

Cytek[®] Aurora User's Guide



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FCC Information

WARNING: Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

NOTICE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, can cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his or her own expense.

Shielded cables must be used with this unit to ensure compliance with the Class A FCC limits.

This Class A digital apparatus meets all requirements of the Canadian Interference-Causing Equipment Regulations.

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A respecte toutes les exigences du Réglement sur le matériel brouilleur du Canada.

CDRH Information

Class I laser product.

Regulatory Information

For Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

History

Revision	Date	Change	
52-70001-0A	10/2017	Initial release	
52-70001-0B	1/2018	Added details to safety, acquisition, and unmixing	
52-70001-0C	1/2021	Added Loader, yellow-green laser, keywords, SSC off blue laser, label and lot-specific unmixing, and group-specific unstained controls	
52-70001-0D	3/2019	Added ultraviolet laser	
N9-20006 Rev. A	6/2021	Updated SpectroFlo QC beads lot number, corrected laser bandwidth table, changed user's guide part number	
N9-20006 Rev. B	10/2019	Updated to SpectroFlo v2.2 to include reference control QC (benchmarks), clog and bubble detection	
N9-20006 Rev. C	6/2021	Updated to SpectroFlo v3.0, added information on new loader	
N9-20006 Rev. D	7/2021	Updated steps of some workflows, updated screenshots, and corrected typos.	

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Introduction

About This Guide

This guide provides information on the Aurora flow cytometer, daily workflow, SpectroFlo[®] software features, instrument maintenance, and cytometer specifications. It also includes troubleshooting tips and service information.

Safety

Safety Symbols

The Aurora is intended for research use only; not for diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. The following table lists symbols used throughout this guide.

Symbol	Meaning
	Caution: hazard or unsafe practice that could result in material damage, data loss, minor or severe injury, or death
A	Risk of electric shock
	Biological risk
	Laser radiation

General Safety

- Read all safety instructions completely before using the equipment. Keep the instructions in a safe place.
- Follow all instructions when operating the instrument.
- If the equipment is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the equipment may be impaired.
- Do not place any object on top of the instrument.

- Do not block any ventilation openings.
- Do not place the unit near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves, or other devices (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
- Use only attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.
- Use only with the cart, stand, tripod, bracket, or table specified by the manufacturer or sold with the equipment. When a cart is used, use caution when moving the cart/equipment combination to avoid injury from tipping over.
- Unplug the instrument when it will not be used for long periods of time.
- Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Service is required when the unit has been damaged in any way, such as: if the power-supply cord or plug is damaged, if the unit is dropped, if liquid is spilled onto the unit or objects fall into the unit, if the unit is exposed to rain or moisture, or if the unit does not operate properly.
- Do not expose the instrument to temperatures outside the range of 15°C to 28°C.
- Concentrations of sodium hypochlorite (bleach) higher than 10%, as well as other cleaning agents, can damage the instrument. Use a 10% solution of household bleach to clean, where indicated. A 10% bleach solution is prepared by adding 1 part household bleach to 9 parts deionized water.

NOTE: Household bleach contains 5–7% sodium hypochlorite.

- Before turning on the cytometer, visually inspect all containers. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), including, but not limited to, gloves, eyewear, and lab coat.
- Purge the sheath filter if air bubbles are visible in the sheath filter, or if the plenum or sheath container have run dry.
- Fill the sheath container as needed. Never use tap water as sheath solution. Never use surfactant-based sheath solutions.
- Do not run bleach or detergent through the sheath filter. It is difficult to remove cleaning solutions from the sheath filter.
- Check the cytometer periodically for fluid leaks or crimped lines. If evidence of a leak is detected, contact Cytek Technical Support immediately. Do not attempt to repair the instrument.
- When performing Daily QC, always select the current bead lot number.

Electrical Safety

- Do not place liquids on top of the instrument. Any spill into the ventilation openings could cause electrical shock or damage to the instrument.
- Do not use this equipment near water.



WARNING: To reduce the risk of fire or electric shock, do not expose this apparatus to rain or moisture.

- Use only the power supply cord specified by the manufacturer. The power cord of the unit is
 equipped with a 10A three-prong power plug. Do not remove the ground pin of the power plug
 under any circumstances. Make sure the plug is securely plugged into the power outlet to
 prevent fire. If the power supply cord needs to be replaced, the cross section area of the
 conductor should be at least 16 AWG. This is to prevent electric fire or shock.
- Use only the fuse specified by the manufacturer. The fuse is 250 VAC, 5 A, size 5 x 20 mm.

• Protect the power cord from being tread upon or pinched, particularly at the plug and the point where it emerges from the equipment. Be sure that the power outlet is located near the equipment so that it is easily accessible.

Biological Safety

- Empty the waste container when filling the sheath container or as needed to prevent leakage or system damage. Take care to avoid damaging the fluid level sensor in the waste tank.
- Follow local, state, and national regulations when disposing of waste.
- Biological samples are potentially dangerous and/or life threatening. Adhere to proper handling procedures for samples and reagents. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE), including gloves, eyewear, and lab coat.
- Any instrument surface in contact with biological specimens can transmit potentially fatal disease. Use universal precautions when cleaning the instrument or replacing parts.

Laser Safety

The Aurora is a Class 1 Laser Product and complies with the US FDA Center for Devices and Radiological Health 21 CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 except for deviations pursuant to Laser Notice No. 50, dated June 24, 2007. No laser radiation is accessible to the user during normal instrument operation.

The lasers are fully contained within the instrument and do not require any special work area safety except when service procedures are being performed. These procedures are performed only by Cytek service personnel.



CAUTION: Modification or removal of the optics covers or laser shielding could result in exposure to hazardous laser radiation. To prevent damage to skin and eyes, do not remove the optics covers or laser shielding, or attempt to service the instrument where laser warning labels are attached.

Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified in this user's guide may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

To prevent exposure to laser radiation:

- Do not defeat any safety interlocks on the instrument.
- Do not use controls, make adjustments, or perform procedures other than those specified in this user's guide.
- Do not attempt to perform service procedures on the lasers.

Technical Support

For instrument support within the US, call 1-877-92-CYTEK (1-877-922-9835). Outside the US, call 1-510-657-0102. In Europe, call +31207653440. Email Cytek at technicalsupport@cytekbio.com. Visit our website, www.cytekbio.com, for up-to-date contact information.

When contacting Cytek, have the following information available:

- Serial number
- Any error messages
- Details or screen shots of recent system performance
- SpectroFlo software version and system firmware version, located in the Help module

Overview

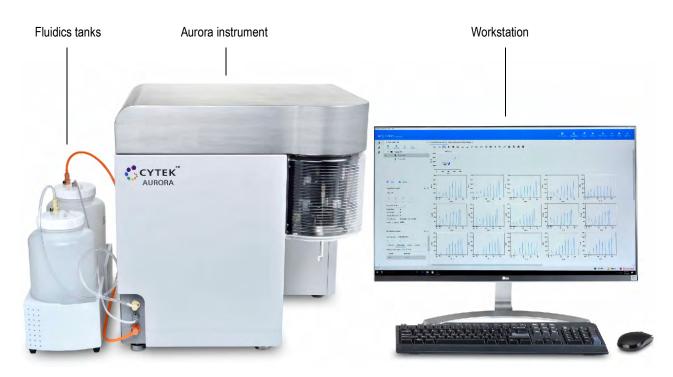
Aurora System

The Aurora system consists of the Aurora flow cytometer and a computer workstation running SpectroFlo software for sample acquisition and data analysis. The system is intended to be used for analyzing cells in the fields of immunology, biochemistry, biology, oncology, hematology, virology, and pathology research.

The cytometer is an air-cooled, compact benchtop instrument. It is equipped with up to five lasers, 64 detection channels for fluorescence, and three channels for scatter (blue laser FSC, blue laser SSC, and violet laser SSC). Sheath and waste fluids are contained in either 4-L tanks, included with the system, or 20-L cubitainers. Software indicators notify you when the sheath is getting low or the waste is getting full. The fluidics system includes a plenum for storing sheath, allowing you to fill the sheath tank during operation.

Optional high-throughput sample Loaders are available to automate sample delivery and acquisition. The loaders are compatible with 96-well plates. The new Automated Sample Loader (ASL) offers added compatibility for 96-well deep-well plates and 40-tube racks. See the "Loader" chapter for more information.

The workstation is a dedicated USB-compatible PC with monitor, keyboard, and mouse. It runs Microsoft® Windows® 10 Pro with a 64-bit operating system, which is required for SpectroFlo software.

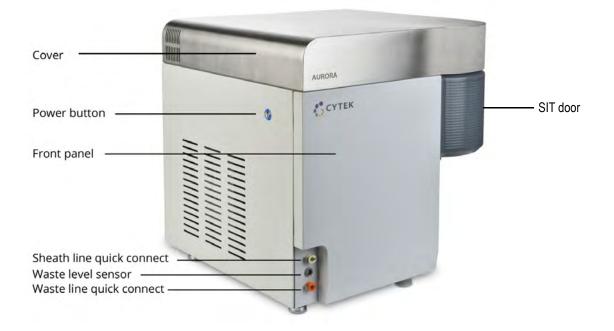


Cytometer Overview

Solid-state lasers transmit light through a flow cell where particles in suspension are focused single file for interrogation by the laser. Proprietary, high-sensitivity, semiconductor detector APD arrays are equipped with up to 16 channels per laser to capture the emission spectra of dyes that emit in the 365 to 829 nm wavelength range. The resulting fluorescence and scatter signals are then collected and converted into electronic signals. On-board electronics convert these signals into digital data that can be acquired and recorded on the workstation.

The cytometer power button is located on the left side panel in the upper right area. When the cytometer is powered on, the power button is illuminated.

The front panel opens on hinges to the left to reveal the fluidics system. The SIT door to the right of the front panel opens to reveal the sample injection tube (SIT) assembly. The top cover opens to reveal the optics plate.



Front of Cytometer



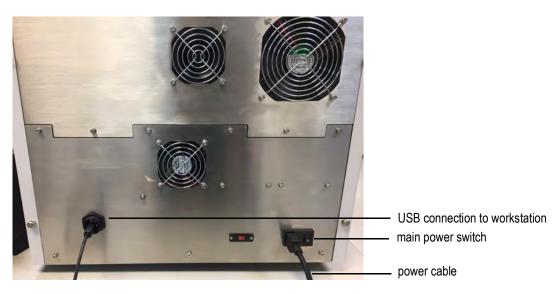
Do not place any object on top of the instrument.



Do not place liquids on top of the instrument. Fluid leaking into the cytometer could cause electrical shock or damage to the instrument.

Back of Cytometer

Allow 20.0 cm (8 in) between the back of the cytometer and the wall for proper ventilation without an air duct. Allow 10.0 cm (4 in) with an air duct.

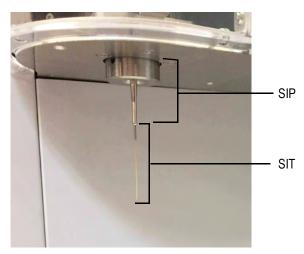


Fluidics System

Sample Injection Port and Sample Injection Tube

Sample, contained in a standard 12 x 75-mm tube, enters the cytometer through the sample injection tube (SIT) that is contained within the sample injection port (SIP). The 12 x 75-mm sample tube snaps into place under the SIP requiring no additional tube retention support. The SIT extends from the SIP during acquisition and retracts when the cytometer is not acquiring.

When using the optional Loader, a 96-well plate, 96-well deep-well plate, or 40-tube rack can be used for sample delivery in place of individual 12 x 75-mm sample tubes. See the Loader chapter starting on page 109 for more information.



Fluid Containers

The Aurora draws sheath solution directly from a 20-L sheath cubitainer or the 4-L sheath tank provided by Cytek. It expels waste into an empty 20-L cubitainer or the 4-L waste tank provided by Cytek.

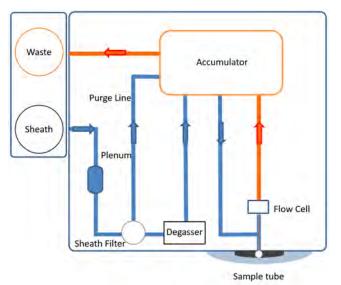
The fluidics tanks are contained in a holding reservoir located on the left side of the cytometer. The 4-L tank with the transparent fluidic line is for sheath solution. The 4-L tank with the orange fluidic line is for waste.



Fluid Flow

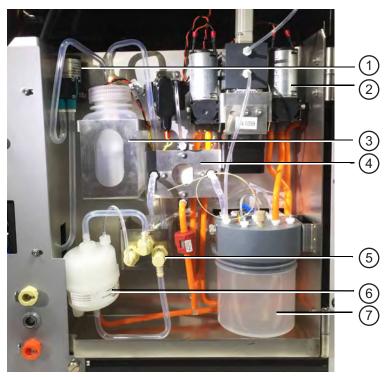
The Aurora fluidics are driven by vacuum. An accumulator vessel is the source of vacuum for the system. Sheath solution is drawn into and stored in the sheath plenum before passing through a sheath filter, where debris and contaminants are removed. Before reaching the flow cell, the sheath stream passes through a degasser, which removes air bubbles. After passing the laser interrogation point, the combination of sheath solution and sample travels to the waste container.

Sheath and waste fluid levels are monitored by sensors. The waste level sensor is located underneath the waste tank cap. The sheath level sensor is located underneath the sheath plenum cap. Both sensors are monitored by the software.



Fluidics Components

The following figure shows the fluidics components.



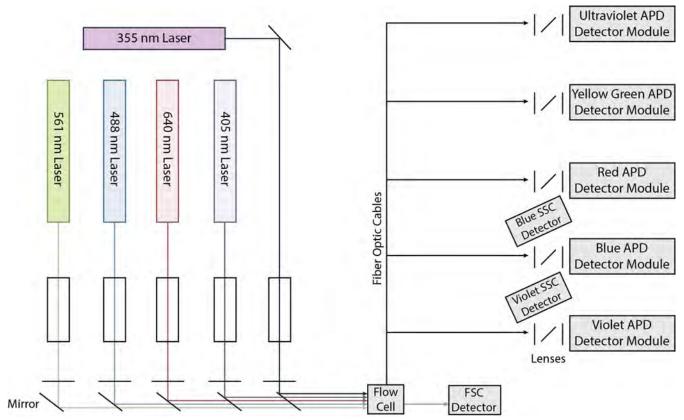
The following table describes the fluidics components.

