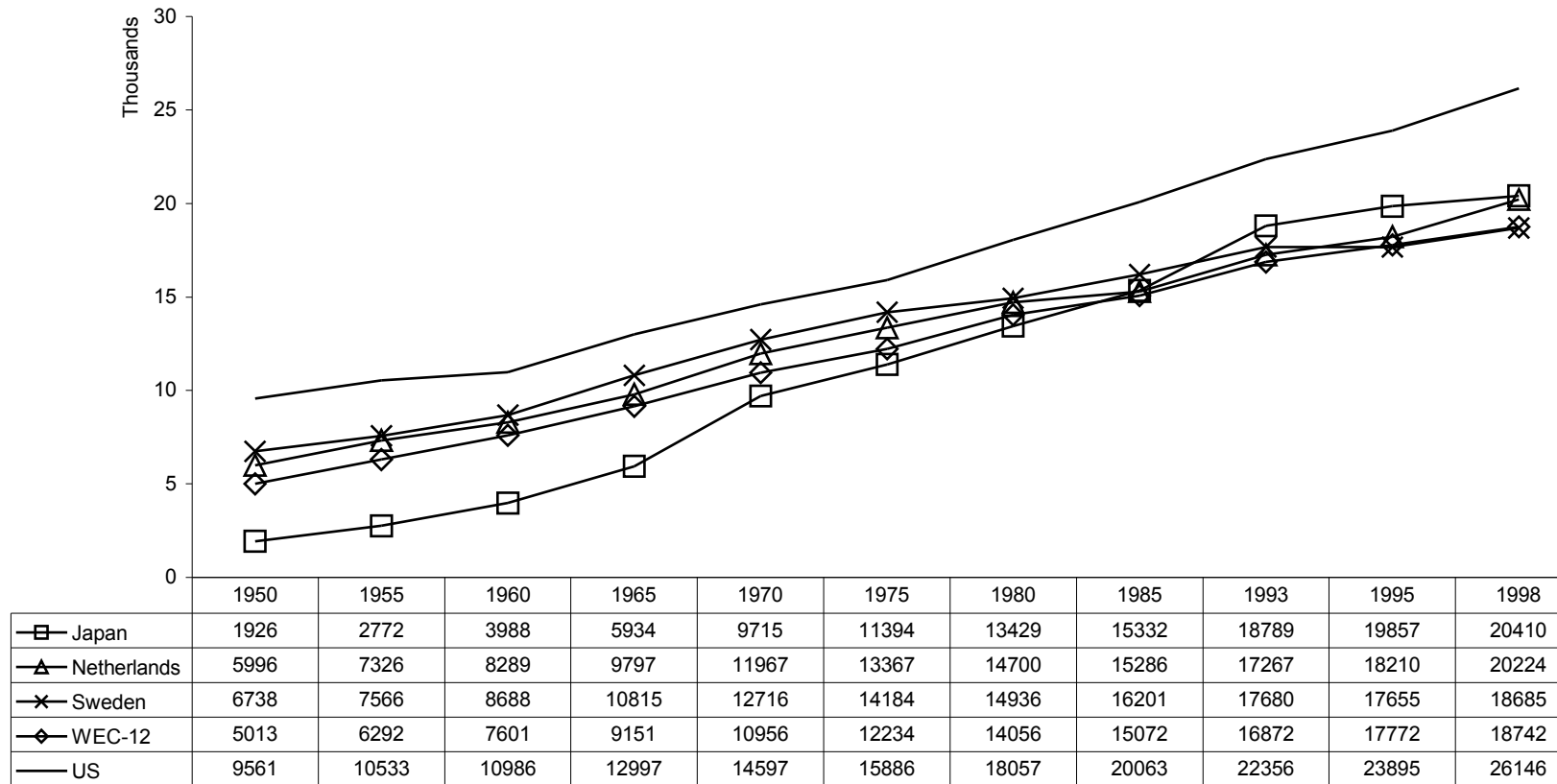
**Figure 1A**

Real GDP Per Capita: Average Annual Growth (Local Currency Units)



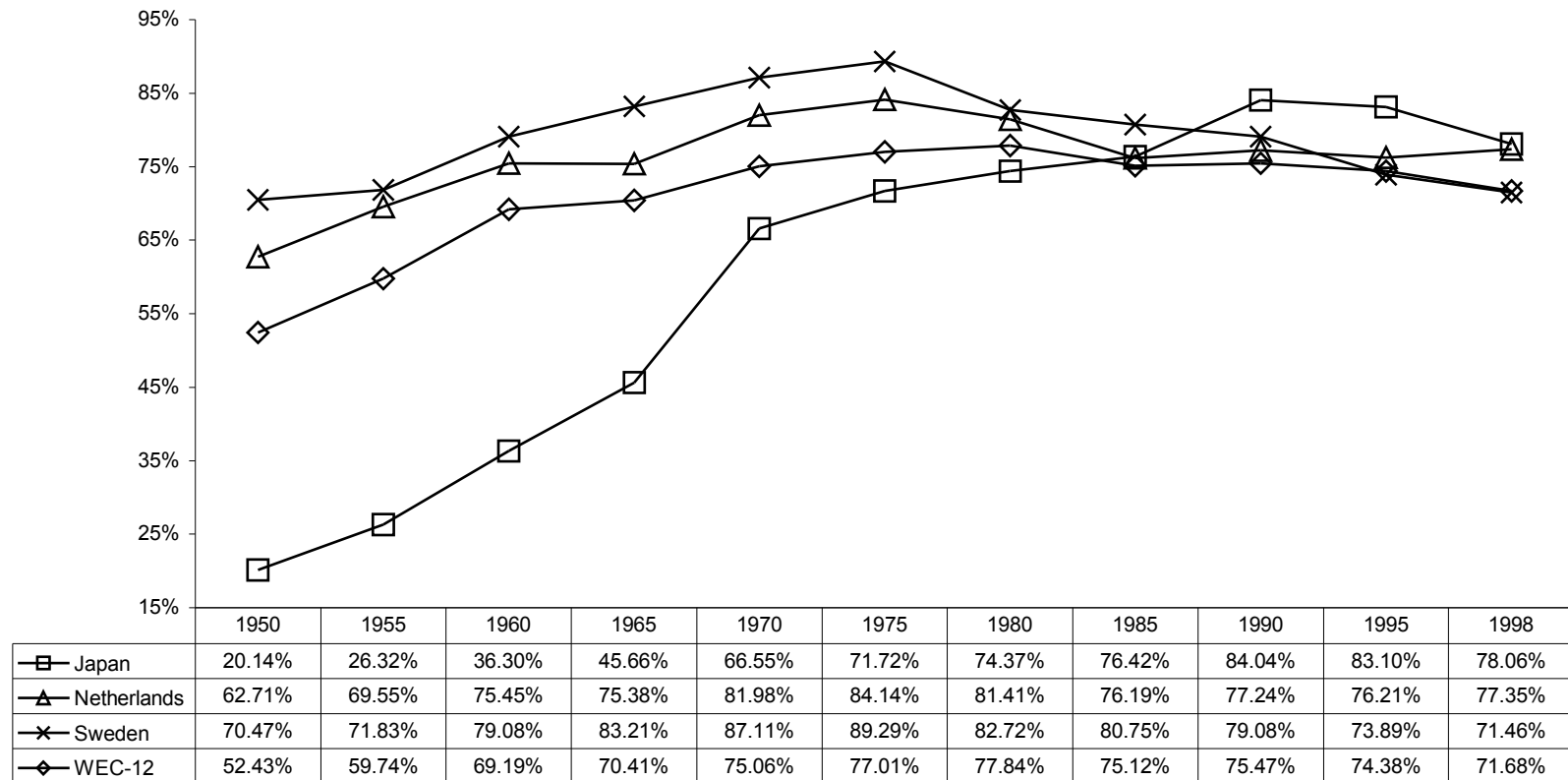
Source: All calculations based on data series from the International Monetary Fund, *International Financial Statistics*. Accessed via DRI-WEFA's Econometric and Forecast Databases, *Webstrat*.

**Figure 2**  
Levels of GDP Per Capita: Selected Years (1990 International\$)



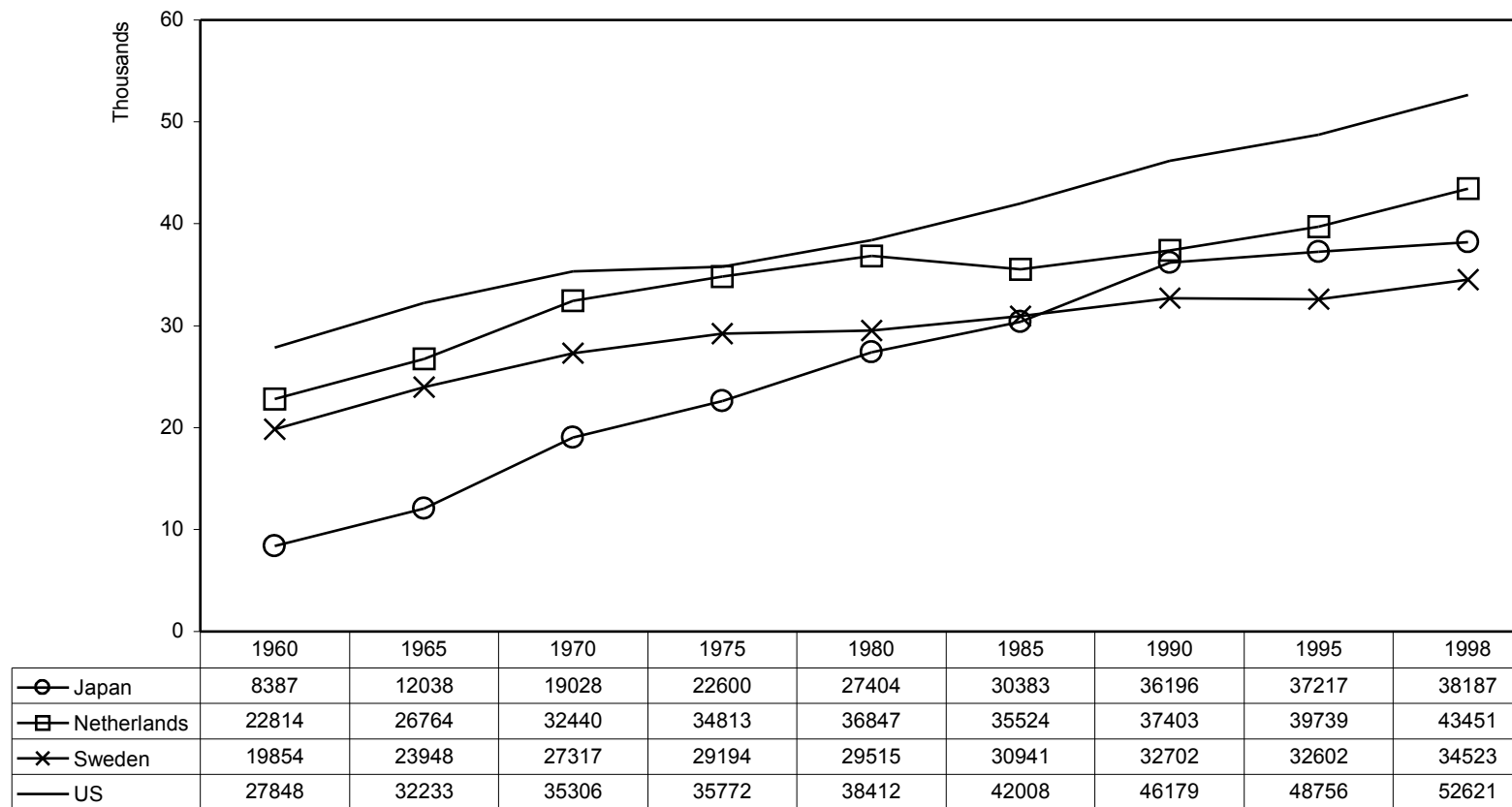
Source: Maddison, Angus, and Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, *The World Economy: A Millennial Perspective, Development Centre Studies*. (Paris, France: Development Centre of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development, 2001) Appendix C, pp. 237-334.  
Western European Countries (WEC): Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland, and the UK

**Figure 2A**  
Levels of GDP Per Capita Relative to the US: Selected Years (1990 International\$)



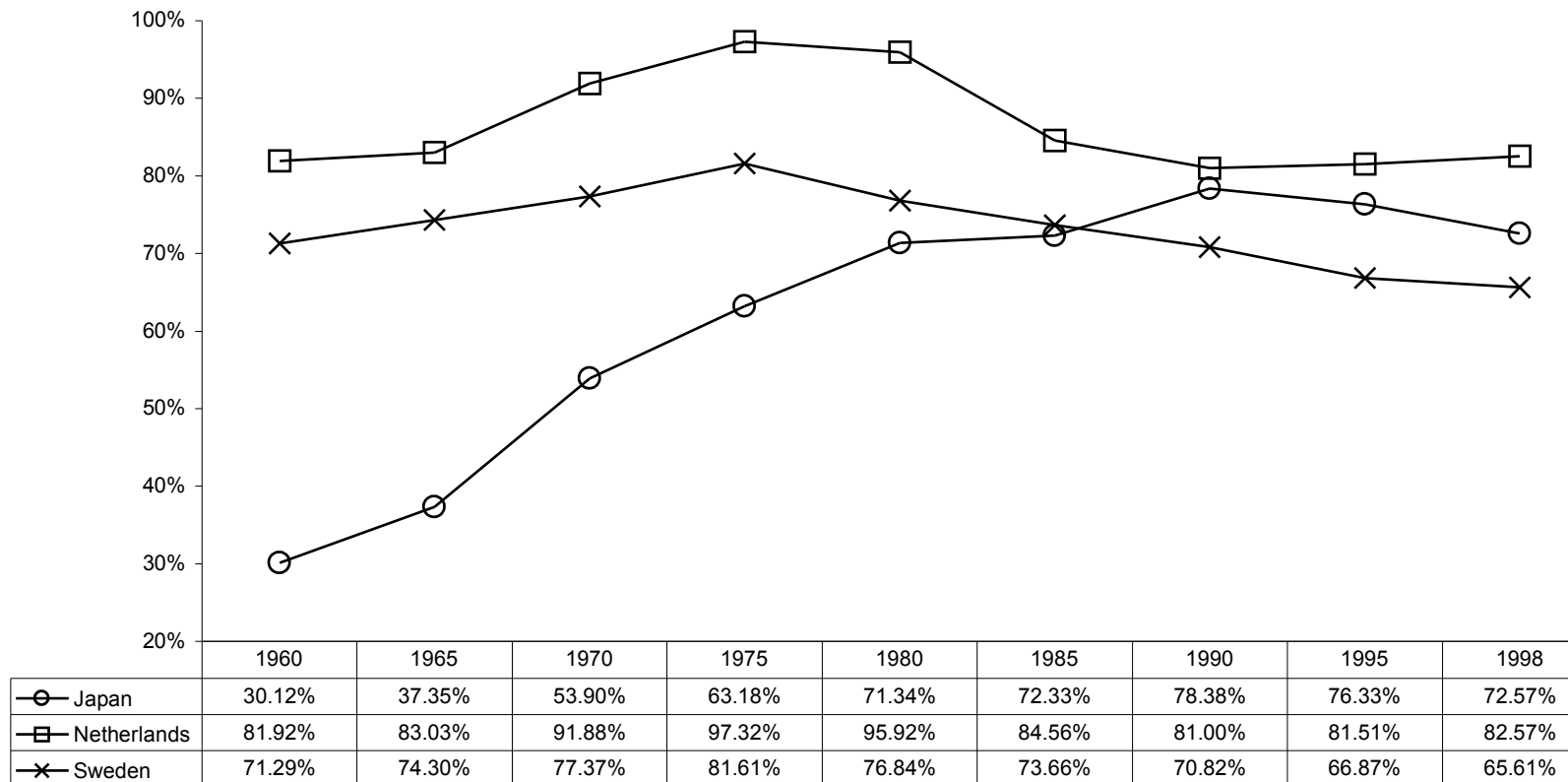
Source: Data presented in Figure 2.

**Figure 3**  
Levels of GDP Per Economically Active: Selected Years (1990 International\$)



Sources: GDP figures taken from A. Maddison, Appendix C. Labour Force statistics are from World Bank, *World Development Indicators*.  
Note: Economically active is defined here as total labour force.

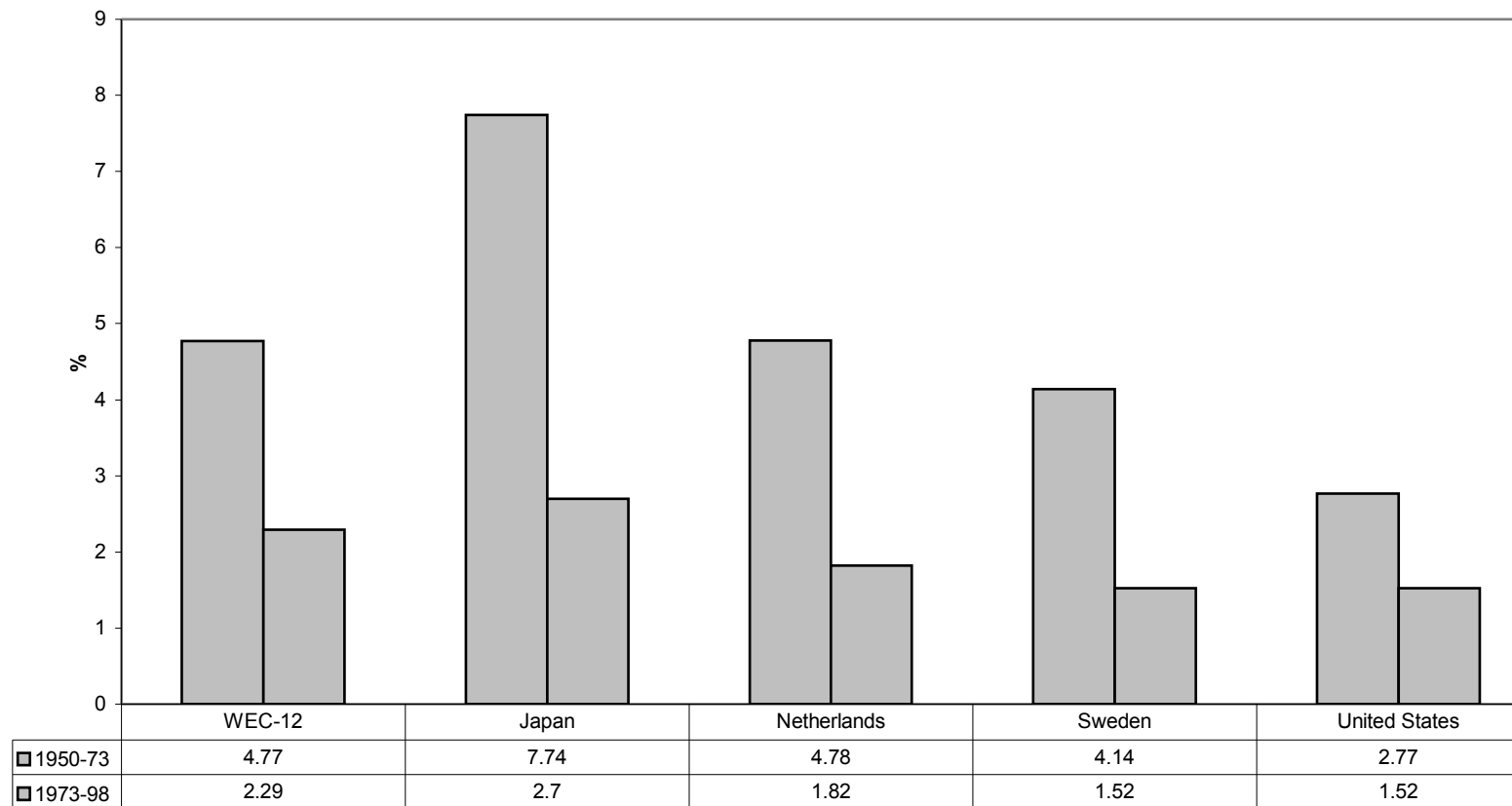
**Figure 3A**  
Levels of GDP Per Economically Active Relative to the US: Selected Years (1990 International\$)



Sources: GDP figures taken from A. Maddison, Appendix C. Labour Force statistics from *World Development Indicators*.  
Note: Economically active is defined here as total labour force.