No.	Component Description	
1	Plenum pump	Pulls sheath from the sheath tank to fill the plenum
2	Vacuum pump	Maintains the vacuum in the accumulator
3	Plenum	Storage vessel for sheath fluid before it flows to the sheath filter
4	Degasser	Removes air bubbles from the sheath fluid
5	Sheath filter quick connects (x3)	Sheath filter fluid input, fluid output, and vent line quick-connects
6	Sheath filter	Filters debris and particles from the sheath fluid
7	Accumulator	Vacuum source for the fluidics system

Optics

Unlike conventional flow cytometers that direct specific bandwidths of fluorescence light into discrete detectors or photomultiplier tubes (PMTs), the Aurora uses a solid-state, multi-channel, narrow-beam detector array for each laser. Each array can be configured with up to 16 detectors that are used to capture a part of the emission spectrum from each particle passing through the laser beam. The detector channels from up to five lasers are used to capture the entire emission spectra from each fluorescent-labeled particle. Spectral deconvolution (unmixing) algorithms calculate the contribution of the known individual fluorophore's spectra to the total collected signal.

For excitation, a proprietary flat-top laser design enables a constant power distribution across the width of the sample core stream.



Optical configurations are as follows:

Laser	Excitation	Channels for detection	Detector names
Ultraviolet	355 nm	16	UV1-UV16
Violet	405 nm	16	V1-V16
Blue	488 nm	14	B1-B14
Yellow-Green	561 nm	10	YG1-YG10
Red	640 nm	8	R1-R8

NOTE: Different laser configurations are available. Yellow-Green and Ultraviolet lasers are not available on the Northern Lights cytometers.

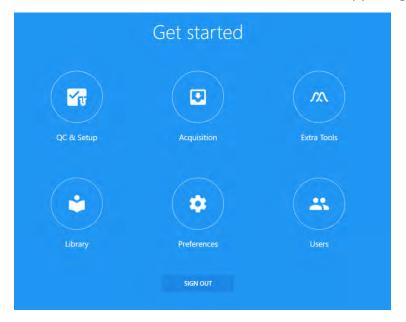
The wavelengths detected by each detector (channel) increase across the array. See the table on page 75 for details.

Software Overview

SpectroFlo software allows you to acquire and analyze samples and adjust instrument settings. Once you log into the software, a Get started menu appears.

Get Started Menu

The Get started menu provides six modules that allow you to perform various functions. These same six modules are also accessible across the upper-right corner of each module screen.



The following table describes options in the Get started menu.

Module	Description
QC & Setup	Daily QC ensures that the instrument is in optimal condition for use. Run SpectroFlo QC Beads daily to assess system performance and to adjust settings to account for day-to-day variation. Levey-Jennings reports keep track of trends in system performance. Setup allows you to create reference controls. See "QC & Setup" on page 29 for information.
Acquisition	The Acquisition module allows you to create experiments to acquire and analyze data. Experiments can be created through a guided wizard or created from previously saved templates. See "Acquisition" on page 43 for information.
Extra Tools	Here FCS files can either be unmixed or compensated using virtual filters. This is where you can Remove FCS parameters such as Area, Height, and Width as well. See "Unmixing and Compensation" on page 61 for information.
Library	The library allows you to store experiment templates, worksheet templates, user settings, fluorescent tags, SpectroFlo QC bead information, label information, keywords, and Loader settings. See "Library" on page 79 for information.
Preferences	Software preferences can be changed to customize the software. Default plot sizes, fonts, gate colors, print layouts, statistics box table option, and more can all be changed in the Preferences. See "Preferences" on page 87 for information.

Module	Description
Users	The Users module contains user management options and administrative controls. See "Users" on page 101 for information.

About Experiments

The Acquisition module provides the tools necessary to acquire data, such as the acquisition controls used to start, stop, and record data, and the instrument controls used to set the threshold and adjust the detector gains. See "Experiment Display" on page 44 for more information on these controls. Experiments contain the fluorescent tags and labels used in the experiment, the stopping criteria, and the groups of tubes/wells run, which can include the reference control group. You can create groups for your samples, if you wish, to conveniently organize samples by type or staining panels, for example.

Opening an Experiment

When you click Acquisition from the Get started menu, the Acquisition Experiment menu (below) is displayed, allowing you to open a default or template experiment, create a new experiment, or import an experiment. A wizard walks you through the steps to create a new experiment.

■ NOTE: By default the Acquisition menu in the left pane is collapsed, showing only the icons for Experiment, Worksheet, Cytometer, and Plate Calibration. To expand the menu to show the labels, click the arrows (>>) at the bottom of the pane. The red boxes in the figure illustrate the expanded view and what you see if you are a User or an Administrator.

User			Administrator		
Ac	quisition _{Expe}	riment	Ac	quisition _{Experi}	nent
٥	Experiment	Select an experiment	8	Experiment	Select an experiment
.0	Worksheet	Default	.9	Worksheet	Default
•u	Cytometer	(+) New	С. U	Cytometer	New
		Template	L.	Plate Calibration	Template
		🛨 Import	0.00		👲 Import
		My Experiments			My Experiments

Experiments can be created using several different methods. The following table describes the options in the Acquisition Experiment menu:

Method	Description
Default	Opens a new experiment with one group containing one tube and a set of labels and fluorescent tags in a default experiment worksheet template. The default experiment is user configurable. It is the quickest way to begin sample acquisition.
New	Opens the New Experiment Wizard to guide you through creating an experiment.
Template	Allows you to select from a list of saved experiment templates (see page 19).

Method	Description
Import	Imports an experiment ZIP file that was exported.
My Experiments	Allows you to select from a list of saved experiments. NOTE: Original experiments can be duplicated without data, which is equivalent to opening an experiment template. Right-click an experiment in My Experiments and select Duplicate (with or without data). You can also choose Duplicate with Reference group data.

Completed experiments can be accessed through the My Experiments option in the Acquisition Experiment menu. Use the column headers to sort the list of experiments. For every tube recorded, two FCS files are saved, one raw and one unmixed. Use My Experiments to open experiments you already ran, as you may want to review the data or acquire more samples. You can also export experiments from My Experiments (below). A ZIP file is exported, containing all the raw data files, if applicable (and unmixed files for unmixed experiments), as well as the worksheet templates and experiment template.

My Experiments			
Import Experiment	IF Created By	1= Date Created	↑ Date Modified
> Experiment_005	Admin	August 08, 2018 - 17:00 PM	August 08, 2018 - 17
> Experiment_004	Admin	August 08, 2018 - 14:47 PM	August 08, 2018 - 14
> Experiment 003	Admin	August 08, 2018 - 13:31 PM	August 08, 2018 - 13

FCS Files

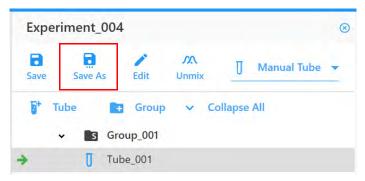
FCS files generated from an experiment are stored in the Export folder by default, or the folder you set as the default. See "Storage Preferences" on page 97 for information. Experiments can contain the following types of FCS data files for each tube run:

- raw data files only (for samples that were acquired in an experiment)
- raw data files + unmixed data files (for samples that were acquired and unmixed live during acquisition)
- unmixed data files only (for samples that were unmixed post acquisition)

Experiment Templates

Use the Save As option above the experiment's tube/group (hierarchy) list to save the current experiment as a template, which can then be used for running similar experiments. Experiment templates include fluorescent tags used in the experiment, reference controls, groups/tubes, labels, worksheets, and stopping criteria. Templates are saved in the library. To open and use a

template, select Template from the Acquisition Experiment menu. See "Experiment Templates" on page 85 for more information on experiment templates.



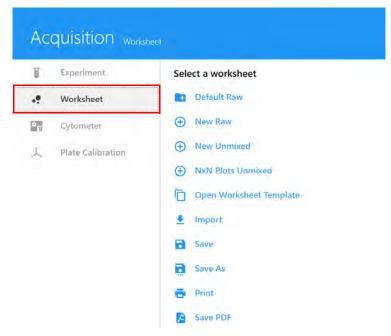
About Worksheets

Worksheets are used to visualize the data in the experiment. Each experiment requires at least one worksheet. A worksheet allows you to view the data in plots during acquisition, as well as perform analysis functions. Worksheets contain the tools necessary to create plots, gates, annotations, statistics, and the population hierarchy. Worksheets are saved with the experiment and can be saved separately and reused across experiments.

Two types of worksheets are available—worksheets for raw data and worksheets for unmixed data. You must select the appropriate worksheet to view the corresponding type of data. When viewing raw data, the parameters on the plots in a raw worksheet reflect the channel names, for example, B1-A, R1-A, V1-A. When viewing unmixed data, the parameters on the plots in an unmixed worksheet reflect the fluorescent tags, for example, PerCP-A.

Opening a Worksheet

To select a worksheet, click Worksheet in the Acquisition menu. The Select a worksheet menu appears (below). You can open a new raw or new unmixed worksheet. These worksheets open with a single FSC vs SSC plot. Use the worksheet tool bar to add plots and other elements. All worksheets are saved as template files (WTML) and can be opened using the Open Worksheet Template option. You can also import worksheets that were exported, as well as save, print, and save a PDF.

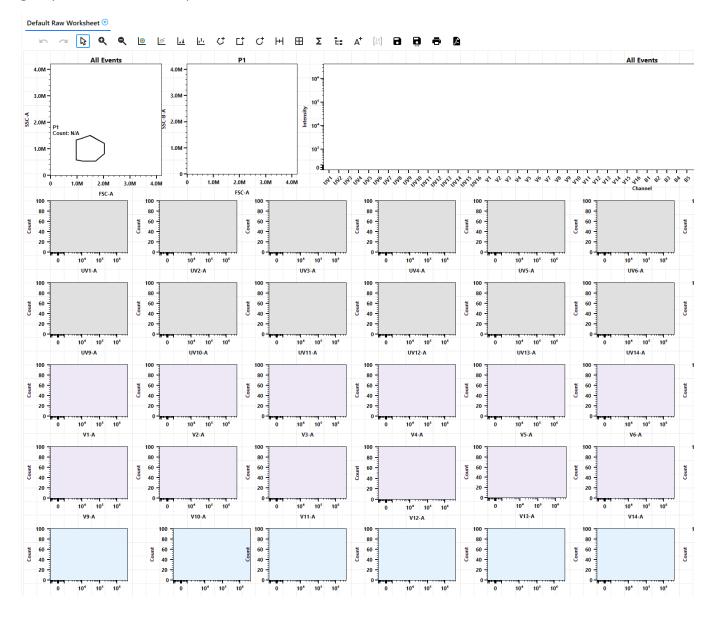


The following table describes the options in the Acquisition Worksheet menu:

Method	Description
Default Raw	Opens a default raw worksheet that can be used for experiments where reference controls will be acquired. Do not overwrite this worksheet. Always use Save As to save this worksheet with a new name.
New Raw	Opens a new raw worksheet.
New Unmixed	Opens a new unmixed worksheet.

Method	Description
NxN Plots Unmixed	Uses the fluorescent tags selected when setting up the experiment to create a worksheet with multiple plots, displaying each fluorescent parameter against each other. This worksheet allows you to check for potential unmixing errors and correct as needed.
Open Worksheet Template	Allows you to select from a list of saved worksheet templates. A default raw and default unmixed worksheet are provided.
Import	Imports a worksheet template that was exported.
Save, Save As, Print, Save PDF	Saves the worksheet, saves the worksheet with a new name, prints the worksheet, saves a PDF of the worksheet.

You can have multiple worksheets open at a time. The currently displayed worksheet appears with a blue line under the worksheet name. Because you can select different worksheets for different groups or tubes in an experiment, each tube will have a worksheet associated with it.



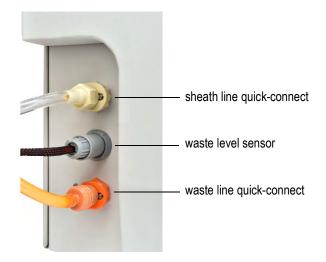
Each user can define a default raw worksheet and a default unmixed worksheet. Open the default worksheet and set it up for your experiment, then select Save As to save this worksheet with a new name. The worksheet will be available to select when you create an experiment. You can use this worksheet, open a template worksheet, or create a new worksheet.

All worksheets are saved in the library. See "Worksheet Templates" on page 84 for more information on worksheet templates.

Startup & Shutdown

Filling the Sheath and Emptying the Waste

The color-coded sheath and waste quick-connects and the waste level sensor connector are located at the lower-left corner of the front panel.



■ NOTE: We recommend using the 20-L cubitainers instead of the 4-L tanks for systems with a Loader. If using the original AMS, place fluid tanks on the floor beneath the instrument, otherwise fluid can backflush into the wash well. If your AMS has been upgraded to version 1.5, or you are using the ASL, this precaution is no longer necessary.

Filling the Sheath

Fill the sheath container with manufacturer-provided sheath solution, MilliQ[™] water, phosphatebuffered saline (PBS), or deionized (DI) water.

Sheath can be drawn from either the supplied 4-L sheath tank or directly from a 20-L cubitainer.

Sheath solution can be added to the sheath container while the instrument is running.



Before turning on the cytometer, visually inspect all containers for leaks or cracks. Wear the recommended PPE such as protective gloves, eyewear, and lab coat.



Fill the sheath container as needed. Use only the appropriate sheath solution. Never use tap water or surfactant-based sheath solution.

Filling Sheath into a Cytek 4-L Sheath Tank or a 20-L Cubitainer

- 1 Remove the sheath fluidics line cap from the cubitainer or sheath tank lid from the sheath tank.
- 2 Add the appropriate sheath solution.
- **3** Replace the fluidics line cap or sheath tank lid. Do not over-tighten.
- 4 If the cytometer is powered on and the software is connected, verify that the software sheath indicator is green.