**Figure 4**

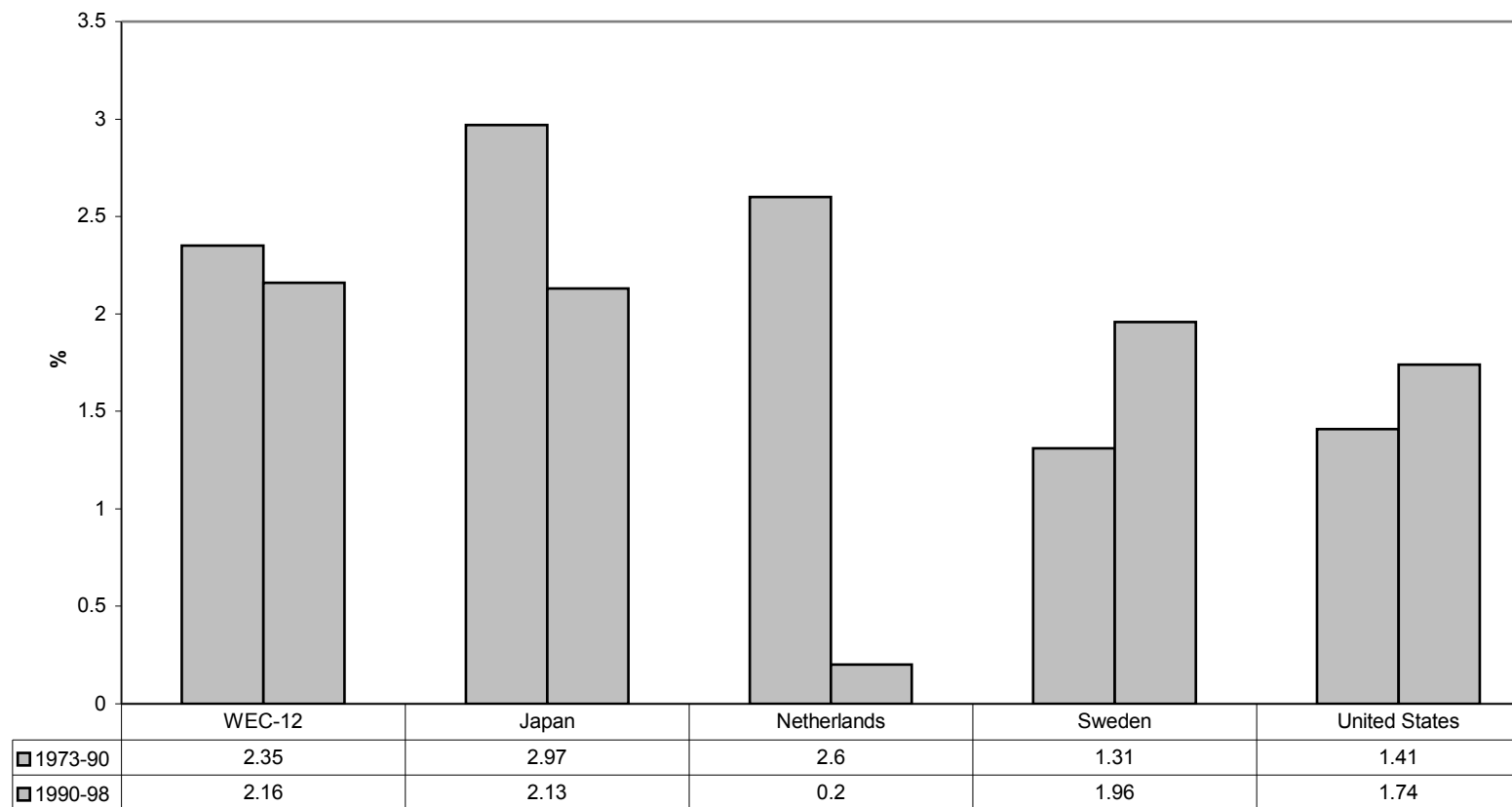
Changes in Post War Productivity Growth: Annual Averages for Selected Periods (GDP Per Hours Worked)



Source: All figures reproduced from A. Maddison, Appendix E, pp. 343-56

**Figure 4A**

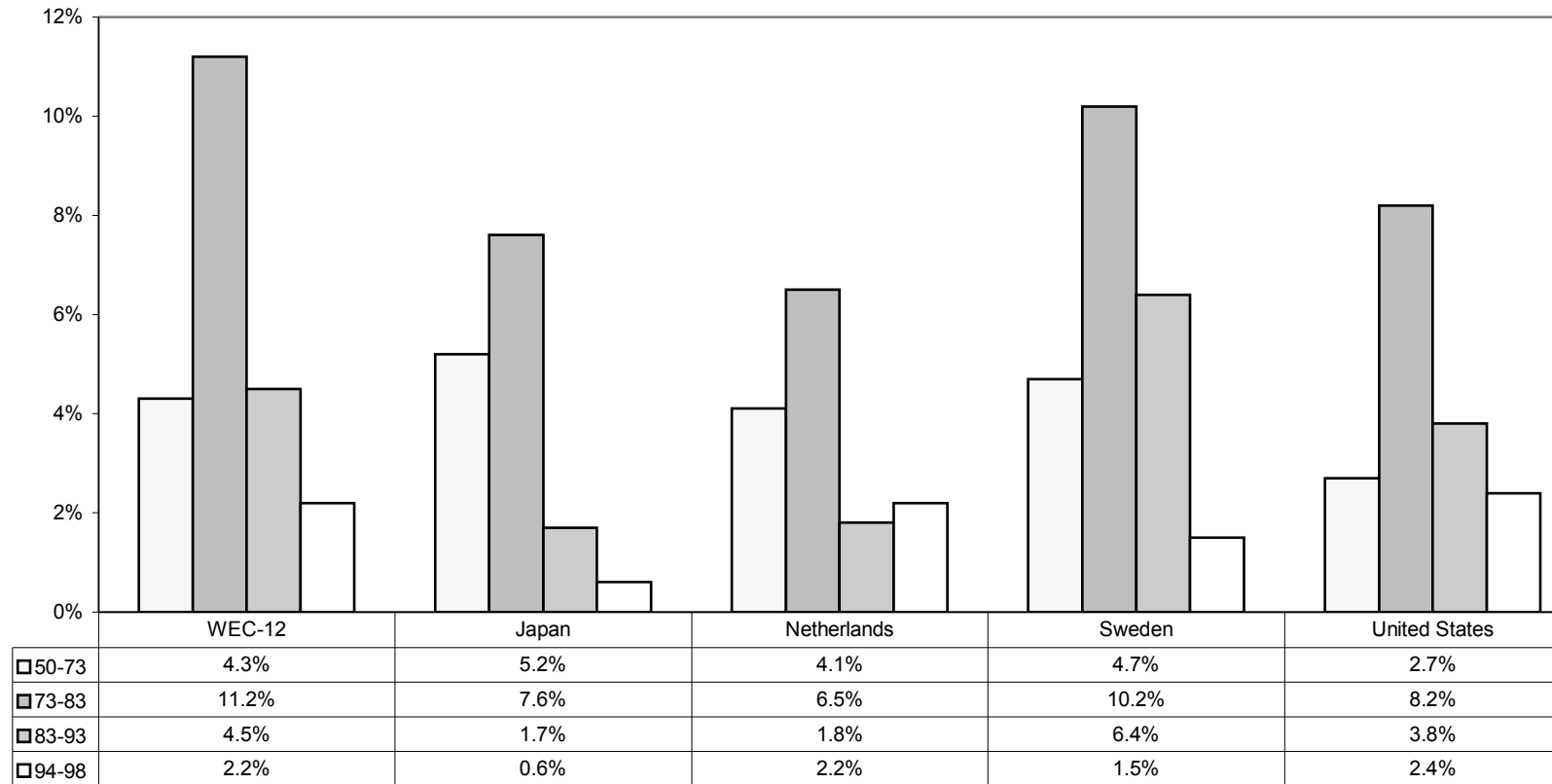
Productivity Growth: Annual Averages for Selected Periods (GDP Per Hours Worked)



Source: All figures reproduced from A. Maddison, Appendix E, pp. 343-56

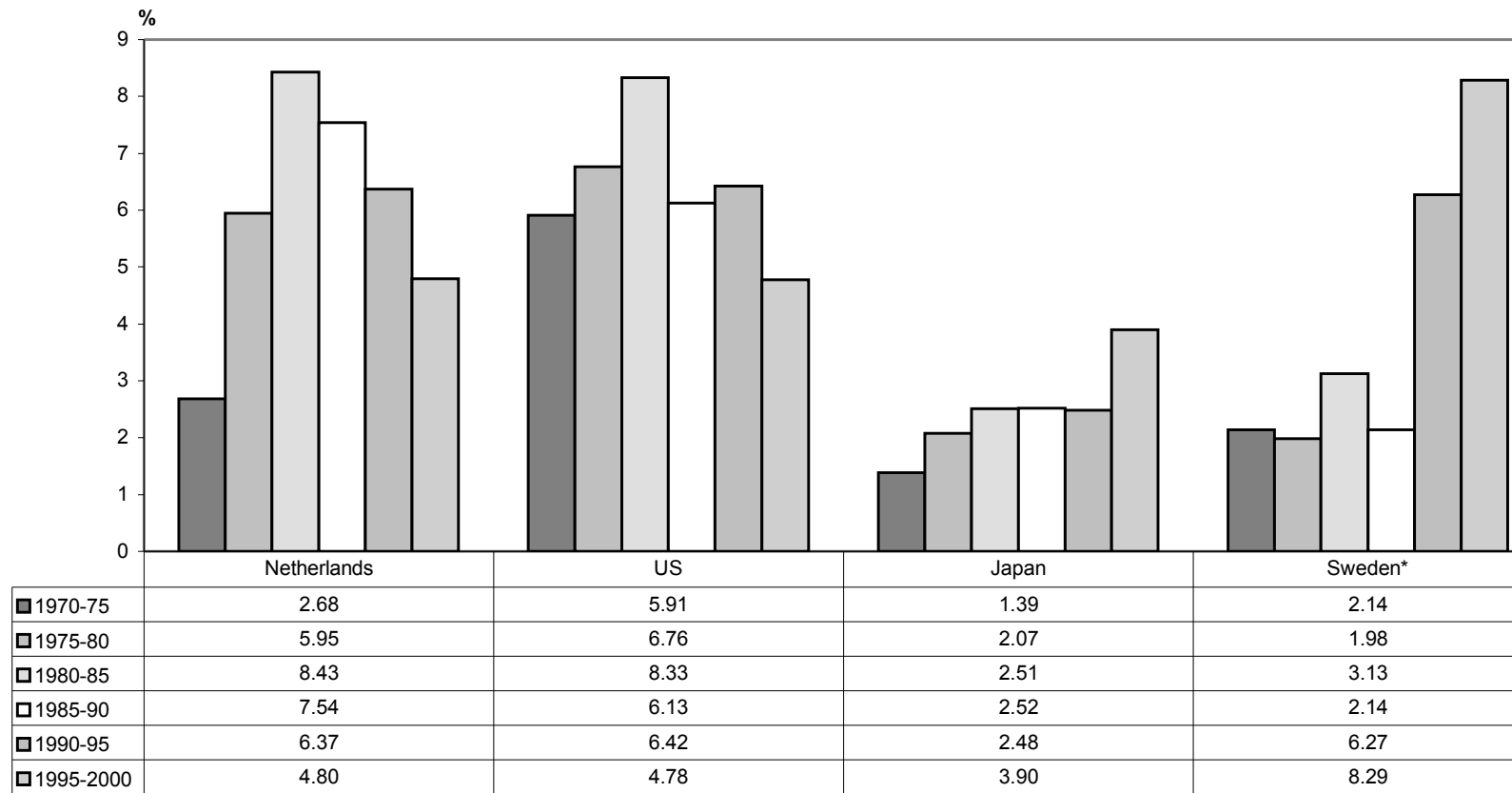


**Figure 5**  
Changes in Post War Price Levels: Annual Averages for Selected Periods (CPI)



Source: All figures reproduced from A. Maddison, p. 134.

**Figure 6**  
Unemployment Rates: Annual Averages for Selected Periods (Standardized Rates\*)

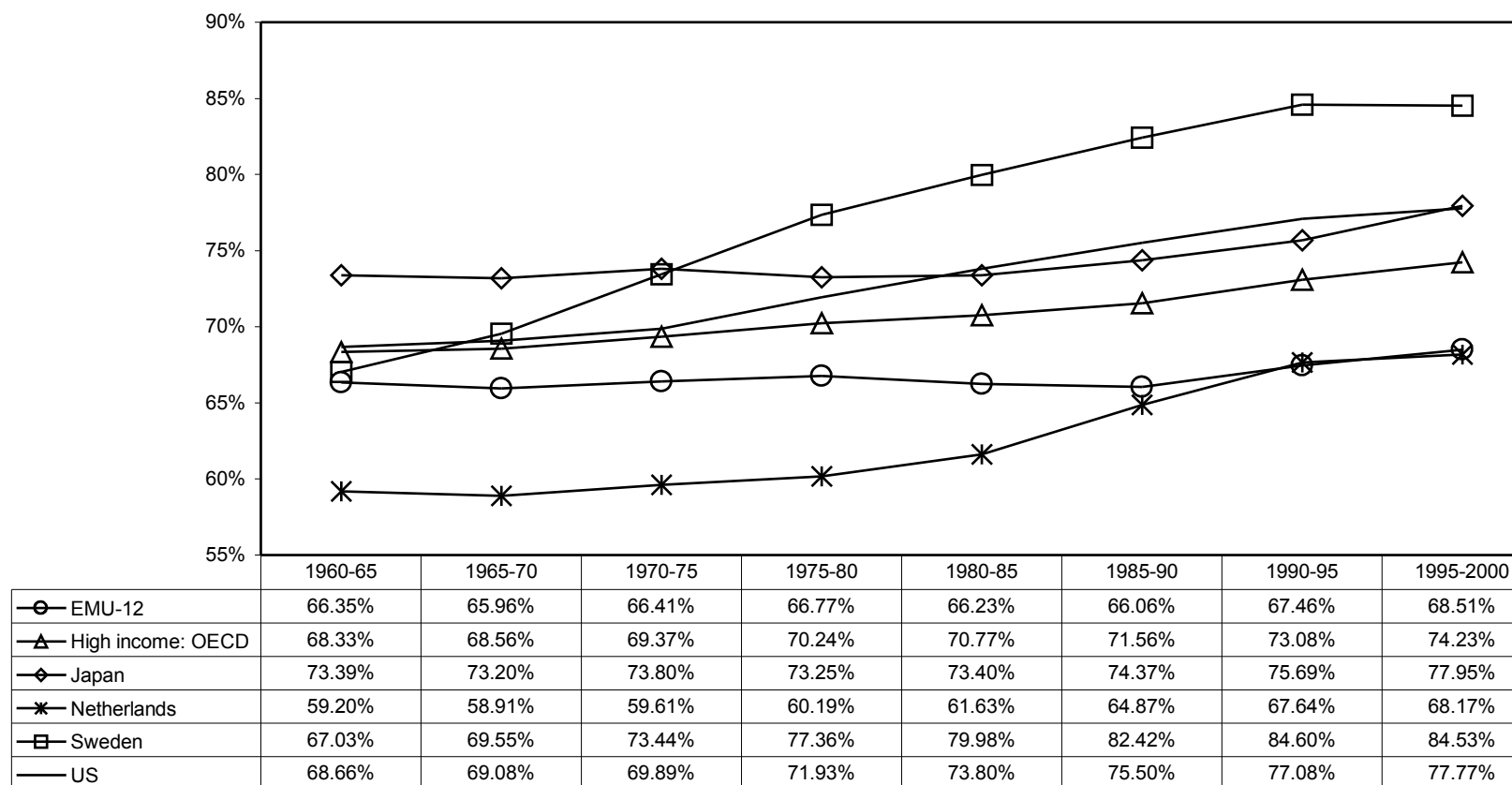


Source: All series are from EUROSTAT. Accessed via DRI-WEFA's Econometric and Forecast Databases, *Webstract*.

Note: Unemployment figures are standardized rates.

\* Unemployment rates for Sweden prior to 1982 are non-standardized rates, and, therefore, are not strictly comparable.

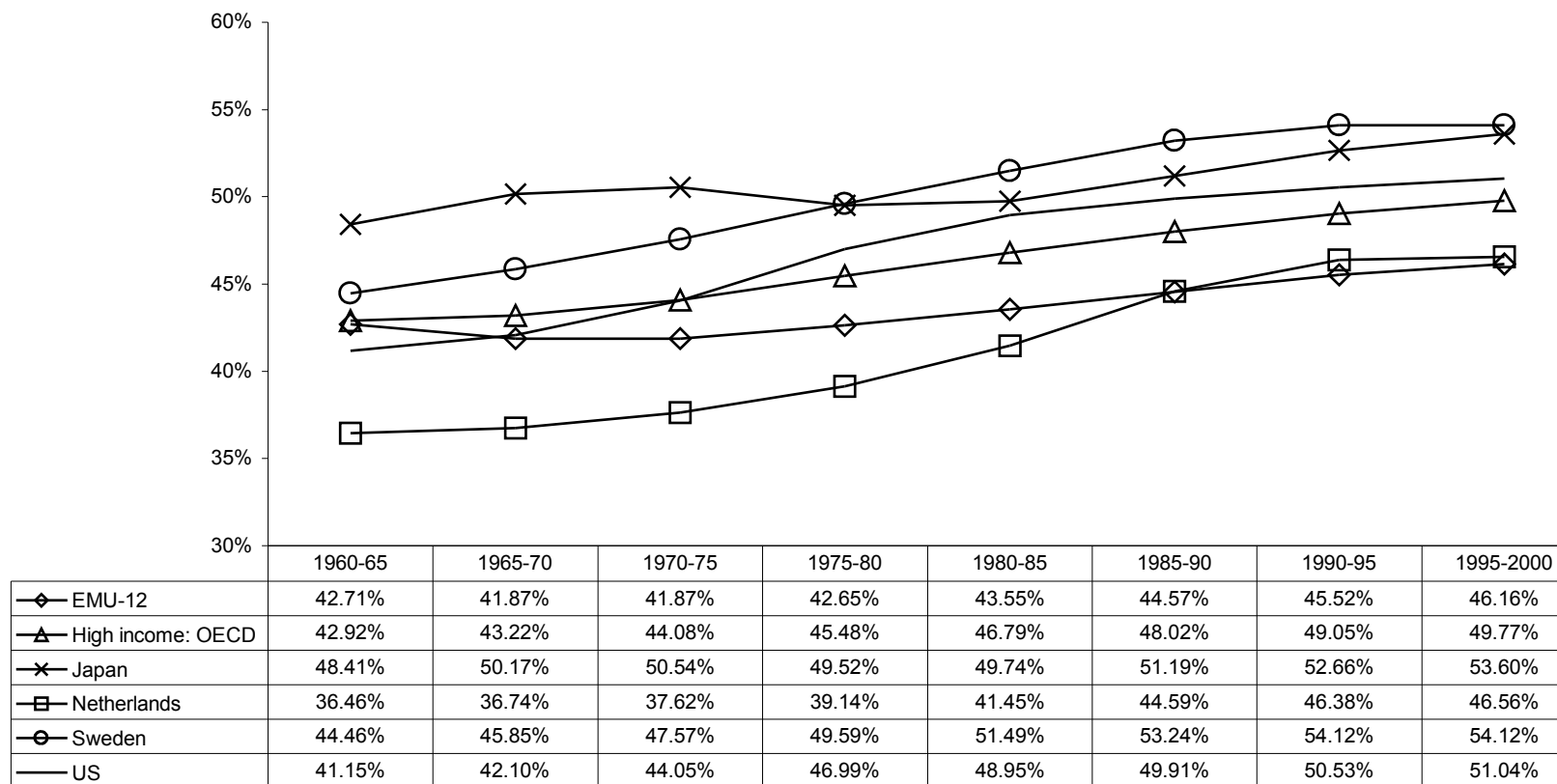
**Figure 7**  
Labour Force Participation Rates: Annual Averages for Selected Periods



Source: World Bank, *World Development Indicators*.

Note: Labour force participation rates calculated as (labour force / population aged 15-64).

**Figure 7A**  
Activity Rates: Annual Averages for Selected Periods

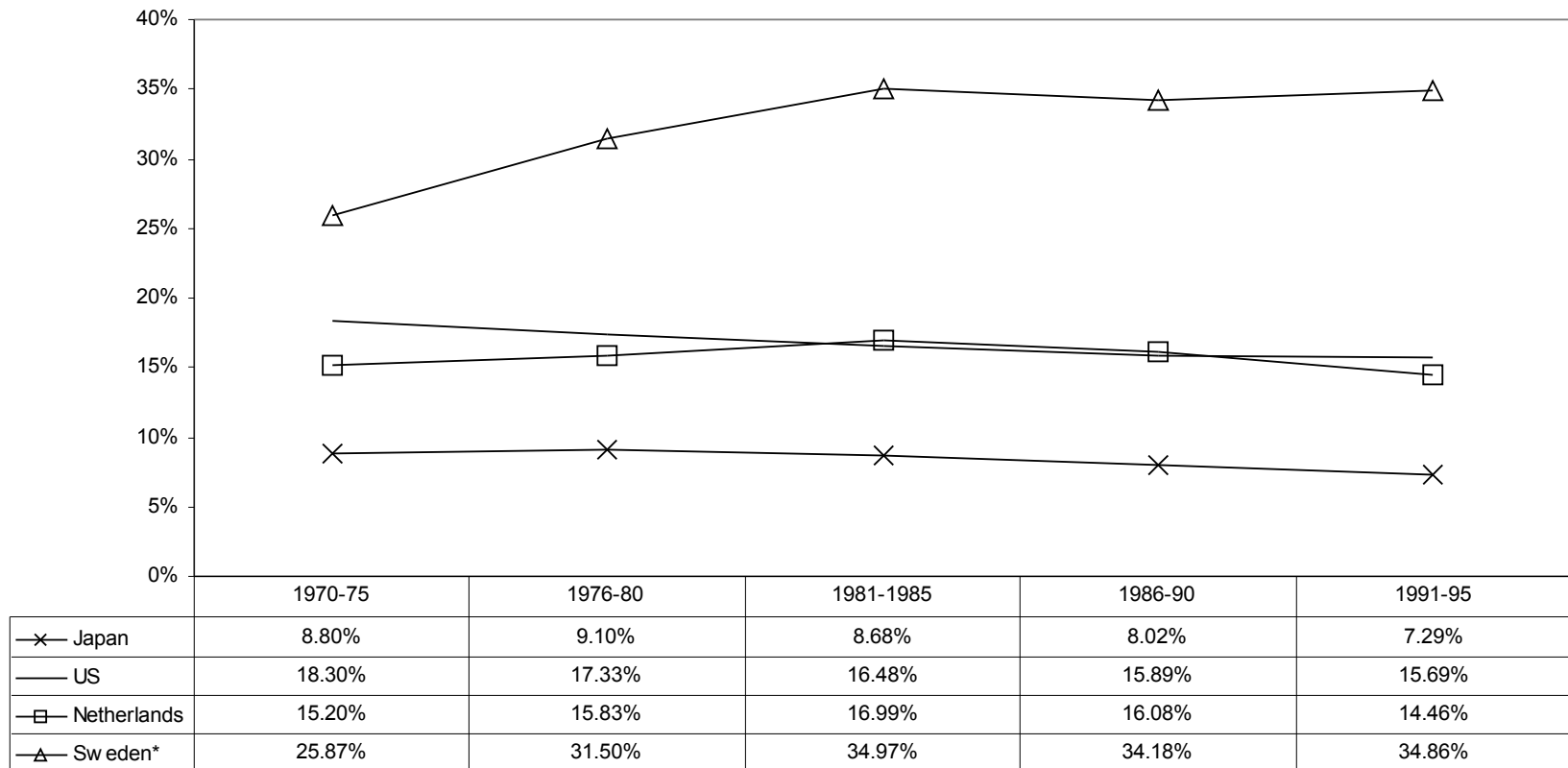


Source: World Bank, *World Development Indicators*.