Warm Up Time Left: 00:29:31	Sheath 📀	🤡 Waste	🔮 Cytometer	📀 Loader
-----------------------------	----------	---------	-------------	----------

Emptying the Waste

Waste can be collected into either the supplied 4-L waste tank or directly into an empty 20-L cubitainer.



Empty the waste container when filling the sheath container, or as needed to prevent leakage. The software indicator for waste will be yellow or red when the container needs to be emptied. Take care to avoid damaging the fluid level sensor in the waste tank.



Biological samples are potentially dangerous and/or life threatening. Adhere to proper handling procedures for samples and reagents. Wear PPE such as protective gloves, eyewear, and lab coat during this procedure.



Always treat the contents of the waste container with household bleach (10% of the total volume). Contents of the waste container may contain biohazardous material.

Removing Waste from a Cytek 4-L Waste Tank or a 20-L Cubitainer

1 Disconnect the waste line orange quick-connect from the cubitainer cap or 4-L waste tank. Disconnect the waste level sensor.

The waste level sensor connector for the cubitainer is on the cubitainer cap. The waste level sensor connector for the 4-L tank is on the front of the cytometer.

- 2 Remove the waste cap from the cubitainer or the lid from the 4-L waste tank, taking care not to damage the liquid level sensor.
- **3** Dispose of the waste according to local, state, and national regulations.
- 4 Add 2 L of undiluted bleach to the waste cubitainer, or 400 mL of bleach to the waste tank.
- **5** Replace the waste cap/lid to the container. Hand-tighten the cap/lid until it is fully closed.
- 6 Reattach the waste line and level sensor line to the cap/lid and front of the cytometer.
- 7 If the cytometer is powered on and the software is connected, verify that the software waste indicator is green.

Starting Up the System

1 Turn on the workstation, then turn on the cytometer.

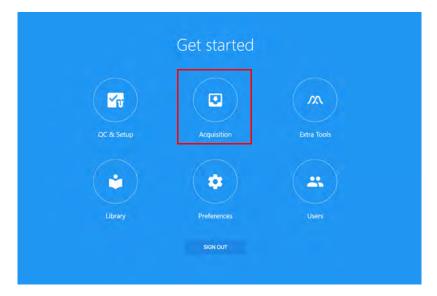
■ NOTE: For manual tube configuration, ensure that a tube containing 1 mL of deionized (DI) water is loaded on the SIP before launching SpectroFlo software. The tube is required for the SIT depth calibration and to flush liquid through the flow cell to remove bubbles that may have formed. For the ASL, the software will prompt you to place a tube in the loader with DI water in the rack.

2 Launch SpectroFlo software and log in by entering your user name and password and clicking SIGN IN.

You can start typing your user name to display a list of names beginning with the letter(s) you type.

The cytometer initialization procedure begins. Sheath fluid is flushed through the fluidics lines to prevent any saline buildup, and the system calibrates the SIT depth.

3 Select Acquisition from the Get started menu to launch the startup wizard.



- 4 Check the status indicators in the lower-right corner of the screen.
 - Ensure the indicator for Connected is a green checkmark. It may take a few minutes for the indicators to update.

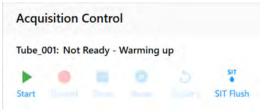
Warm Up Time Left: 00:29:31	🔮 Sheath	🤡 Waste	📀 Cytometer	🔮 Loader
-----------------------------	----------	---------	-------------	----------

If the indicator shows the instrument is not connected, check to ensure that the USB connection between the cytometer and workstation is plugged into the appropriate ports. See "Back of Cytometer" on page 13.

• Ensure the status indicators for sheath and waste are green before proceeding.

Fluid Indicator	Meaning	What to do
Yellow sheath	Sheath tank is low. Acquisition will continue for 5 minutes before the sheath is empty.	Fill the sheath tank (see "Filling the Sheath" on page 25).
Red sheath	Sheath tank is empty.	
Yellow waste	Waste tank is nearing capacity.	Empty the waste tank (see
Red waste	Waste tank is full.	"Emptying the Waste" on page 26) .

5 Wait 30 minutes before running samples. We recommend running a tube of DI water during the warm-up period. You cannot record a file until the 30 minute warm-up period is complete.



■ NOTE: Administrators can select Enable data collection during system warm up under Preferences > Cytometer. This bypasses restrictions imposed by default during instrument warm-up, such as data acquisition and Daily QC.

Shutting Down the System

Run the shutdown procedure at the end of each day that you use the instrument.

The shutdown procedure flushes the flow cell and sample lines with 10% bleach solution, DI water, 30% Contrad 70, and DI water. The procedure takes approximately 5 minutes.

To shut down the system:

- 1 Follow the Fluidics Shutdown procedure. See "Fluidics Shutdown" on page 124.
- 2 When the shutdown procedure is complete, exit SpectroFlo software by clicking the X in the upper-right corner of the application window.
- **3** Turn off the cytometer and workstation.

QC & Setup

Daily QC

Run Daily QC using SpectroFlo QC beads prior to acquiring samples to ensure that the cytometer is performing optimally. Daily QC assesses the instrument's optical alignment and the system performance drift by measuring rCVs and gains needed to place the beads at the target locations for each detector. During QC, laser delays and area scaling factors are optimized and gain settings are adjusted to account for day-to-day instrument variability. Upon completion of Daily QC, a QC report is generated. QC reports can be reviewed under the Reports tab.

Performance can be tracked and charted over time in the Levey-Jennings tab. The software can be configured to display a warning if the QC result on the QC report exceeds user-defined criteria. See "Alarm Ranges" on page 41.

Performing Daily QC

1 Allow 30 minutes to pass after turning on the system to ensure the optics compartment is warmed up. The system has grayed out the run button in QC & Setup until the warm-up time is complete.

The warm-up time is displayed in the status indicators in the lower-right corner of the software.

2 Prepare SpectroFlo QC beads (1 drop of beads in 0.3 mL of sheath solution) in a tube or plate well.

■ NOTE: Always prepare beads in the same solution used for the sheath solution on the instrument. The bead diluent and instrument sheath solution must match. If you use DI water to prepare the beads, the beads will begin to degrade within a few hours. Do not reuse the beads prepared in DI water.

The SpectroFlo QC beads are $3-\mu m$ hard-dyed, polystyrene beads that have a single fluorescence intensity. They can be excited by each laser and emit fluorescence in all detector channels.

3 Select QC & Setup from the Get started menu.

Q	C & Setup _{cyton}	neter QC		∽r QC & Setup	C Acquisition	۶۵۰ Extra Tools Lib
	Cytometer QC Reference Controls Cytometer	Daily QC Daily QC: Performed on May 24, 2021 - 12:17 PM Bead Lot: 2003 Carrier Type: Menual Tube Running Abort S820/10000 (All Events)	Event Rate: 107	450 360 180 180 90 0 0 10 ² 1	Events	Time Elapsed: 32
		 Reports U Tracking Alarm Range 	All Events	600 All 480	Events	600 All 480 - 5 240 - 120 -

4 Select the current bead lot from the Bead Lot menu.

Each time you open a new lot number of SpectroFlo QC beads you must import the bead lot ID into the library so it is accessible when you run QC. Bead lot files can be downloaded from the Resources section at http://www.cytekbio.com.



Different bead lots have different fluorescence intensities. Always select the correct bead lot when performing Daily QC.

- 5 Ensure the correct Carrier Type is selected.
- 6 Start acquisition:
 - Tube: Load a 12 x 75-mm tube of the beads onto the SIP. Select Start to begin acquisition.



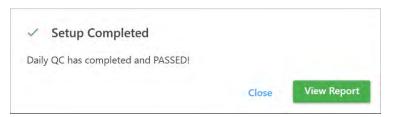
Loader: Ensure the correct plate type is selected (96 U-, V-, Flat-Bottom, deep well, or 40-tube rack). Click in the plate to select the well where the QC beads are located. Well A1 is selected by default, but you can choose any well. Select Eject, load the plate onto the plate stage, then click Load followed by Start to begin acquisition.

Bead	Lot:	2003	-	Carr	ier Ty	pe: 🖁	9	6 U-B	ottom	i		
Sele	ct QC	well:				-						7
2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A	œ											
в												
С												
D												
E												
F												
G												
H												

As the instrument begins acquiring the QC beads, they appear in the scatter plot. The laser delays are initially set to 0, then optimized thereafter. The performance measurements are established and compared to the pass/fail criteria (see "Pass/Fail Criteria" on page 32).

The procedure takes approximately 3 to 5 minutes to complete. Once acquisition is complete, two SIT Flushes are automatically performed to clear the beads from the sample line.

The following message is displayed when Daily QC passes. To view the QC report, click View Report (see "QC Report" on page 32).



If QC fails, remove the tube or plate and follow the guidelines that appear. The recommended solution will vary depending on the reason for the failed test.

▲ Daily QC Failed

Daily QC failed to place the QC beads on scale.Please try the following:1. Make sure the concentration of your beads sample is appropriate (between 100 - 1000 events per second).2. Go to Acquisition to run your beads sample in an experiment and make sure your sample is appropriate.3. Remix your beads sample run QC again.

If the problem persists, please contact Cytek Service.

You are now ready to run reference controls, if applicable, or acquire samples.

QC Report

At the completion of Daily QC, a QC report is generated. The report includes the following sections:

- The header section contains the Pass/Fail status of the run, name of the instrument, instrument configuration, date the Daily QC was run, user who ran the Daily QC, instrument serial number, and SpectroFlo QC bead lot and expiration date.
- The results section contains the gain, gain change, median fluorescent intensity of the QC bead, %rCV, and a pass/fail indicator for each detector channel. The center wavelength of the detector is shown in parentheses next to the detector name.
- The Laser Settings section contains the laser delays for all non-primary lasers, and area scaling factors for all lasers and the FSC detector.

Pass/Fail Criteria

The pass/fail criteria are the following:

- %rCV must not exceed 6% for the FSC channel
- %rCV must not exceed 8% for the SSC and SSC-B channels
- %rCV must not exceed 6% for the third channel of each laser (V3, B3, R3, YG3, and UV3)
- % delta gain change for all channels must not exceed 100% from the last Daily QC run performed by Cytek Service personnel.

QC reports are automatically exported as CSV files to the Setup folder (C:\CytekbioExport30\Setup). The number of reports listed in the Reports screen can be set in the Preferences. See "QC Setup Preferences" on page 98 for more information.

An example QC Report, exportable as a PDF, from a five-laser system is shown.

Setup Statu	s: PASSED			Date:	October 17, 2	019 - 11:22 AM
Cytometer N	Name: My Aurora			User:	Admin	
Configuratio			10N-UV16	Serial Numbe	er: 16888	
Software:	SpectroFlo 2.2.	0				
QC Beads Lot ID: 200	22		Expiration Date:	December 31, 20	26	
	JZ		expiration Date.	December 31, 20	20	
Laser	Detector (nm)	Gain	Gain Change	Median (x1000)	% rCV	Status
Blue	FSC	193	9	2,093.2	4.02	\bigcirc
Violet	SSC	162	0	1,992.3	6.44	\bigcirc
Blue	SSC-B	181	6	2,021.2	3.85	S
UV	UV1 (373)	1,201	24	9.9	11.69	
UV	UV2 (388)	222	8	81.8	2.72	S
UV	UV3 (428)	609	40	207.8	2.45	\bigcirc
UV	UV4 (443)	671	43	259.7	1.63	 Image: A start of the start of
UV	UV5 (458)	573	23	375.2	2.35	S
UV	UV6 (473)	502	19	619.1	1.74	S
UV	UV7 (514)	674	16	936.1	2.47	\bigcirc
UV	UV8 (542)	473	24	520.4	2.30	
UV	UV9 (582)	545	21	575.3	2.20	
UV	UV10 (613)	355	16	606.0	2.27	
UV	UV11 (664)	451	9	297.7	2.72	S
UV	UV12 (692)	363	6	151.9	3.35	S
UV	UV13 (720)	484	4	108.1	4.00	S
UV	UV14 (750)	820	-12	141.2	4.59	S
UV	UV15 (780)	736	-2	108.2	5.18	S
UV	UV16 (812)	891	-2	86.4	6.41	S
Violet	V1 (428)	358	12	470.3	1.19	S
Violet	V2 (443)	534	19	1,106.9	1.22	Ø
Red	R7 (783)	445	3	347.4	1.82	
Red	R8 (812)	285	-1	181.5	1.83	

Laser Settings

Laser	Laser Delay	Area Scaling Factor
YellowGreen	-40.25	1.12
Violet	-19.78	1.08
Blue	0.00	1.16
Red	19.18	1.18
UV	39.18	1.19

FSC Area Scaling Factor: 1.21

Window Extension: 3

Flow Rate: 15.80

Specifications

FSC	% rCV:	< 6	(Recommended)
SSC	% rCV:	< 8	(Recommended)
YG3	% rCV:	< 6	(Recommended)
V3	% rCV:	< 6	(Recommended)
B3	% rCV:	< 6	(Recommended)
R3	% rCV:	< 6	(Recommended)
UV3	% rCV:	< 6	(Recommended)
All Channels	% Gain Change:	< 100	(Recommended)

Reference Controls

Reference controls, obtained by running single-stained and unstained samples, provide the individual fluorescence spectra necessary to unmix the data. Either beads or cells can be stained for use as reference controls. These controls can be acquired in the reference group of the experiment during acquisition, or they can be acquired as reference controls in the QC & Setup module. If reference controls are acquired in the QC & Setup module, they are stored and can be used as reference controls for unmixing in subsequent experiments.

A wizard guides you through recording reference controls.

Running Reference Controls

To create reference controls you will need to select the fluorescent tags, choose the control type (beads or cells), then label the fluorescent tags (for example, using CD nomenclature). You can also append existing FCS files when running reference controls.

Run Daily QC to ensure the instrument is performing optimally before running reference controls.

- 1 Select Reference Controls from the QC & Setup module.
- 2 Select New Reference Controls from the Reference Controls tab.