Note: Activity rates calculated as (labour force / total population).

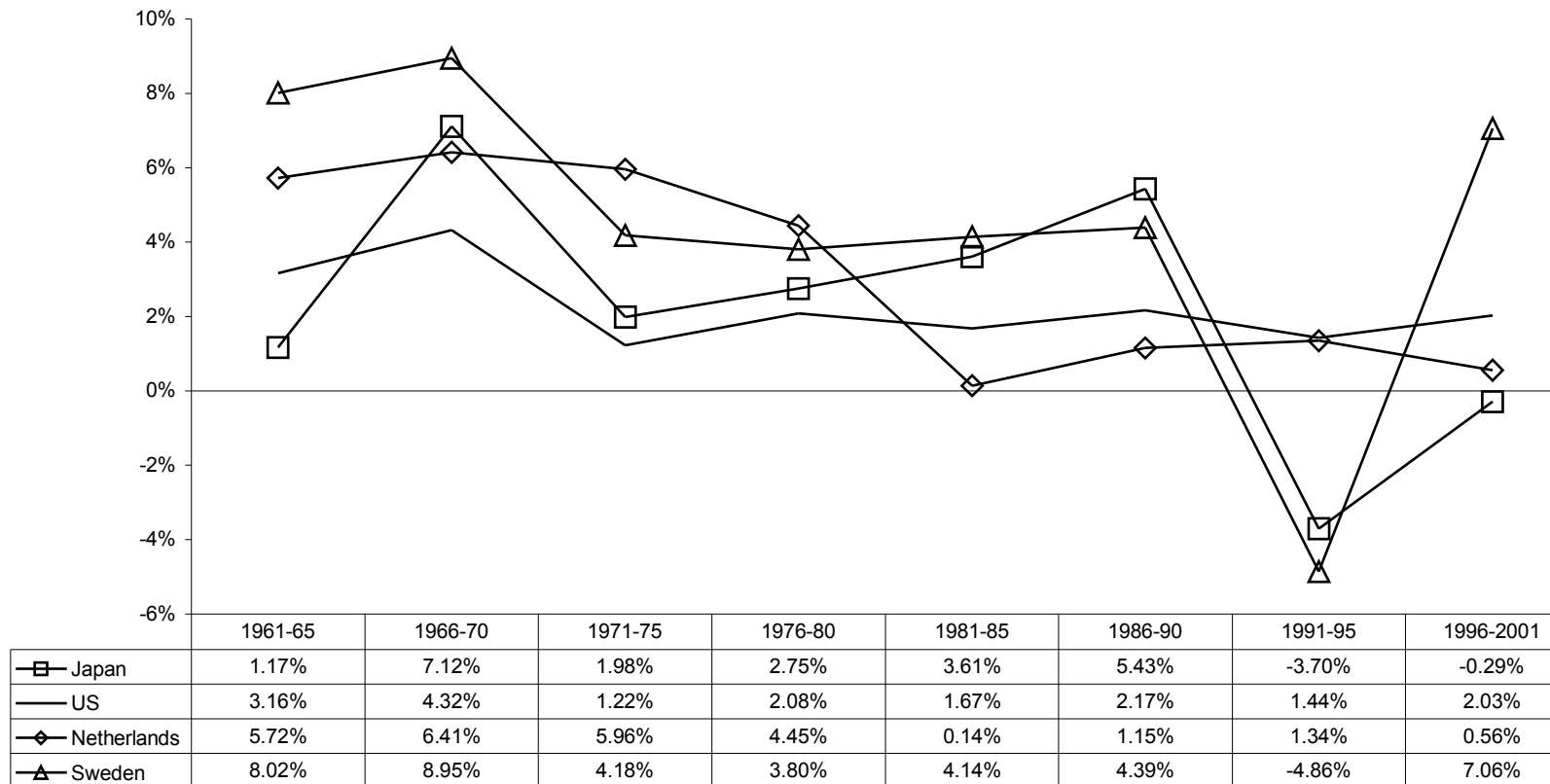
**Figure 8**

Government Employment as Percent of Total Employment: Annual Averages for Selected Periods



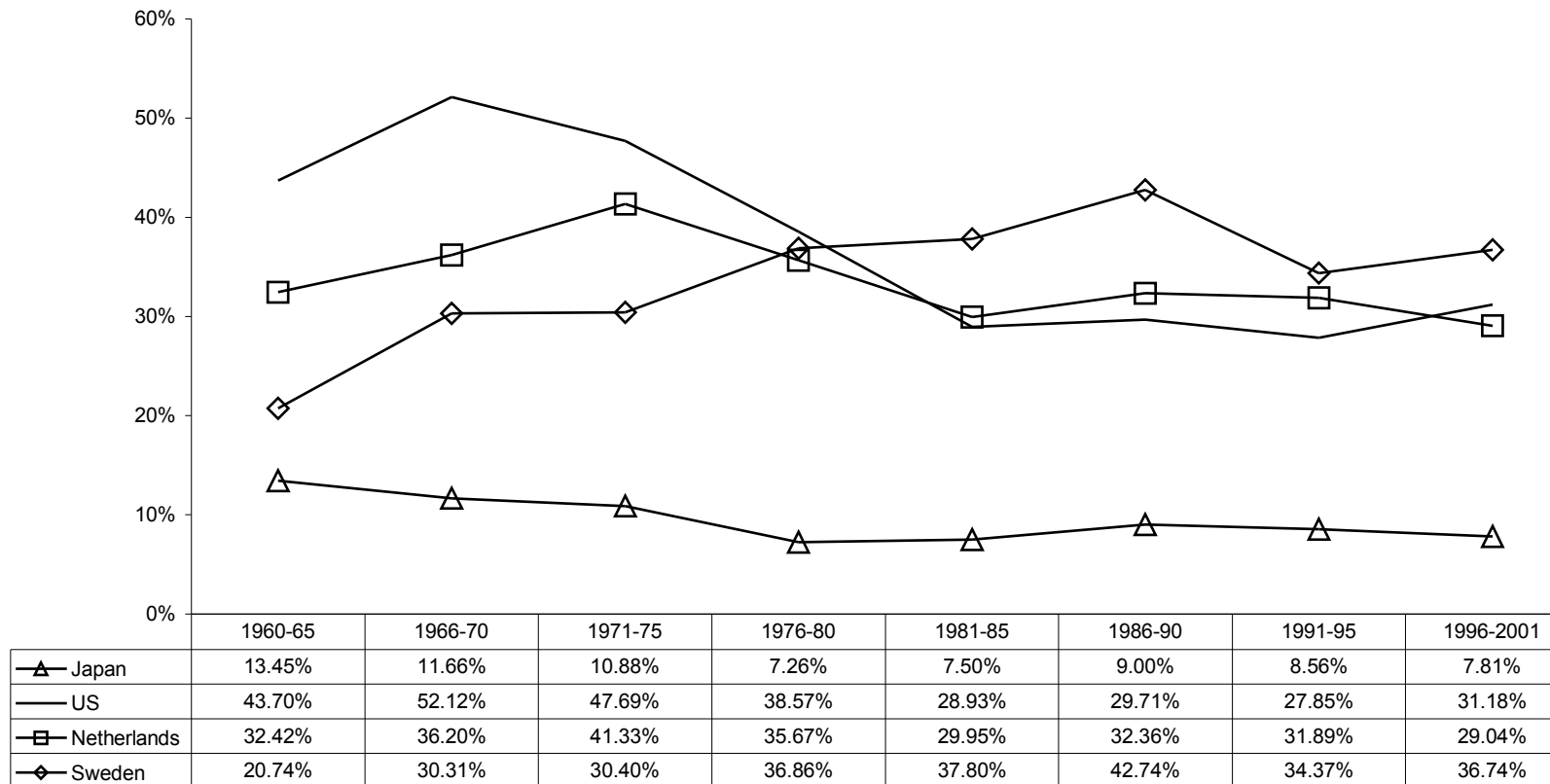
Sources: Government and total employment series data from OECD, *National Income Accounts*. Accessed via DRI-WEFA's Econometric and Forecast Databases, *Webstract*. Government employment data for US taken from Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), *National Economic Data*. Accessed via <http://www.bea.doc.gov/> \*Last period averages for Sweden 1991-94