A wizard opens allowing you to create new reference controls. You can also append existing FCS files.

y Cytometer QC	Update Reference Controls	Name	Label	Control Typ			
∧ Reference Control	A New Reference Controls	> FITC					
Cytometer	7 + New Reference Controls	> PE					
	1 Import	> PerCP					
	1 Export	> PerCP-Cy5.5					
		> APC					
	L Benchmark	> Unstained Calibrite					

- **3** Select the fluorescent tags. The left pane displays the fluorescent tag groups found in the library.
 - Click the arrow to the left of the fluorescent tag group name to view the fluorescent tags in the group. The default fluorescent tag groups are Blue Laser, Red Laser, Violet Laser, Yellow-Green Laser, Ultraviolet Laser, Fluorescent Proteins, and Viability Dyes. These contain a list of commonly used fluorescent tags excited by their respective laser.
 - From the expanded list of fluorescent tags, select the fluorescent tags used in the experiment. Once selected, the fluorescent tags appear in the selection pane on the right. You can select fluorescent tags by dragging and dropping, double-clicking, or using the Add button. Multiple tags can be chosen at one time. Confirm the tags selected, then click Next.

■ NOTE: The list of fluorescent tags can be edited in the library. You can use the library to add fluorescent tags that are not present in the default list. See "Fluorescent Tags" on page 79 for more information.

↔ Create Reference Controls			
Define Fluorescent Tags Define Controls Volyes Settings Poir Corrects			
Library	Type to filter	Selection	
← Blue Laser		FILC	
GFP		PE	
88515		PerCP	
Alexa Fluor 488			
FITC			
ALD			
Alexa Fluor 532			
PE			
tdTomato			

4 Define the unstained control(s).

Choose either single-stained fluorescent tags, or new, separate, unstained for the control tubes. If using a control that has a positive population only, you will need an unstained control of the same type as the stained.

Either beads or cells can be stained and defined as control types. If you select Use new, separate, unstained tube(s), you can add more unstained tubes, as necessary. Then select the specific unstained tube in the Negative Control column of the Fluorescent Tags table below.

Define Fluorescent Tags De	efine Controls Assign Loca	tion Adjust Settings	Run Controls		
efine Unstained Control(s)					
Use from Single Stained Fluoresc	ent Tag Tubes				
Use new, separate, unstained tub	ve(s)				
Name	Control Type				
Negative_1	Beads -				
-					
4dd					
Fluorescent Tags					
Fluorescent Tag Control Type		Control Type		Label	Negative Control
FITC		Beads		-	
PE		Beads		-	
erCP 👻		Beads			

- 5 Define the control type (beads or cells) for each fluorescent tag in the Fluorescent Tags table.
- **6** (Optional) Enter labels associated with the fluorescent tag for identification and tracking.
- 7 If applicable, enter the lot number(s) of the reference controls.

■ NOTE: If you selected Label/Lot Specific Unmixing in the Acquisition Preferences (see page 89), during unmixing, the software will search the library and experiment reference groups for reference controls that have the same fluorescent tag, label, and lot information to use the corresponding control for unmixing.

efine Unstained Control(s)	P				
) Use from Single Stained Fluo	rescent Tag Tubes				
Use new, separate, unstained	i tube(s)				
Name	Control Type				
Unstained_1	Beads	+			
Unstained_2 Beads		*			
😯 Add 🗙 Remov	ve				
Fluorescent Tags					
Fluorescent Tag		Control Type		Label	Lot
		Control Type Beads		Label	Lot
Fluorescent Tag FITC PE	*		•	Label	Lot

- 8 Once the controls have been defined, click Next.
- **9** Load the control sample(s).
 - Tube mode: Load the appropriate control sample onto the SIP.
 - Loader mode: Assign the location of each control by dragging the control (unstained and fluorescent tags) to the appropriate location on the plate or tube rack. You can use the auto-fill feature to fill the remaining wells/tubes. Click Next. Load the carrier by clicking Eject, loading the carrier on the stage, then click Load to send the stage to the acquisition position.

Define Fluorescent Tags	Define Controls	Assign Location	Adjust Settings	Run Controls					
Assign Control Location									
Controls	s Drag Controls Onto Wells		96 U-Bottom						
Unstained_1 (Beads)					A1		1	2	
FITC (Beads)					A2		1	Z	
PE (Beads)					A3	A	•	•	
PerCP (Beads)					A4	В			
						с			
						D			
						E			

10 Click **Start** to preview the sample data. This step allows you to ensure that all populations for all control samples are on scale. If necessary, adjust gain settings.

Gain settings for all channels can be selected from the User Settings drop-down menu, or they can be individually adjusted for each channel using the detector gain spinboxes (V1–V16, B1–B14, YG1–YG10, R1–R8, and UV1–UV16).

■ NOTE: CytekAssaySetting was generated by measuring the optimal resolution of human lymphocytes stained with CD8 and CD4 labeled with various fluorochromes. These settings provide a place to start for most immunophenotyping applications.

The Adjust Settings screen allows you to view the data to ensure that the positively stained fluorescent particles are on scale. Adjust the threshold and FSC and SSC gains. FSC gain can be adjusted from 1-1,000. SSC and detector channel gains can be adjusted from 10-10,000. If the positive population is off-scale for any detector channels, lower the gain setting for that channel. If the positive population is not sufficiently separated from the negative population within a specific channel, verify that CytekAssaySetting is selected, as these settings ensure adequate resolution. If the positive population is still not clearly separated from the negative population population, review the sample preparation and staining procedure.

Once gain settings have been confirmed, unstained and reference controls are ready for acquisition.

■ NOTE: Dim markers may not separate from the negative population regardless of how much the gain is increased.

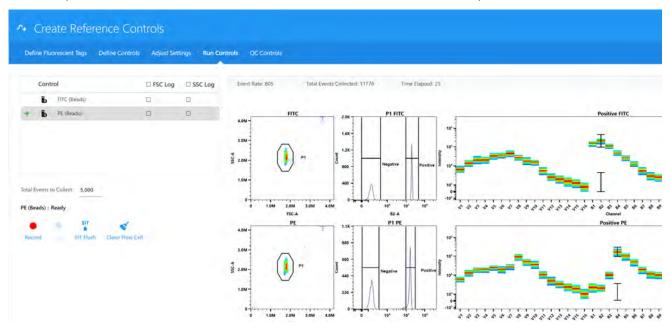


- **11** Preview the data for the remaining controls by clicking **Stop**, then:
 - Tube mode: Loading the next control onto the SIP and clicking Start.
 - Plate mode: Selecting the next control well and clicking Start.
- **12** Select Next when you are satisfied with the gain settings. Proceed to running controls.
- **13** If you are running in Tube mode, place a tube of the appropriate single-stained particles on the SIP.

14 Click Record to begin acquiring.

Make sure to follow the order listed in the left-hand panel. When running in plate mode, you can select to record a single well/control or the entire plate.

During acquisition the spectra plot for each fluorescent control is displayed. The plots show all the channels across all lasers in the x-axis vs mean fluorescence intensity (MFI) of the fluorescent tag.



If the acquisition criteria is not met within 15 minutes, the run will stop.

15 During acquisition, obtain spectral information by moving the polygon gate on the FSC-A vs SSC-A plot to include the population of interest.

Hold down the Ctrl key while adjusting the gate to move the polygon gates for all the scatter plots at once. The gated population appears in the histogram, which is set approximately to the peak emission channel of the fluorescent tag to be acquired. The emission spectrum of the population is displayed in the spectrum plot.

Adjust the positive gate on the histogram. The software automatically displays the emission spectrum of the positive particle in the spectrum plot. SpectroFlo software sets the default gate near or on the peak emission channel. The gate can be selected manually. It is best to set the gate on the brightest emission, as this can make distinguishing the positive and negative populations easier and provides better visualization of the spectrum.

NOTE: Unmixing results are unaffected by the position of the interval gate in the spectrum plot.

Readjust the positive and/or negative gate on the histogram, if necessary.

- **16** Continue recording each control.
- 17 Select Save to save the reference controls.

FCS files for saved reference controls are stored in the export Setup folder by default, or the folder you set as the default. See "Storage Preferences" on page 97 for information.

Setting Reference Controls as Benchmarks for Reference Control QC

You can select reference controls to be used as benchmarks for QC. The reference controls you select as benchmarks allow you to check the quality of your reference controls prior to unmixing. If a reference control is suboptimal, the benchmark will indicate whether the reference control spectra appears as expected. If you choose not to designate reference controls as benchmarks, the reference controls run during QC & Setup or during the experiment will be used as-is without a quality control check.

- **NOTE:** Before saving a reference control as a benchmark, ensure that it is fully optimized.
- 1 Select Reference Controls from the QC & Setup module.
- 2 Select Benchmark from the Reference Controls tab.

∧ Reference Controls ♪+ New Reference Controls □□ Cytometer ▲ Import	> FITC > PE	
Cytometer	> PE	
and import		
	> PerCP	
1 Export	PerCP-Cy5.5	
Benchmark	> APC	

3 Select the reference controls that will be the benchmarks.

Click All to select all the controls in the list.

Ch	oose Ben	chmar	Controls			
ect whi	ch benchmark cor	ntrols				
	Fluorescent Tag	9				
	FITC (Beads)					
	PE (Beads)					

4 Click Save.

Updating Reference Controls

You may wish to update the reference controls if any of the following occur:

- Major service performed on the instrument
- Fluorochrome exhibiting signs of instability resulting in changes in its emission spectrum
- Staining protocols change, for example different buffers or fixatives are used

The Reference Controls tab displays the reference controls saved in the library. Click the arrow next to the control name to display the details.

To Update Reference Controls

Select Update Reference Controls from the Reference Controls tab in the QC & Setup module.
 A wizard opens allowing you to update reference controls.

-				
Ϋ́,	Cytometer QC	Update Reference Controls	Name	Label
Λ	Reference Controls	∧+ New Reference Controls		

2 Follow steps 3 through 12 in "Running Reference Controls" on page 34.

Levey-Jennings Tracking

Levey-Jennings tracks the gain and CV's for all detector channels and the laser delay and area scaling factor for each laser over time. This allows you to view the system's performance. Select the parameter(s) you wish to track.

The graphs in the report show you shifts and trends in the data for each parameter. Data from the last 30 days, 3 months, or 12 months can be included in the reports.

Select a parameter checkbox to display the Levey-Jennings plot.

Use Save Selection to save the LJ tracking settings.

To export Levey-Jennings data to a .csv file, click Export Data.

QC & Setup 🦏		📅 😇 (A) 🎃 😋 🔐 🌚 🕞 OS & Sehapi Acquisition Analysis Libeary Performance Unarts Halip Sign O
Cytometer QC	✓ Levey-Jennings Tracking	
A Reference Controls	O Last 30 days © Last 3 months O Last 12 months. D Last 12 months.	FSC_Dain Q SSC_Dain Q SSC_Dain Q V1_Dain Q 504 704 7.06 1.06 1.06 407
	Laser/Channel 🖪 Gain 🗧 % rCV	""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""""
	> Violet.	7/13/2018 - W/W2018 7/13/2018 - W/W2018 7/13/2018 - W/W2018 7/13/2018 - W/W2018 7/
	s Blue 🖾 🖬	Vit,Gain Q. Vit,Gain Q. Vit,Gain Q. Vit,Gain Q.
	> Red 🖬	
	Laser Laser Delay Area Scaling Factor	ССССССССССССССССССССССССССССССССССССС
	Violet 🔲 🗆	VIQ. Gam Q V11. Gam Q V12. Gam Q V13. Gam Q
	Blue 🖸 🗖	100- 001- 002- 003-
	Red C C	3 3
	FSC Area Scaling Factor:	V18,0am Q B1,0am Q B2,0am Q B3,0am Q
	Save Selection 🛨 Export Data	405 2.06 11% 2.06 621 177- 2.06 11% 2.06 700
	Daity DC	
	Reports	20 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21

Gain Settings

The amount of signal amplification applied to each detector channel can be modulated by increasing or decreasing the amount of gain applied. The gains for every detector channel can be saved and are collectively known as the user settings. User gain settings are stored as a ratio against the Daily QC. Every time Daily QC is performed, User Settings will be adjusted accordingly.

Alarm Ranges

You can set an alarm to warn you when the gain and %rCV exceeds the passing criteria that you define. This changes the outliers (shown in red) in the LJ graphs. Select Alarm Range from the Cytometer QC tab, then adjust the SD range (plus or minus) for individual detectors for each laser.

QC	C & Setup _{cyron}					fe Setup	Acquistion	ZA Extra Tools	tibraty.	Contemporates	Lisers.	
27	Cytometer QC	Alarm Range	Parameter	Alarm Criteria		Min		Max				
ñ	Reference Controls	Cave Save	✓ Gain	+/- 3SD	+	0		0				
			> Violet	+/- 3SD		D		0				
			> Blue	+/- 3SD	*	0		0				
			> Red	+/- 35D		0		0				
				+/- 3SD	*	0.00		0,00				
			> Violet	+/- 35D		0.00		0,00				
			> Blue	+/- 3SD	*	0.00		0.00				
			> Red	+/- 35D		0.00		0,00				
			🖌 Laser Delay	+/- 3SD	*	0.00		0.00				
			Violet	+/- 35D	*	0.00		0,00				
			Red	+/- 3SD	*	0.00		0.00				
			 Area Scaling Factor 	+/- 3SD	+	0.10		3.00.E				

Acquisition

Raw vs Unmixed Data

SpectroFlo software saves flow cytometry data in the FCS 3.1 format. Data is saved in both raw and unmixed formats. Raw data contains all the fluorescence information from each detector (ie, V1, V2, V3, etc). Each detector channel is designated by its excitation laser and position in the array. For example, B3 is the third channel of the blue laser detector array.

Unmixed data contains all the fluorescence information from each fluorescent tag in the experiment. To unmix data, single stained controls (or reference controls) for each of the fluorescent tags (as well as an unstained control) are required. During unmixing, an Ordinary Least Squares (OLS) calculation is used for the decomposition of the fluorescent components in the sample using the reference controls. Parameters in unmixed data will display as the fluorescent tag name along with their associated labels.