**Figure 9**  
Government Revenue Per Capita: Average Annual Growth for Selected Periods



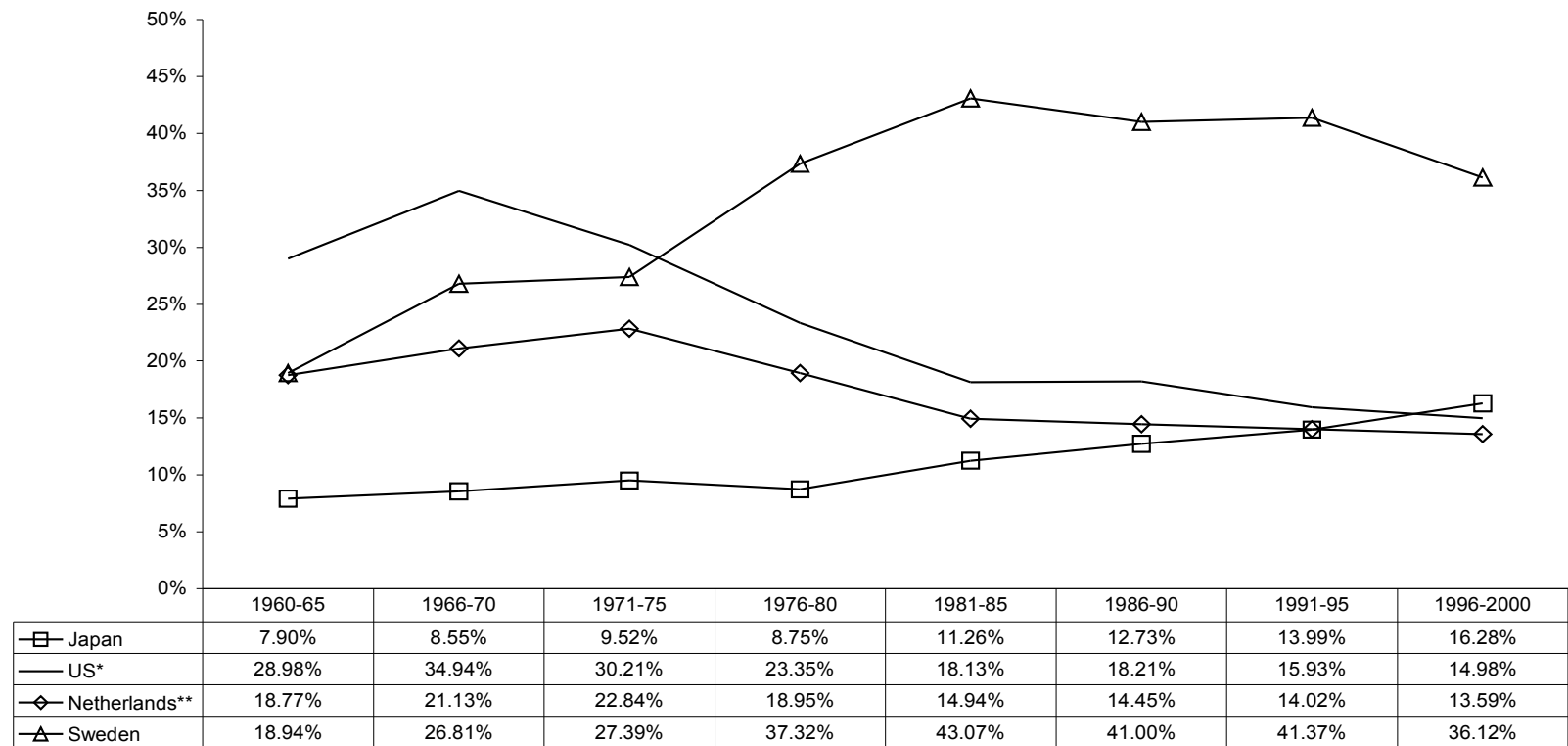
Sources: All calculations based on Revenue and Population data series from International Monetary Fund, *International Financial Statistics*. Accessed via DRI-WEFA's Econometric and Forecast Databases, *Webstrack*. For the 1960-70 period, data for Japan taken from Ministry of Finance Statistics (MITI). Accessed via DRI-WEFA's Econometric and Forecast Databases, *Webstrack*.

**Figure 9A**  
Government Revenue as Percent of GDP: Annual Averages for Selected Periods



Sources: All calculations based on Revenue and GDP data series from International Monetary Fund, *International Financial Statistics*. Accessed via DRI-WEFA's Econometric and Forecast Databases, *Webstrack*. For the 1960-70 period data for Japan taken from Ministry of Finance Statistics (MITI). Accessed via DRI-WEFA's Econometric and Forecast Databases, *Webstrack*.

**Figure 10**  
Government Expenditure as Percent of GDP: Annual Averages for Selected Periods



Sources: Government expenditure data for Sweden, Netherlands and Japan taken from International Monetary Fund, *International Financial Statistics*. Data for US are taken from OECD, *National Income Accounts*. All population figures as from the IMF, *World Development Indicators*.

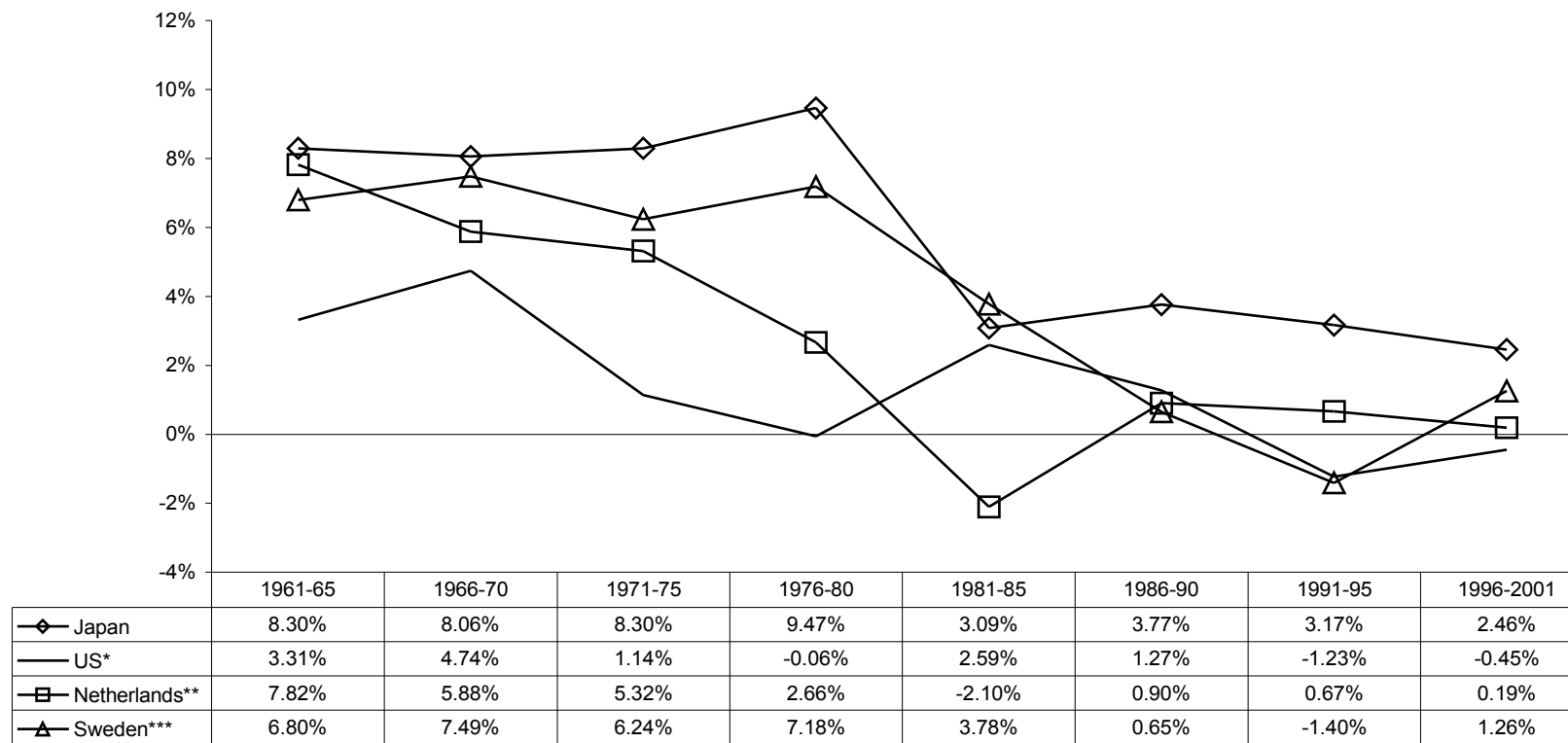
Note: All expenditure data are final consumption figures. Figures for Sweden are central government expenditures; all others are general government expenditures.

\*Averages for the US in the last period 1996 only.

\*\*Averages for the Netherlands calculated for 1996-97 only.



**Figure 10A**  
Government Expenditures Per Capita: Average Annual Growth for Selected Periods



Source: Expenditure data as presented in Figure 10.

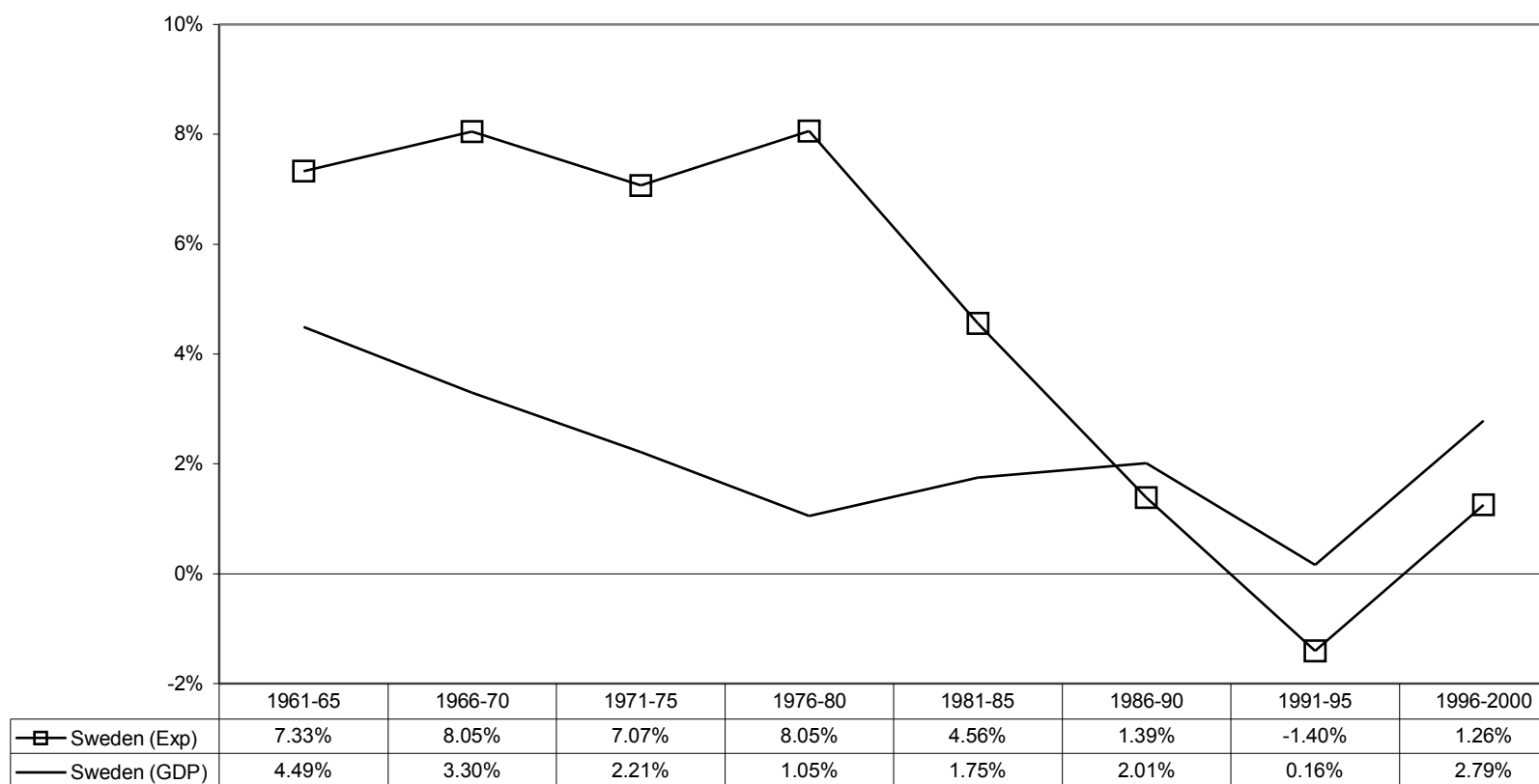
\* Averages for the United States in the last period 1996 only

\*\* Averages for the Netherlands in the last period 1996-97 only.

\*\*\* Averages for Sweden in the last period 1996-2000 only

**Figure 11A**

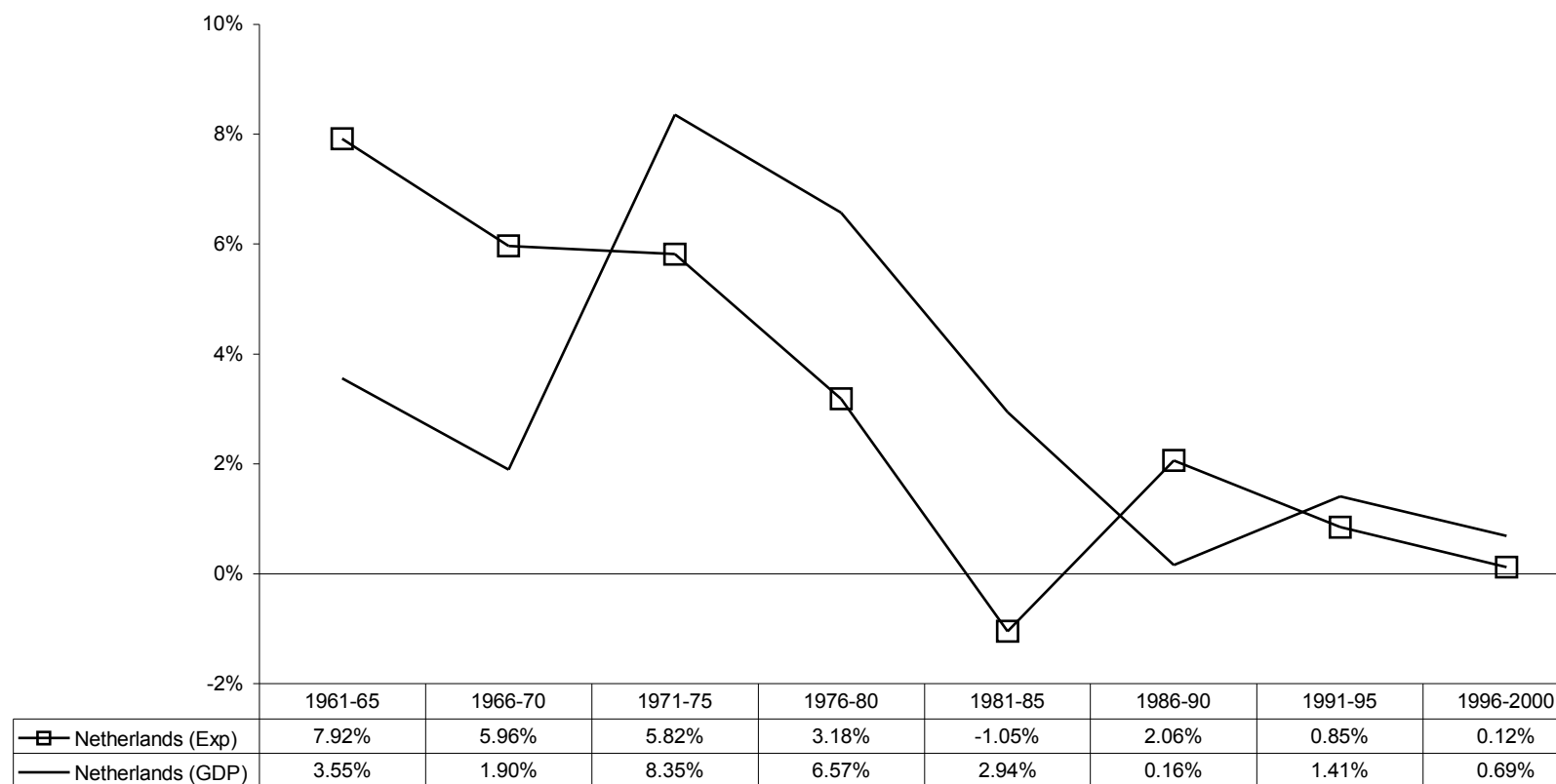
(Sweden) Expenditure Per Dependent and GDP Per Capita: Average Annual Growth for Selected Periods



Sources: Government expenditure data for Sweden taken from International Monetary Fund, *International Financial Statistics*. Dependents are defined as (population – labour force). All labour force and population data from World Bank, *World Development Indicators*.

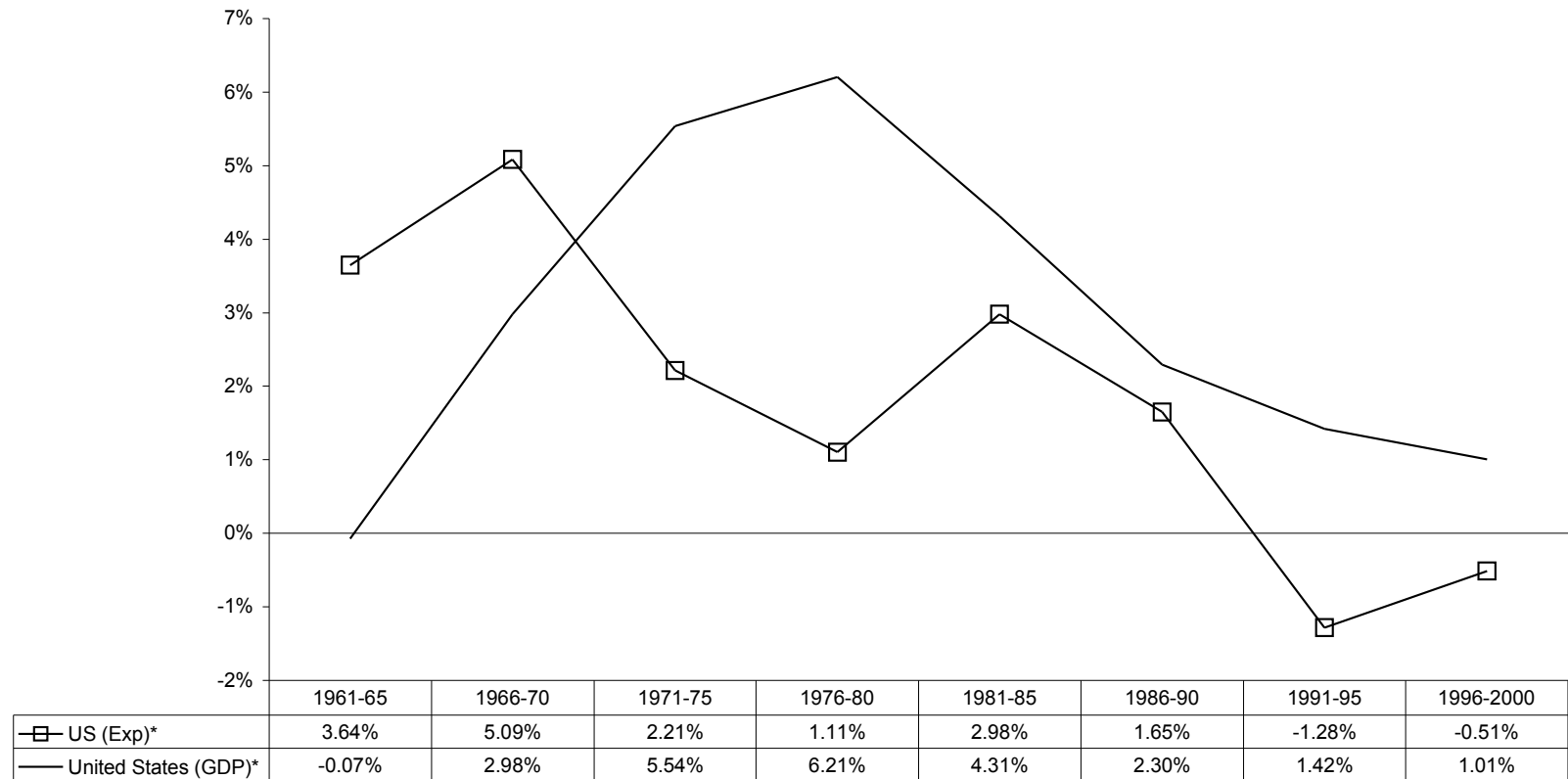
**Figure 11B**

(Netherlands) Expenditure Per Dependent and GDP Per Capita: Annual Average Growth for Selected Periods



Sources: Government expenditure data for Netherlands taken from International Monetary Fund, *International Financial Statistics*. Dependents are defined as (population – labour force). All labour force and population data from World Bank, *World Development Indicators*.  
Note: last period averages 1996-1997.