The Acquisition module provides the tools that allow you to create an experiment. An experiment is a set of tubes, instrument settings, acquisition criteria (stopping rule), fluorescent tags, labels, and worksheets designed for the acquisition of samples. See "About Experiments" on page 18.

New and saved experiments can be created or accessed in the Experiments tab of the Acquisition module.

Unmixing and Compensation

Raw FCS files can be spectrally unmixed in the following ways:

- Reference group from the experiment Reference controls collected as FCS files within the experiment can be used to unmix using the Unmixing wizard in the Acquisition module.
- Reference controls run in QC & Setup module Reference controls run in the QC & Setup module can be used to unmix using the Unmixing wizard in the Acquisition module.
- Unmixing from the Extra Tools module FCS files collected from different experiments can be unmixed in the Extra Tools module. FCS files can be imported and unmixed in this module.

Raw FCS files can also be compensated with the conventional method using the Virtual Filters tab in the Extra Tools module. Detector channels can mimic the analysis of the data as if it were acquired using a filter. See "Virtual Filters" on page 74 for more information.

Setting Up an Experiment

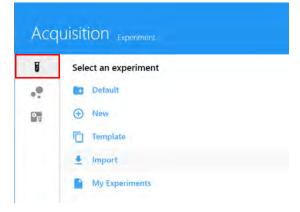
An experiment can be saved as a template or created for one time use. Setting up the experiment in SpectroFlo software involves:

- 1 (Optional) Providing a name and description for the experiment. A default name is provided.
- 2 Specifying the fluorescent tags used in the experiment.
- **3** Defining the reference group with associated reference tags, labels, and lot numbers, as needed.
- 4 Adding labels and lot numbers to each of the fluorescent tags.
- 5 Adding custom keywords. Custom keywords can be defined in the Library.
- **6** Selecting an acquisition worksheet—either new or a template.
- 7 Defining acquisition criteria (stopping rule based on events, time, or volume).

Acquisition Experiment Overview

The Acquisition module provides the necessary elements for data collection within the experiment.

Click the Experiment icon in the far left pane to open a template, the default, or a new experiment using the wizard.



Experiment Display

The experiment display in the Acquisition module includes the following panes. To show, hide, or undock (float) these panes from the experiment panel, click the corresponding icons in the top-right corner of the pane.

Group-Tube List and Hierarchy

The samples are listed in the upper left of the screen. Samples can be organized into groups. Use the (+) Tube and (+) Group icons to add tubes and groups. If running from a Loader, click Add Plate or Rack (ASL only) to add a new sample carrier. Click Plate View to display a graphic image of the carrier instead of the list of groups.

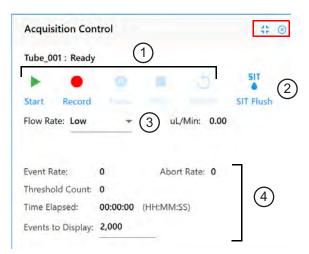
Click Save to save changes to the experiment, or click Save As to save an experiment template. Click Edit to edit the experiment. Worksheets can be applied to the experiment, groups, or individual tubes.

				Tube	mode			
Exp	erir	nent_	004					8
Save		Save A	s	Edit	کر Unmix	U	Manual Tube	•
5+	Tub	e		Group	~	Collapse	All	
	~	5	Grou	up_001				
+		Ū	Tube	e_001				

Acquisition Control

The Acquisition Control pane allows you to start, stop, choose flow rate, pause acquisition, record data, and restart acquisition counters. The acquisition controls are enabled when a tube is present on the SIP or when in plate mode. To show, hide, or undock (float) this pane from the experiment panel, use the dock/undock and hide icons in the top-right corner.

For information on the Loader Acquisition Controls when in plate mode, see "Loader Acquisition Controls" on page 112.



The following table describes the controls in the Acquisition Control pane.

No.	Control	Description
1	Start/Record/Pause/ Stop/Restart	Start and Record are enabled when a tube is present on the SIP. Select Start to start acquisition Select Record to record data. Record can also start acquisition. Select Pause to pause recording. While paused you can adjust the flow rate. Select Record again to continue. Select Stop to stop acquisition. Select Restart to restart the acquisition counters. All events and results displayed are refreshed. Stop and Restart are enabled once Start is selected. Stop and Pause are enabled once Record is selected.

No.	Control	Description
2	SIT Flush	Select to perform a SIT Flush
3	Flow Rate	Select Low (15 μ L/min), Medium (30 μ L/min), or High (60 μ L/min). The exact flow rate is displayed.
4	Event Rate, Abort Rate, Threshold Count, Time Elapsed	Displays the real-time counts during acquisition.
5	Events to Display	Enter the number of events to display during acquisition.

Instrument Control

The Instrument Control pane consists of the Gain, Threshold, Signal, and Lasers tabs for use in adjusting the instrument.

User Settings allow you to select CytekAssaySetting, Default, or any saved user settings for the experiment. We recommend using CytekAssaySetting as a starting point. This setting provides the optimal resolution for each channel, accommodates bright signals, and minimizes spread. While using CytekAssaySetting, you will need to only adjust FSC, SSC gains, and Threshold.

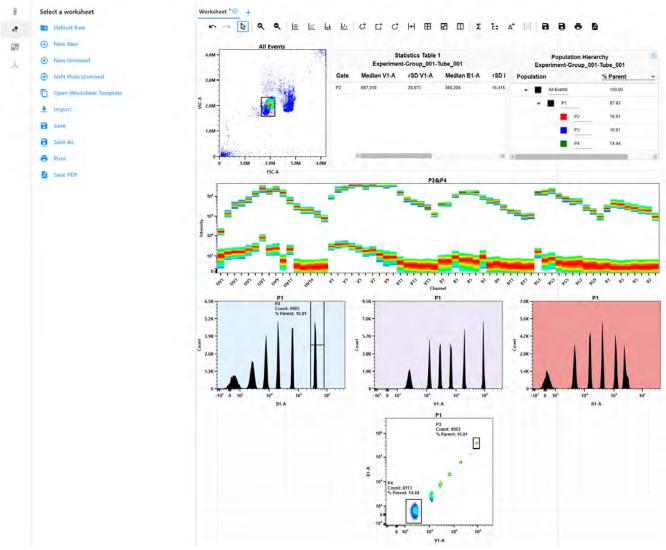
Instrument Control	GAIN THRESHOLD SIGNAL LASERS	GAIN THRESHOLD SIGNAL LASERS
User Settings: CytekAssaySetting	Threshold Operator: O Or And	Scatter Channels
Save Save As GAIN THRESHOLD SIGNAL LASERS FSC SSC SSC-8 SSC-8	ChannelThreshold2FSC•100,000	FSC ☑ Area ☑ Height □ Width SSC ☑ Area ☑ Height □ Width ③ SSC-B ☑ Area ☑ Height □ Width
299 \$ 656 \$ 456 \$ 1	GAIN THRESHOLD SIGNAL LASERS	Fluorescence Channels
Violet Blue Red	Window Extension: 2.00	Laser Area Height Width
V1 V2 V3 V4 1,153 ↓ 406 ↓ 335 ↓ 243 ↓	FSC Area Scaling Factor: 0.87	Violet 🛛 🗖 🗆 V9 👻
V5 V6 V7 V8 225 \$ 254 \$ 283 \$ 224 \$	Laser Area Scaling Factor	Blue 🗹 🔽 🖪 B8 👻
V9 V10 V11 V12 259 \$\$ 561 \$\$ 548 \$\$ 735 \$\$	Violet 1.19	Red 🖸 🗹 🗖 R5 👻
V13 V14 V15 V16	Blue 0.93 4	
491 \$ 544 \$ 844 \$ 322 \$	Red 0.99	
All Channels %: 0 🗘	Laser Laser Delay	
	Violet -24.33	
	Blue 0.00	
	Red 28.75	

The following table describes the tabs in the Instrument Control pane.

No.	Tab	Description
1	Gain	Gains can be adjusted for all detector channels for all lasers using the gain spinboxes. FSC gain can be adjusted from 1–1,000. SSC and fluorescence detector gains can be adjusted from 10–10,000. To change the value that the gain increments, see "Acquisition Preferences" on page 88. Use All Channels % to increase/decrease all gains for a selected laser by the percentage you select.
2	Threshold	Use the Threshold tab to set the threshold parameter and minimum threshold channel value. Multiple parameters can be set as a threshold using either the AND or OR operator. Use OR when at least one parameter is available.
3	Signal	Use the Signal tab to select area, height, or width for each signal. Area and height can be selected for all channels. Width can be selected for only one channel per laser.
4	Lasers	Use the Lasers tab to set the area scaling factor and laser delay. These values are automatically set and updated in all user settings upon completion of the Daily QC.
		■ NOTE: If you run large cells and the lowest FSC gain setting is not low enough to see your cells, lower the FSC area scaling factor (for example, 0.5).

Worksheets

The worksheet allows you to view the data in plots and create plots, statistics, population hierarchy, and gates. Click the worksheet icon in the far left pane to select, import, save, and print worksheets.



Worksheet Toolbar

A toolbar at the top of the worksheet area allows you to undo/redo, zoom; create plots, gates, statistics, population hierarchy, annotations; and save, print, and save a PDF of the worksheet. Hover the cursor over an icon to see a description and keyboard shortcut.

Plots

Four plot types can be created in the worksheet:

- dot plots
- pseudocolor plots (density plots)
- histogram plots
- spectral plots

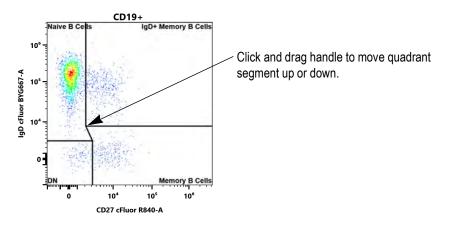
To change the properties of a plot, right-click the plot and select **Properties**. You can select the plot type, parameters, scale, background color, and labels.

Plot Properties			Layout
General			Width 280 Height 280
Plot Gate:	Lymphocytes	ż	Density Plot Options
Plot Type:	Pseudocolor Plot	•	Density Levels: 15 \$
Parameters			Miscellaneous
X Axis Parameter	CD3 cFluor V420-A	127	Background Color:
A Axis Parameter	CD3 CFILLOT V420-A		Include Plate Name
X Axis Scale	Biexponential	*	Include Group Name
O Auto X Axis Scale			Include Tube Name
Manual X Axis Scale	-2,000 🗘		Include Population Name
Y Axis Parameter	SSC-A	*	Include Custom Title
Y Axis Scale	Linear	*	

Gates

Gates types include:

- Rectangle
- Ellipse
- Polygon
- Interval
- Quadrants and Hinged Quadrants (select and drag an offset handle to move the quadrant segment up or down)
- Binary



Gate Properties

Gate properties can be changed by right-clicking on the gate and selecting gate properties. You can change the name of the gate, the color, and gate boundary line weight. You can also select whether to display the count and/or the % parent events within the gate, as well as the gate parameters.

Gate Properties		8
Gate Name: P2		
Gate Color:		
Count 🛛 % Par	ent	
Gate Boundary Line	Weight: Normal	-
Parameters		
X Axis Parameter	FSC-A	
Y Axis Parameter	SSC-A	

Boolean Gates

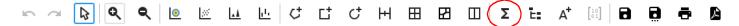
Select multiple gates in the Population Hierarchy window and right-click to open a menu to:

- Intersect the gates with the AND operator events that are present in all of the selected gates are part of the intersected gate population.
- Join the gates with the OR operator events that are present in at least one of the gates are part of the joined gate population.

				on Hierarchy Group_001-Tube_001
opulation	i.		% Parent	- Count
	All Events		NA	NA
•	P1	_	NIA	N/A
		P2	N/A	NA
	-	P3	Delete Gate Intersect (And) Gates Join (Or) Gates Bring to Front	IVA.
			Gate Properties	

Statistics

To create a statistics box, click the **Statistics** icon in the worksheet toolbar, then click in the worksheet area.



Select the population checkbox next to the populations that have stats to display. To add a statistic, select the statistic from the Statistics Variable list.

Select the parameter you would like to add for the statistics. Multiple parameters can be selected at once.

The software offers a counts/µL statistic that can be calculated for any gate.

To adjust the precision of the statistics, select the decimal place in the Decimal Places table. To remove a statistic, right-click the column header and select **Delete**.

Once the statistics are complete, you can export the stats as a CSV file to the location you choose. Statistics output can be appended or overwritten if you export the stats into the same CSV file.

itle Jew Statistics 01								
ad Statistics					Population	Cou-+ or n+	% Grand Parent	% Total
Population	Select All	Count	🚽 % Parent	🛃 % Grar	All Events	Delete Count		
🗹 🖌 📕 All Events	V	~	V	× *	P1			
🛛 🕶 📕 P1	V	¥.	2	M	P2			
P2	×	V	Z	×	P3			
atistics Variable	Parameter		Decimal Places					
Median	FSC-A	· T	Median	0 🗘				
rSD	SSC-A		rSD	0 🗘				
% rCV	V1-A		% rCV	2 🗘				
Mean	V2-A		Mean	0 🤹				
Max	V3-A	isk.	Max	0 *				

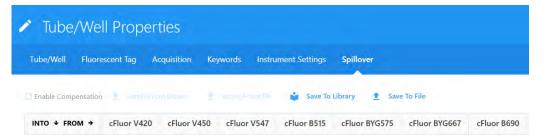
Adjusting Spillover

You can adjust the fluorescence spillover for a selected tube/well.

1 Ensure the green arrow is next to the tube/well and right click, then select **Edit Properties** in the group-tube hierarchy list.

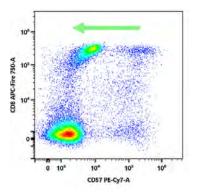
The Tube/Well Properties window opens.

- 2 Select the Spillover tab.
- **3** Click the Enable Compensation checkbox to activate. The Adjust Spillover icon in the toolbar is now enabled.