**Figure 11C**  
 (US) Expenditure Per Dependent and GDP Per Capita: Average Annual Growth for Selected Periods

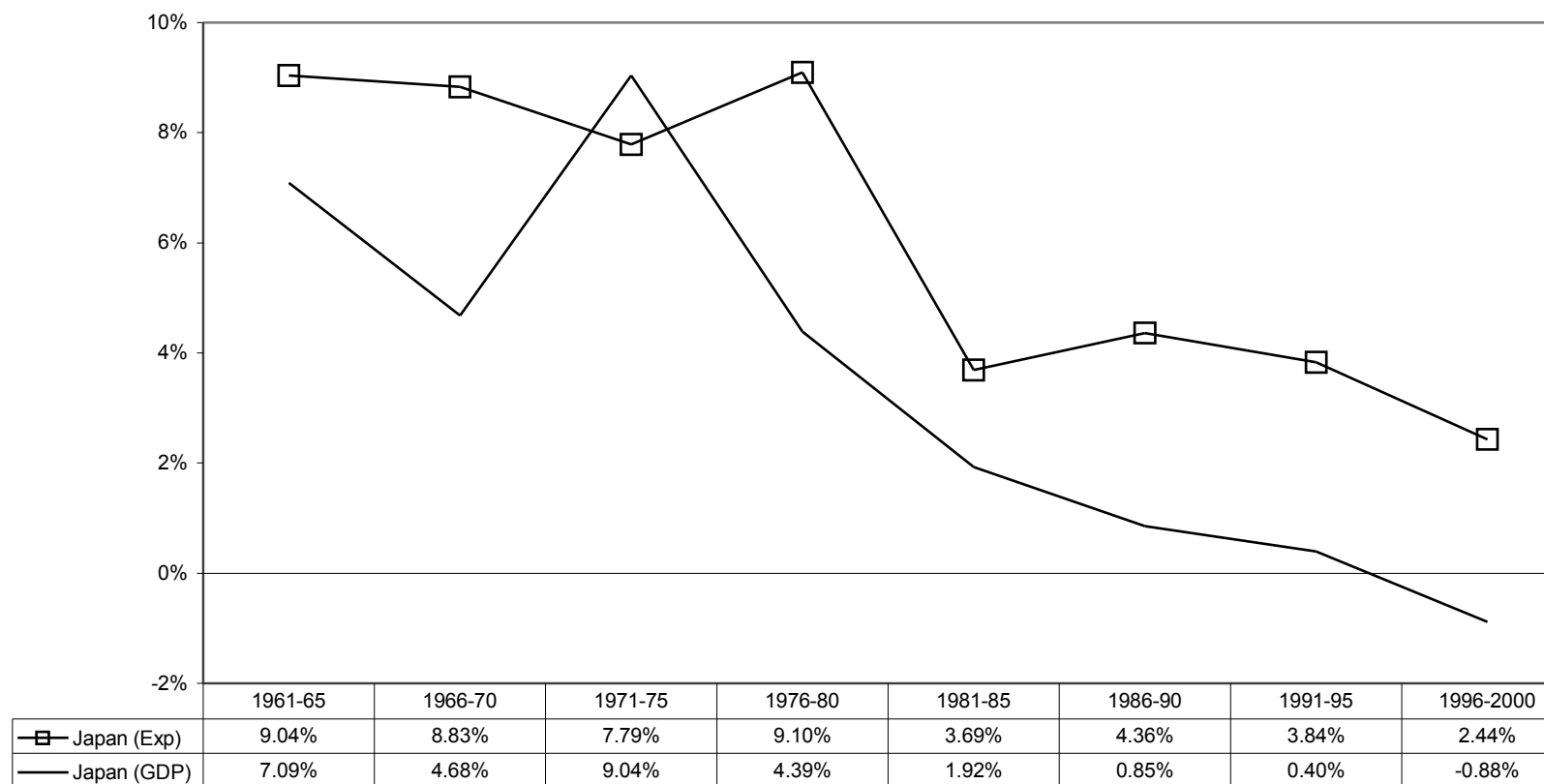


Sources: Government expenditure data taken from the OECD, National Income Accounts. All labour force and population data from World Bank, *World Development Indicators*.

\* Data for the last period 1996 only.

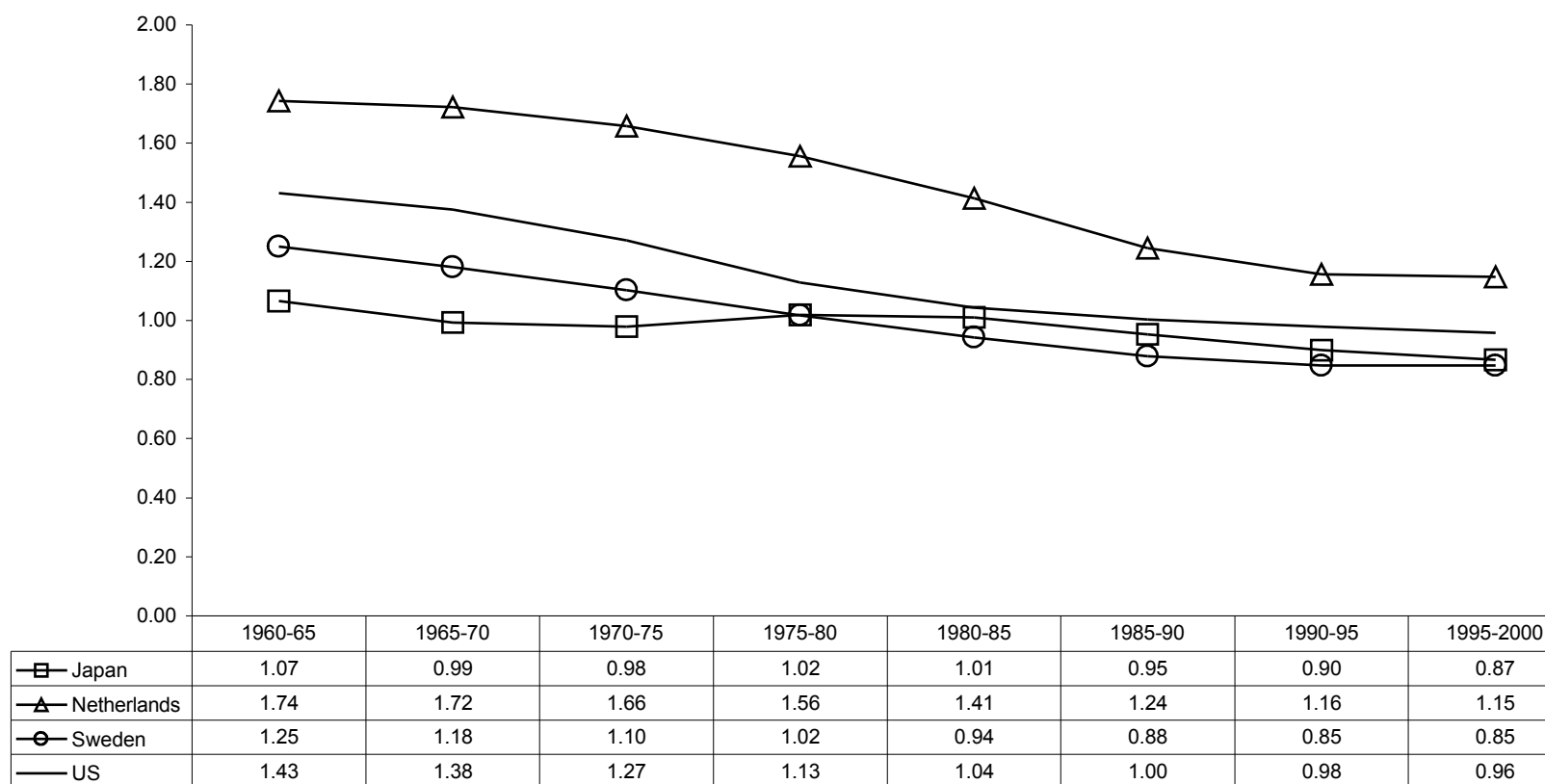
**Figure 11D**

(Japan) Expenditure per Dependent and GDP Per Capita: Average Annual Growth for Selected Periods



Sources: Government expenditure data for Japan taken from International Monetary Fund, *International Financial Statistics*. Dependents are defined as (population – labour force). All labour force and population data from World Bank, *World Development Indicators*.

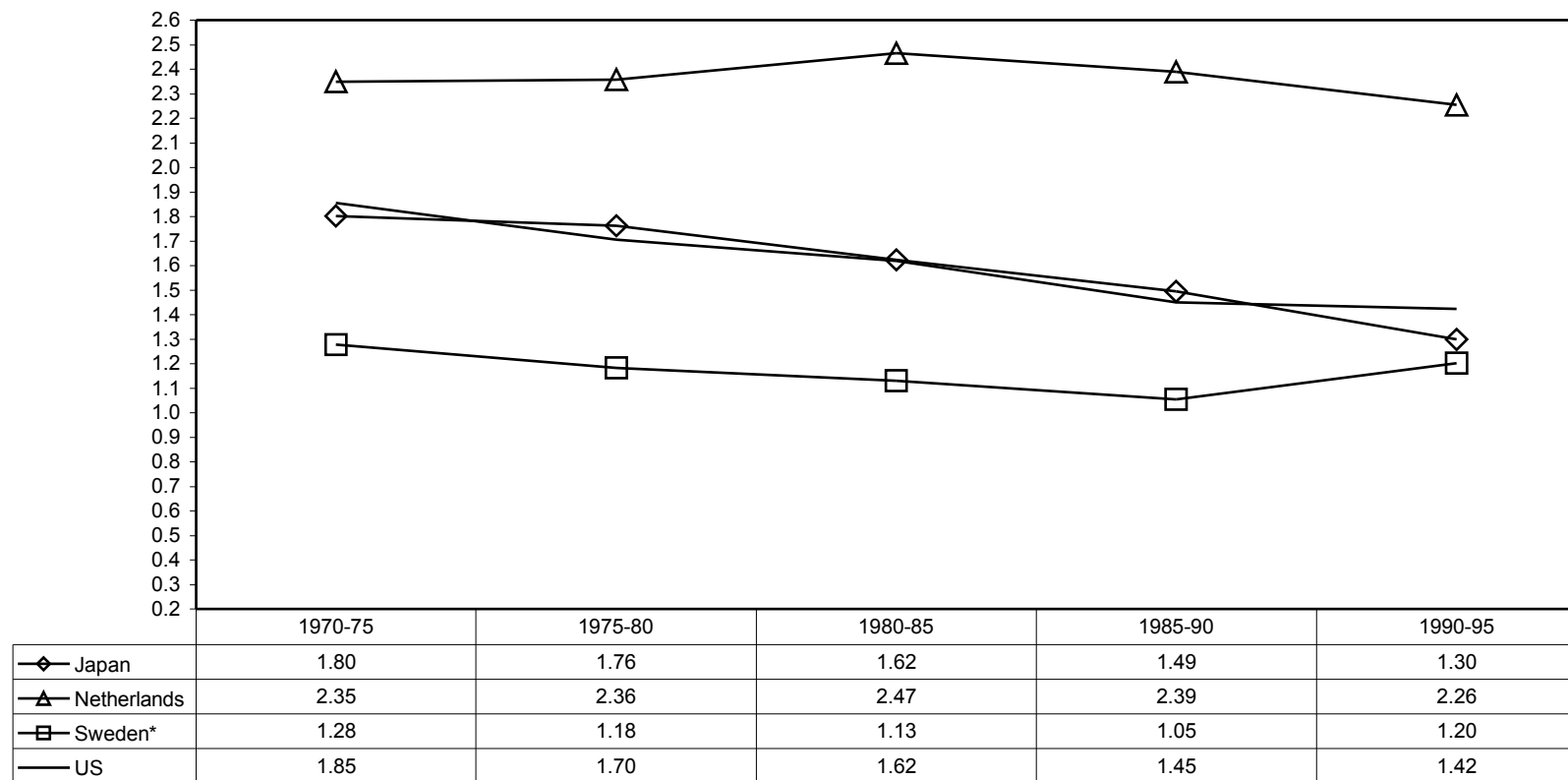
**Figure 12**  
Dependency Ratio: Annual Averages for Selected Periods



Source: All figures from World Bank, *World Development Indicators*.

Note: Dependency defined as (population – labour force). Dependency ratio is (dependents / labour force).

**Figure 12A**  
Alternate Dependency Ratio: Annual Averages for Selected Periods



Source: Employment figures taken from International Monetary Fund, *International Financial Statistics*. Population figures are taken from World Bank, *World Development Indicators*.

Note: Dependents defined as (total population – total employment). Dependency ratio is (dependents / employed).

\* Last period average from 1990-94.