4 Leaving the Tube/Well Properties window open, click the Adjust Spillover icon $\begin{bmatrix} 10\\01 \end{bmatrix}$, then click and drag in the plot in the direction you want to adjust.

Changes are reflected in Tube/Well Properties window.

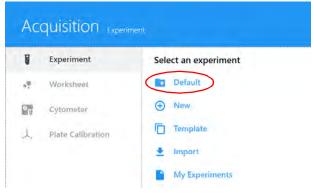


5 Click Save to save the changes. To discard the changes, close the Tube/Well Properties window and click No in the confirmation window, or click Discard changes in the tube/well properties window.

Creating a Default Experiment

Use the default experiment option to quickly begin an experiment. The default experiment contains a set of fluorescent tags, however, all parameters are user configurable.

1 Click Default in the Acquisition Experiment menu.



The default experiment opens with a default raw worksheet.

U	Experiment_016	De	efault I	Raw V	/orkshe	et*®	(† †										
	Save Save As Edit Unmix		5	2	ß	٩	٩	١	M	<u>L.</u>	<u>[6</u>	¢	Ċ	¢	н	⊞	
77	Add Plate 👻 🗸 Collapse All				4.0M -		All	Events		_							
	∽ S Group_001																
	→ [] Tube_001			¥-	3.0M -												
		-		SSC-A	2.0M -		_										
	Loader Settings	-			1.0M		(P1))									
					0-												
	Default (System)				0	1.0		0M 3. SC-A	0M 4	.0M							

2 Click Edit.

The same wizard appears as when creating a new experiment. Follow the steps to select the fluorescent tags, add groups, and define makers, keywords, acquisition settings/worksheets, and Loader settings.

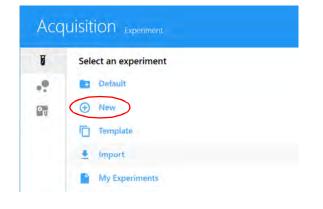
See "Creating a New Experiment" on page 53 for details on defining the information in the experiment wizard.

Fluorescent Tags Groups Markers Keywords Acquisition Loader Settings	Edit Exp
	luorescent Tags
Name	ime
Experiment_016	periment_016
Description (optional) Default Experiment	

Creating a New Experiment

Selecting New in the Experiment menu opens the New Experiment wizard. The wizard walks you through the steps to create a new experiment.

1 Click New in the Acquisition Experiment menu.



2 The Create New Experiment wizard opens. Specify a name for the experiment or use the default name. (Optional) Type in a description.

Create New Exper	iment	
Fluorescent Tags Groups Mar	kers Keywords Acquisition	
Name Experiment_005		
Description (notamen		
		0 Tags Added
Library	Type to filter	Selection
> Blue Laser		

3 Click the arrow to the left of the group name (laser) in the Library pane on the left to display the list of its fluorescent tags. Select the fluorescent tags used in the experiment and click (+) Add to add them to the Selection list on the right. You can also double-click the tag to add it to the Selection list.

To quickly find a fluorescent tag, type the tag name in the Type to filter text box. A default list of fluorescent tags for each group is available in the library. See "Fluorescent Tags" on page 79.

You must select all fluorescent tags present in the experiment, as this will determine which reference controls are to be used during spectral unmixing.

luorescent Tags Groups Markers Keywords Acquisiti	חר	
ime periment_002		
scription (pc. lot		
	2 Tags Added	Clear
ibrary Type to filter	Selection	
Blue Laser	FITC	
Vio515	PerCP	
VioBright 515		
cFluor B515		
BB515		
Alexa Fluor 488		
FITC	e Remave	
CFSE		
VioBright FITC		
cFluor B548		
Spark Blue 550		
Alexa Fluor 532		

To remove individual fluorescent tags from the Selection list, click to select the tag, then click Remove. To remove all fluorescent tags, click Clear All.

- 4 Once all fluorescent tags have been chosen from the Library list, confirm the list in the selection pane, then click Next.
- 5 Ensure the correct Carrier Type (Manual Tube) is selected, then create groups for your samples by selecting + Group. Add tubes to the groups.

For information on creating groups when in plate mode, see "Creating Groups When Using the Loader" on page 114, then proceed to step 7.

NOTE: In order to minimize carryover, especially if running sticky samples in a plate, we recommend adding cleaning wells between samples to thoroughly clean the mixing probe. For example, add two wells, one with 10% bleach and the next with DI water. At the end of a plate, consider adding a group of four wells, two with 300 μ L of 10% bleach and two with 300 μ L of DI water. Program a long mix (15 seconds at 1500 rpm) to thoroughly clean the mixing probe.

luoresce	ent Tag	gs Groups	Markers	Keywords	Acquisition
arrier Ty	pe:	🚺 Manual Tube	÷	Group	B ⁺ Tube 5 ↓ ✓ Collapse All Reference Group
- 🖿	Ex	periment_001			
*	5	Group_001			
	Ū	Tube_001			
	U	Tube_002			
	U	Tube_003			
	U	Tube_004			
	Π	Tube_005			
	U	Tube_006			

6 Select + Reference Group if you are intending to unmix with all or some controls acquired in this experiment.

This creates a list of reference control tubes for each fluorescent tag specified as part of the experiment.

NOTE: If you plan to unmix the samples using only reference controls run in QC & Setup, step 6 is not necessary.

■ NOTE: When using controls from the reference library and running controls live, you will delete the controls to be used from the library and run the other controls. When unmixing, you will add the controls from the library to unmix all the controls.

7 IMPORTANT: Define an unstained control for autofluorescence by selecting its control type (beads or cells). The unstained control needs to be of the same type and prepared in the same way as the samples, as this will ensure accurate unmixing and autofluorescence quantitation.

Create Re	eferen	ice Group				
Define Unstained Con	trol(s) for	Autofluorescence Ext	raction			
Name Unstained				Control Type Cells	•	Define Additional Negative Control(s) for Spillover Calculatior
Fluorescent Tags						
Fluorescent Tag		Control Type		Label		Negative Control
FITC	*	Cells	+			*
PerCP	7	Cells	*			÷

8 If applicable, select Define Additional Negative Control(s) for Spillover Calculation to use a different unstained control to calculate spillover for your reference controls. Then enter a name and control type for this extra negative control.

For example, if test samples are cells and the reference controls are beads, all with only positive peaks, you will need to run a separate tube of negative beads for the spillover calculation. An extra negative control is not needed if your unstained autofluorescence control (and sample) is the same type as the reference controls. If you need to have additional negative controls, see "Negative/Unstained Controls" on page 63.

Define Unstained Control(s) for				
Name		Control Type		
Unstained		Cells	*	Define Additional Negative Control(s) for Spillover Calculation
Name	Control Type			

- 9 Select the control type (beads or cells) for the single-stained reference controls.
- **10** (Optional) Enter the label (for example, CD nomenclature) that is conjugated to the fluorescent tag.
- 11 If applicable, enter the lot number(s) of the reference controls.

■ NOTE: If you selected Label/Lot Specific Unmixing in the Acquisition Preferences (see page 89), the software will search the library and experiment reference groups for reference controls that

have the same fluorescent tag, label, and lot information in order to use the corresponding control for unmixing.

efine Unstained Co	ontrol(s) for Autofluoresce	ence Ex	traction			
ame					Control Type		
nstained					Cells	*	Define Additional Negative Control(s) for Spillover Calculation
Fluorescent Tags							
Fluorescent Tag		Control Type		Label		Lot	Negative Control
FITC	+	Cells					

■ NOTE: Use the red trash can icon to delete an individual tube from the reference group. This may be necessary if you wish to mix and match references acquired in this experiment with reference controls run in QC & Setup. Any stored controls you plan to use should be deleted from the reference group.

12 Click Save.

Once the reference group has been created, entries for each of the references will be displayed. Each of the reference group tubes/wells will have an icon with the letter R associated with it under the reference group.

uore	scent Tags Grou	ips Markers Keywords	Acquisition							
E 7	ube/Well Specific Use	r Setting								
lam	e	Worksheet	Stopping Gate		Storage Gate		Events To Record	Stopping Time (sec)	Stopping Volume (ul)	User Setting
• E	xperiment_001	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) 🖛	All Events	-	All Events	-	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
	Reference Group	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) +	All Events		All Events	-	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
	Unstained (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) +	All Events	-	All Events		5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
	FITC (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) =	All Events		All Events	*	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
	PerCP (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) 🗢	All Events	-	All Events		5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
	Group_001	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) *	All Events		All Events	*	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
	Tube_001	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) +	All Events	-	All Events	Ŧ	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
	Tube_002	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) +	All Events		Ali Events	÷	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)

- **13** If necessary, continue adding tubes/wells, click Next when all tubes are created.
- 14 Add markers/labels to the remaining sample tubes before continuing. They can be chosen from the Labels list on the right, typed directly into the table, or copied and pasted. Labels can be added at the group or tube level and can be applied to multiple cells selected at once. Labels

are required for reference controls if you selected Label/Lot Specific Unmixing in the Acquisition Preferences (see page 89). Click Next when all the tubes are labeled.

and the second second		
luorescent Tags Groups Markers	Keywords	Acquisition
Groups		
Name	FITC	PerCP
← Experiment_001		
- Reference Group		
Unstained (Cells)	N/A	N/A
FITC (Cells)		N/A
D ^e PerCP (Cells)	N/A	
✓ Group_001		

15 (Optional) Enter custom keywords and click Next.

Custom keywords can be added at the experiment, group, or tube level. You must define the custom keywords in the Library before you can add them to an experiment (see "Keywords" on page 81 for information). Drag and drop the keywords from the Keywords list on the right to the experiment, group, or tube and enter keywords values as needed. You can also copy and paste custom keywords across different tubes in this wizard.

uorescent Tags Groups Marke	rs Keywords Acquisitio	'n	
	^		
lue		Order Keyw	word Columns Keywords
lame	Keyword	/alue	> Default Keywords
Experiment_001			
✓ ■ Reference Group			
Unstained (Cells)			
FITC (Cells)			
PerCP (Cells)			
✓ Group_001			

- **16** Select the acquisition settings and worksheet(s). The worksheet menu lists all the worksheets for the given user.
 - Select the Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) for the Reference Group and for the sample groups if you plan to perform post-acquisition unmixing.
 - Select the Default Unmixed Worksheet (Unmixed) or any user-created unmixed worksheet for your sample groups if you are performing live unmixing. Worksheets can be selected at the experiment, group, or tube level.

Select the stopping gate, storage gate, number of events to record, stopping time (in seconds), or stopping volume (in μ L). Acquisition stops when the first of the stopping criteria is met (time,

volume, number of events). These criteria can be selected at the experiment, group, or individual level.

- If acquiring beads, we recommend collecting 5,000 singlet events.
- If acquiring cells, we recommend collecting 10,000 to 20,000 events of the desired population.

■ NOTE: If running in plate mode, when selecting worksheets and acquisition settings, select the top level (group or experiment) to apply the settings to all wells within the group or experiment.

■ NOTE: The number of events to acquire depends on the target population. For example, you may need to acquire 10,000 to 20,000 events to get 2,000 of the desired population. Approximately 1,000 to 2,000 events is needed in both the negative and positive populations of each control for accurate unmixing.

luorescent Tags Gro	ups Markers Keywords	Acquisition				
Tube/Well Specific Use	er Setting Experiment User Setting:	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)	•		
Name	Worksheet	Stopping Gate		Storage Gate		Events To Record
 Experiment_001 	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) 👻	All Events	-	All Events	*	5,000
✓ Reference Group	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) 👻	All Events	+	All Events	+	5,000
Unstained (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) 👻	All Events	+	All Events	*	5,000
FITC (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) 👻	All Events	*	All Events	*	5,000
PerCP (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) 👻	All Events	*	All Events	*	5,000
 ✓ Group_001 	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) +	All Events	+	All Events	*	5,000
Tube_001	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) 📼	All Events	*	All Events	•	5,000

Select Tube/Well Specific User Settings if you want to apply specific user settings to individual tubes/well. If left unchecked all tubes/wells in the experiment will use the same experiment user settings. For more information on user settings, see "User Settings" on page 83.

uorescent Tags Grou	ups Markers Keywords	Acquisition							
🛛 Tube/Well Specific Use	er Setting								
lame	Worksheet	Stopping Gate		Storage Gate		Events To Record	Stopping Time (sec)	Stopping Volume (ul)	User Setting
Experiment_001	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) 🗢	All Events	-	All Events	-	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
✓ Reference Group	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) =	All Events		All Events	-	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
Unstained (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) 👻	All Events	-	All Events	-	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
FITC (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) 👻	All Events		All Events	*	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
PerCP (Cells)	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) 🗢	All Events		All Events		5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
· Group_001	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) *	All Events		All Events		5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
Tube_001	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) +	All Events	+	All Events	÷	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)
	Default Raw Worksheet (Raw) +	All Events		Ali Events	-	5,000	10,000	3,000	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)

- **17** If running in plate mode, define the Loader settings. See "Defining Loader Settings" on page 116.
- **18** Once the worksheet and stopping criteria have been defined, click **Save and Open** to open the new experiment.

To make any changes to the experiment, click Edit above the group/tube hierarchy.

- **19** To acquire controls and samples and perform live unmixing, see "Live Unmixing" on page 64.
- **20** If running in Plate mode, calibrate the SIT. See "Calibrating the SIT" on page 119.

Unmixing and Compensation

Spectral Unmixing

Spectral unmixing is an important concept to understand how data is generated and analyzed using the Aurora flow cytometer with SpectroFlo software. Spectral unmixing is used to identify the fluorescence signal for each fluorophore used in a given experiment.

Understanding Full Spectrum Flow Cytometry

Because fluorophores emit light over a range of wavelengths, optical filters are typically used to limit the range of frequencies measured by a given detector. However, when two or more fluorophores are used, the overlap in wavelength ranges often makes it impossible for optical filters to isolate light from a given fluorophore. As a result, light emitted from one fluorophore appears in a non-primary detector (a detector intended for another fluorophore). This is referred to as spillover. In conventional flow cytometry spillover can be corrected by using a mathematical calculation called compensation. Single-stained controls must be acquired to calculate the amount of spillover into each of the non-primary detectors.

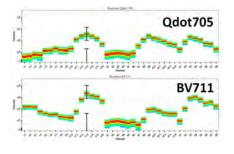
The Aurora's ability to measure a fluorophore's full emission spectra allows the system to use a different method for isolating the desired signal from the unwanted signal. The key to differentiate the various fluorophores is for those to have distinct patterns or signatures across the full spectrum. Because the system is looking at the full range of emission of a given fluorophore, and not only the peak emission, two dyes with similar emission but different spectral signatures can be distinguished from each other. The mathematical method to differentiate the signals from multiple fluorophores/dyes is called spectral unmixing and results in an unmixing matrix that is applied to the data. While not mathematically identical to conventional compensation, the overall principal is the same. Just as for compensation, single-stained controls, identified in SpectroFlo software as reference controls, are still necessary, as they provide the full fluorescence spectra information needed to perform spectral unmixing.

One advantage of unmixing is the ability to extract the autofluorescence of a sample and treat it as a separate parameter. This is especially useful when running assays with particles that have high autofluorescence and for which that high background has an impact in the resolution of the fluorescent signals. Per experiment, you can define one unstained control or multiple unstained controls (one per group), depending on whether the multicolor samples have the same or different autofluorescence signatures.

Spectrum plots from conventional spectrum viewer shows heavy overlap between Qdot[™] 705 and BV711 peak emission spectra.



Spectrum plots from Aurora show distinct signatures for Qdot[™] 705 and BV711.



Unmixing Workflows

Unmixing Overview

There are three unmixing workflows available in SpectroFlo software—two in the Acquisition module and one in the Extra Tools module:

- live unmixing during acquisition
- post-acquisition unmixing (in the Acquisition module)
- post-acquisition unmixing (in the Extra Tools module)

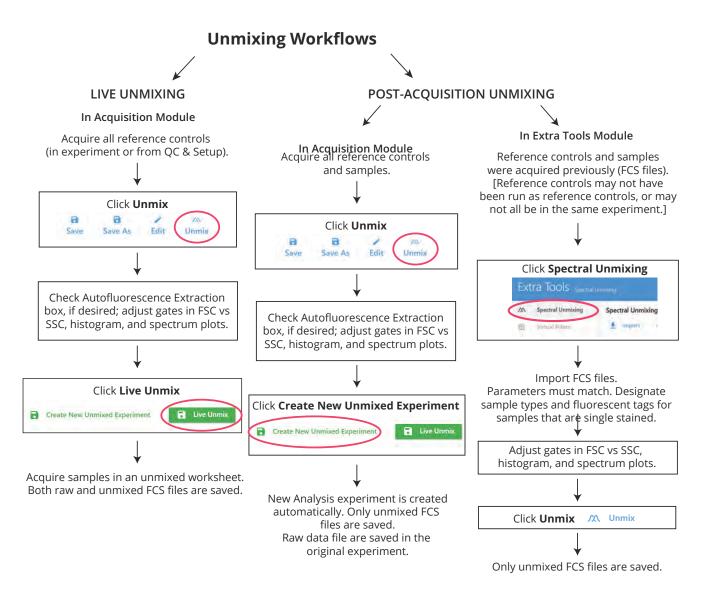
When data is acquired with live unmixing, references are acquired as raw data either in the experiment as part of the reference group or previously acquired in the QC & Setup module as reference controls. References for *all* fluorescent tags used in a given experiment must be present in the system in order for live unmixing of multicolor samples to occur. The live unmixing functionality allows you to visualize unmixed data during acquisition.

Reference Controls for Unmixing

Depending on when you unmix the data, you will use the following controls for unmixing.

Unmixing	Reference Controls
Live unmixing	Reference controls run in the experiment or reference controls run in QC & Setup
Post-acquisition unmixing in Acquisition module	Reference controls run in the experiment or reference controls run in QC & Setup
Post-acquisition unmixing in Extra Tools module	Any FCS files from samples run in any experiment

Multicolor samples can be acquired as raw data and unmixed post acquisition as well. This can be done in either the Acquisition module or the Extra Tools module.

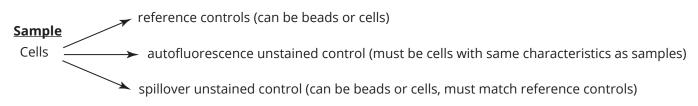


Negative/Unstained Controls

In addition to positive reference controls needed for spectral unmixing, an unstained control is also necessary to assess **autofluorescence**. The unstained control needs to be of the same type and prepared in the same way as the samples, as this will ensure accurate unmixing and autofluorescence extraction, if desired. Ideally, your reference controls, negative control, and samples will all be the same sample type and prepared in the same way.

In addition to assessing autofluorescence, **fluorescence spillover** must also be determined. To correct for spillover, the unstained autofluorescence control can be used if it matches the sample and reference control type. However, if your reference controls do not match your sample type and do not contain a negative population in each tube (have only positive peaks), you must use a separate spillover unstained control that matches your reference control type.

<u>Controls</u>



Live Unmixing

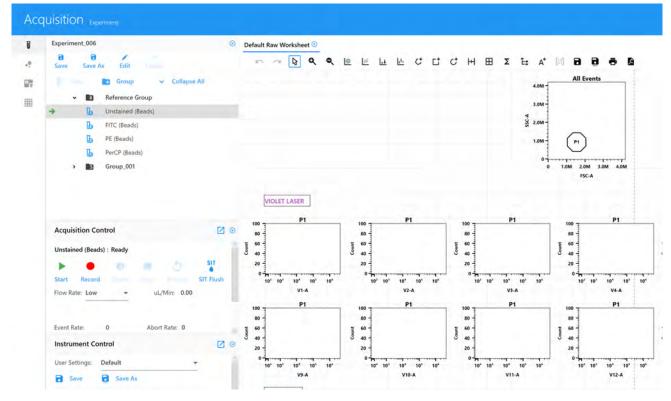
Samples can be unmixed during acquisition. Live unmixing can be performed with the reference group acquired during the experiment, the reference controls (run during QC & Setup and stored in the system), or a combination of both.

For each sample tube that is live unmixed, two FCS files are generated, one that is composed of raw data and one that is composed of unmixed data.

Live unmixed data can be analyzed in unmixed worksheets in the Acquisition module. Unmixed worksheets are different from raw worksheets, as they only display fluorescence information categorized into the defined fluorescent tags for each of the experiments.

To Perform Live Unmixing

1 Create a new experiment with fluorescent tags defined. Create a reference group in the experiment with the fluorescent tags, if there are any that have not already been stored as reference controls. See "Creating a New Experiment" on page 53 for details.



2 To view the data for the reference control tubes, make sure CytekAssaySetting is selected, then click Start. If necessary, use the Instrument Controls to adjust the settings so that all events are on scale. View all the controls, as well as the multi-color tube, and make any instrument adjustments to ensure populations are on scale before you begin recording.

To edit the acquisition criteria, click **Edit** at the experiment level and select the Acquisition tab. Or, to edit the properties of a single tube, right-click a tube and select **Tube Properties**.

NOTE: Keep in mind the more events you acquire, the longer it takes to unmix the data.

3 Click Record when you are ready to begin acquisition. Acquisition stops when the first stopping criterion is met.

NOTE: If necessary, you can pause to change the flow rate.

- 4 When all reference controls are acquired, click Unmix in the upper-left toolbar.
- 5 For the negative controls, we recommend selecting Use Control from Experiment if unmixing with controls you acquired in the experiment.
- 6 If using reference controls from the Library in QC & Setup, select Use Controls from Library.

Checkmarks appear for those controls coming from QC & Setup. The checkbox is only active if reference controls for those fluorescent tags are already saved with the reference controls from the QC & Setup module.

M Unmix Expe						
Select Controls Identify Po	ositive/Negative	e Populations QC C	ontral	5.		
UNSTAINED CONTROLS			-			
Use Control fram Experiment	Reference	Group - Unstained (Cells)	_			
Name Reference Group - Uristaine	ed (Cells)	Control Type Cells	ú			
STAINED CONTROLS						
From Library Flue	uorescent Tag	Control		Unstained	Generic	
E FIT	c	FITC (Cells)	+			

- 7 Click Next.
- **8** Use the Identify Positive/Negative Populations tab to include the positive and negative populations for each fluorescent tag in the appropriate gate.

Only the data plots for the samples you acquired are displayed, not for reference controls that you chose to use from the library.

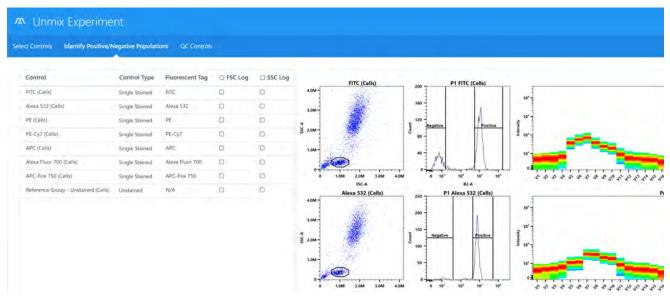
NOTE: If you need to set the FSC and/or SSC axis to a log scale, select the Log checkbox.

t Controls Identify Po	ositive/Negative Populati	ons QC Controls	A.				
Control	Control Type	Fluorescent Tag	FSC Log	SSC Log		FITC (Cells)	
FITC (Cells)	Single Stained	FITC			4.0M	rive (Cells)	200
Alexa 532 (Cells)	Single Stained	Alexa 532			3.0M-		160
			1. J 2. "	100			
PE (Cells)	Single Stained	PE			4-05 2.0M-	1000	120 - Nega

a. Move the polygon gate in the FSC vs SSC plot on the left to include the singlet population. Hold down Ctrl to move all the polygon gates at once.

- b. Move the positive interval gate in the histogram to include the positively stained population. Move the negative interval gate to include the negative population if not using a separate negative control.
- c. Move the interval gate on the spectrum plot on the right to select the channel that exhibits the brightest fluorescence intensity. This channel is the peak emission channel for the fluorescent tag.

NOTE: If one of the controls is questionable or does not contain sufficient data, you can reacquire it or append to it, then unmix again.



9 (Optional) To see how the reference controls run in the experiment compare to the benchmark reference controls, click Next.

■ NOTE: For information on creating benchmarks, see "Setting Reference Controls as Benchmarks for Reference Control QC" on page 39.

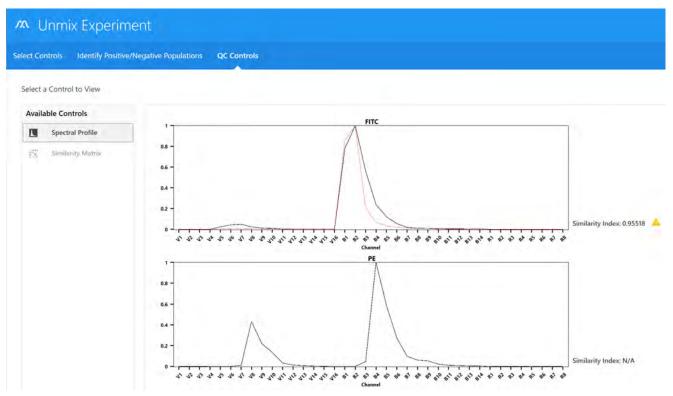
Two options allow you to view how the two reference controls compare—spectral profile and Similarity[™] Index.

• Spectral Profile displays the emission spectrum of the unmixing controls against benchmark spectra designated by the user. The benchmark reference control spectra appear in red and the reference controls appear in black.

A Similarity Index appears to the right of the plots. A value closer to 1 indicates similar spectral signatures, while a value closer to 0 indicates spectral signatures that are not similar. For comparison to benchmarks, the value should be close to 1. If the value is below 0.97, it will be flagged with a yellow warning symbol. This indicates a mismatch of the unmixing control spectra with the benchmark spectra. If the Similarity Index falls below this value, it is imperative to check the unmixing control against the reference spectra provided in the fluorochrome guideline found in the Help menu. See "Similarity Matrix" in the following section.

The Similarity Index can also be used when viewing and comparing the full spectral signatures of any two dyes. Dyes with similar spectral signatures can be challenging to resolve. In this case, it is best to use dyes with a Similarity Index \leq 0.98. See spectrum.cytekbio.com for a full spectrum viewer tool.

If no benchmark control is established for a particular dye, that plot will only display a black line that represents the spectrum of the unmixing control. The Similarity Index will display N/A.



• Similarity Matrix displays a Similarity Index matrix and a Complexity[™] Index value.

Click View Similarity Index above the matrix to display the indices for each dye. The Similarity Matrix will display the Similarity Index for each dye against itself and all the other dyes to be unmixed in the experiment.

The Complexity Index is a measure of how distinguishable a collection of spectral signatures are from each other when unmixed together. It calculates this by looking at the ratio of the Similarity Index of the worst overlapping combination of signatures to the best overlapping combination of signatures.

	Jnmix Experin								
elect Co	ntrols Identify Positiv	e/Negative Populations	QC Co	ntrols	5				
Select a	a Control to View	Hide Similarity Index							
Availa	able Controls		FITC	32	PE	77	APC	00	50
11	Spectral Profile		æ	Alexa 532		PE-Cy7	A	Alexa Fluor 700	APC-Fire 750
1%	Similarity Matrix			4				Alexa I	APC
		FITC	.1	0.5	0.2	0.01	0	0	0.01
		Alexa 532	0.5	1	0.67	0.02	0	0	0
		PE	0.2	0,67	1	0.02	0.01	0	0.01
		PE-Cy7	0.01	0.02	0.02	1	0.02	0.07	0.18
		APC	0	0	0.01	0.02	1	0,45	0.16
		Alexa Fluor 700	0	0	0	0,07	0,45	1	0.37
		APC-Fire 750	0.01	Ø	0.01	0.18	0.16	0.37	1
		Complexity Index: 2.77							

10 Click Live Unmix.

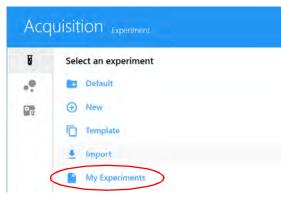


11 The wizard closes and the experiment reappears. The reference group now has the unmixed icon to the left of the tube(s). Select an unmixed worksheet to view the unmixed data.

8	*7C Demo Panel 20190826	8 7C S Default Raw Worksheet S
e.	Save Save As Edit Unmix	5 ~ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$
e v	🚰 Tube 📑 Group 🗸 Collapse All	All Events
	R Reference Group	4.0M -
	Group_001	
	Tube_001	3.0M -
	➔ L Tube_002	. .
		2.0M

12 Select the sample tube you wish to acquire. The green arrow indicates the tube is selected. Click **Start**, then **Record**.

Use My Experiments to open experiments you ran if you wish to review the data or acquire more samples.



FCS files are stored in the Export folder by default, or the folder you set as the default. See "Storage Preferences" on page 97 for information. FCS files for live unmixed data are saved as both raw data and unmixed data.

Analyzing Data Offline

To analyze data offline, you can click My Experiments, select the experiments you want to export, right-click and select Export. This will export the entire experiment as a ZIP file with all of the FCS files and worksheet templates contained inside. This experiment can be imported into other instances of SpectroFlo software, or unzipped to access the FCS files for analysis using other analysis software.

Post-Acquisition Unmixing

Samples can be acquired as raw data and then unmixed after acquisition is complete. This can be done through two methods:

- post-acquisition unmixing in the Acquisition module (see below)
- post-acquisition unmixing in the Extra Tools module (see page 70)

Post-Acquisition Unmixing in the Acquisition Module

The unmixing wizard in the Acquisition module limits reference controls to those coming from the reference group in the experiment or reference controls run in QC & Setup.

To perform post-acquisition unmixing in the Acquisition module, perform the same workflow as live unmixing.

NOTE: Steps 1 and 2 are the same as live unmixing. Step 3 is used to create a new unmixed experiment.

- 1 Acquire all reference control tubes and sample tubes prior to selecting the Unmix button in the upper-left pane.
- 2 Examine the spectral plots by doing the following, if needed:
 - a. Move the polygon gate in the FSC vs SSC plot on the left to include the singlet population. Hold down Ctrl to move all the polygon gates at once.
 - b. Move the positive interval gate in the histogram to include the positively stained population. Move the negative interval gate to include the negative population.
 - c. Move the interval gate on the spectrum plot on the right to select the channel that exhibits the brightest fluorescence intensity. This channel is the peak emission channel for the fluorescent tag.

ntrol	Control Type	Fluorescent Tag	🗇 FSC Log	□ SSC Log		FITC (Cells)		P1 FITC (Cells)			
(Cells)	Single Stained	RITC			4.0M -	1204	200		10*-		
a 532 (Cells)	Single Stained	Alexa 532			3.0M-		160	1			
Cells)	Single Stained	PE			4		120 Negativ	Positive	10 ⁴ -		
Cy7 (Cella)	Single Stained	PE-Cy7			2.0M-		3 80 -	1	10*-	_	
(Cells)	Single Stained	APC			1.0M-	- Aller	40 - 1		10'-		۰.
a Fluor 700 (Cells)	Single Stained	Alexa Fluor 700	0	0			1		E.		
Fire 750 (Cells)	Single Stained	APC-Fire 750	0	0	07	1.0M 2.0M 3.0M	4.0M 0 1	10" 10" 10" 1		******	0 41 43
enence Group - Unstained (Cells)	Unstained	N/A		0		FSC-A Alexa 532 (Cells)	250 -	B2-A P1 Alexa 532 (Cells)			
					4.0M-	100	200		10*		
					3.0M-	ALC: NO	200 -	1	10*-		
					¥ 2.0M-		150 - Nega	tive Positive	10 to		

3 Click Create New Unmixed Experiment.

A new experiment opens with a new unmixed worksheet.



Post Acquisition Unmixing in the Extra Tools Module

When performing post-acquisition unmixing in the Extra Tools module, you can pick and choose which FCS files to unmix (for example, controls coming from different experiments, reference controls run during QC & Setup, or single-stained controls that were not run as part of the reference group).

FCS files can be designated into three categories:

- Single Stained
- Unstained
- Sample

NOTE: There must be at least one single-stained FCS file and one unstained FCS file in the file list. Otherwise, unmixing cannot be performed.

NOTE: The parameters need to match in order for this to work.

In addition, raw FCS files can also be conventionally compensated in this module through the Virtual Filters tab. This function can simulate the presence of filters and can compensate data using conventional compensation methods (see "Virtual Filters" on page 74).

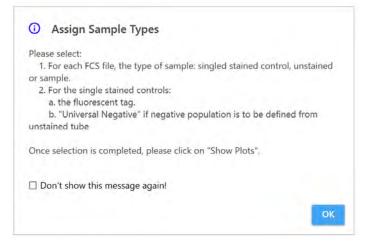
To Unmix Raw Data Files:

- 1 Select Spectral Unmixing from the Extra Tools module.
- 2 Click Import to import raw FCS files for unmixing.

Ext	ra Tools _{Spectral}	Unmixing				
M	Spectral Unmixing	Spectral Unmixing				
0	ᡚ Virtual Filters	Import Ocleto FCS File	Clear All	Show Plots Fluorescent Tag	Label	Universal Negative
		Reference Group_Alexa Fluor 488 (Cell	Single Stained	→ Alexa Fluor 488	- CD14	
		Reference Group_Alexa Fluor 532 (Cell	Single Stained	+ Alexa Fluor 532	· CD3	

3 Select the files. Select multiple files using either the Shift or Ctrl key. Click **Open**.

4 Upon importing, a dialog box on how to assign sample types appears. Read the instructions and click OK.



5 Once FCS files have been imported, select the sample type for each FCS file as Single Stained, Unstained, or Sample. The software will automatically designate the type based upon the file name. You can manually modify these if the automatic designation is incorrect.

A	Spectral Unmixing	Spectral Unmixing			
ଷ	Virtual Filters	👲 Import 😑 Delete	Clear All S St	ow Plots	
		FCS File	Туре	Fluorescent Tag Label	🗆 Universal Negativ
		Reference Group - FITC (Beads)	Single Stained 👻	*	
		Reference Group - PE (Beads)	Single Stained 👻	•	
		Reference Group - PerCP (Beads)	Single Stained 👻	•	
		Reference Group - Unstained (Beads)_L	Unstained 👻		
		Group_001 - MixedBeads	Sample 👻		

6 FCS files designated as single-stained will require a fluorescent tag designation to specify what reference spectrum will be provided for unmixing.

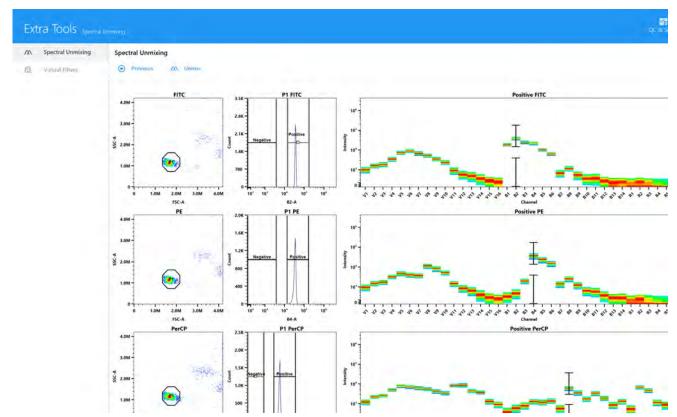
A Spectral Unmixing Spectral Unmixing									
Q	Q Virtual Filters	🛨 Import 😑 Delete	Cléar All 5	Sh	ow Plots				
		FCS File	Туре		Fluorescent Tag		Label	Universal Nega	
		Reference Group - FITC (Beads)	Single Stained	*	FITC	*			
		Reference Group - PE (Beads)	Single Stained	Ŧ	PE	*			
		Reference Group - PerCP (Beads)	Single Stained	*	PerCP	*	-		
		Reference Group - Unstained (Beads)_L	Unstained	*		¥			
		Group_001 - MixedBeads	Sample	+	-	*		0	

7 Enter a label for each single-stained control and sample.

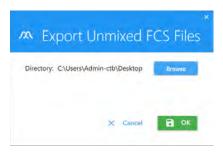
n	Spectral Unmixing	Spectral Unmixing					
8	Virtual Filters	🛓 Import 🕤 Delete	😑 Clear All) Sho	ow Plots	_	
		FCS File	Туре		Fluorescent Tag	Label	Universal Negative
		Reference Group - FITC (Beads)	Single Stained	*	FITC	CD4	
		Reference Group - PE (Beads)	Single Stained	*	PE	CD8	
		Reference Group - PerCP (Beads)	Single Stained		PerCP	CD3	
		Reference Group - Unstained (Beads)_L	Unstained				
		Group_001 - MixedBeads	Sample	-		4/8/3	0

- 8 Select Universal Negative for single-stained FCS files that do not contain a negative population, and the unstained control will be used for the negative population. In the bottom left of the screen, check whether Auto Fluorescence will be used as a fluorescent tag.
- **9** Click Show Plots to display the data in the FSC vs SSC plot, peak emission channel histogram, and spectrum plots.
- **10** The positive and negative populations need to be identified through the appropriate placement of the existing gates. Click OK to adjust the gates.
 - a. Move the polygon gate in the FSC vs SSC plot to include the singlet population.
 - b. Move the interval gate in the histogram labeled *Positive* to include the positively stained population. Move the interval gate in the histogram labeled *Negative* to include the negative population. Do not adjust the negative gate when using the Universal Negative.

c. Move the interval gate on the spectrum plot on the right to select the channel that exhibits the brightest fluorescence intensity. This channel is the peak emission channel for the fluorescent tag.



- 11 Click Unmix.
- 12 Select the directory to which the unmixed FCS files are exported or leave the default. Click OK.



These FCS files can then be imported to an experiment for analysis or analyzed using thirdparty software.

Virtual Filters

The Virtual Filters option in the Extra Tools module allows you to compensate raw FCS data using conventional compensation methods.

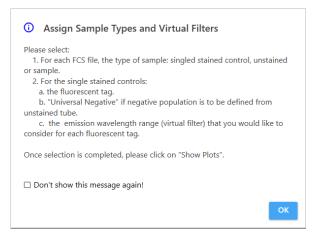
1 Click the Virtual Filters tab in the Extra Tools module.

Ext	tra Tools Virtual F					QC & Setup	Acquisition	Ex
M	Spectral Unmixing	Virtual Filters						
ଷ	Virtual Filters	👲 Import	Clear All					
		FCS File	Туре	Fluorescent Tag	Label	Universal	Negative	

2 Click Import to import raw FCS files for virtual filter analysis.

These FCS files can be single-stained reference controls, unstained controls, and/or sample files. However, you must include an unstained control FCS file.

3 Upon importing, a dialog box on how to assign sample types appears. Read the instructions and click OK.



- 4 Once FCS files have been imported, the sample type for each FCS file needs to be designated as Single Stained, Unstained, or Sample. The software will automatically designate the type based upon the file name. You can manually modify these if the automatic designation is incorrect.
- **5** FCS files designated as single stained require a fluorescent tag designation. Select the fluorescent tag for each single-stained sample.

If there is no negative population in the single-stained FCS file(s), select Universal Negative, and the unstained control will be used for the negative population.

The virtual filter is automatically assigned by the software based upon the fluorescent tag designation. (Optional) To increase the bandwidth of the virtual filter, use the channel pull-down menus to select the desired range. See the following table for wavelength ranges.

Fluorescent Tag		niversal Negative	Virtual Filter		
T	-		Channel V1 - to V3 - 421 - 466		
			V3		
			V4		
			V5		
			V6		

The following table shows the system's filter bandwidths.

Laser	Channel	Center Wavelength (nm)	Bandwidth (nm)	Wavelength Start (nm)	Wavelength End (nm)
	UV1	373	15	365	380
	UV2	388	15	380	395
	UV3	428	15	420	435
	UV4	443	15	436	451
	UV5	458	15	451	466
	UV6	473	15	466	481
	UV7	514	28	500	528
Lillenan dia Late	UV8	542	28	528	556
Ultraviolet	UV9	582	31	566	597
	UV10	613	31	597	628
	UV11	664	27	651	678
	UV12	692	28	678	706
	UV13	720	29	706	735
	UV14	750	30	735	765
	UV15	780	30	765	795
	UV16	812	34	795	829
	V1	428	15	420	435
	V2	443	15	436	451
	V3	458	15	451	466
	V4	473	15	466	481
	V5	508	20	498	518
	V6	525	17	516	533
	V7	542	17	533	550
	V8	581	19	571	590
Violet	V9	598	20	588	608
	V10	615	20	605	625
	V11	664	27	651	678
	V12	692	28	678	706
	V13	720	29	706	735
	V14	750	30	735	765
	V15	780	30	765	795
	V16	812	34	795	829

Laser	Channel	Center Wavelength (nm)	Bandwidth (nm)	Wavelength Start (nm)	Wavelength End (nm)
	B1	508	20	498	518
	B2	525	17	516	533
	B3	542	17	533	550
	B4	581	19	571	590
	B5	598	20	588	608
	B6	615	20	605	625
Blue	B7	661	17	653	670
Blue	B8	679	18	670	688
	B9	697	19	688	707
	B10	717	20	707	727
	B11	738	21	728	749
	B12	760	23	749	772
	B13	783	23	772	795
	B14	812	34	795	829
	YG1	577	20	567	587
	YG2	598	20	588	608
	YG3	615	20	605	625
	YG4	661	17	653	670
Yellow-	YG5	679	18	670	688
Green	YG6	697	19	688	707
	YG7	720	29	706	735
	YG8	750	30	735	765
	YG9	780	30	765	795
	YG10	812	34	795	829
	R1	661	17	653	670
	R2	679	18	670	688
	R3	697	19	688	707
Ded	R4	717	20	707	727
Red	R5	738	21	728	749
	R6	760	23	749	772
	R7	783	23	772	795
	R8	812	34	795	829

6 (Optional) Select a label for the single-stained controls and samples.

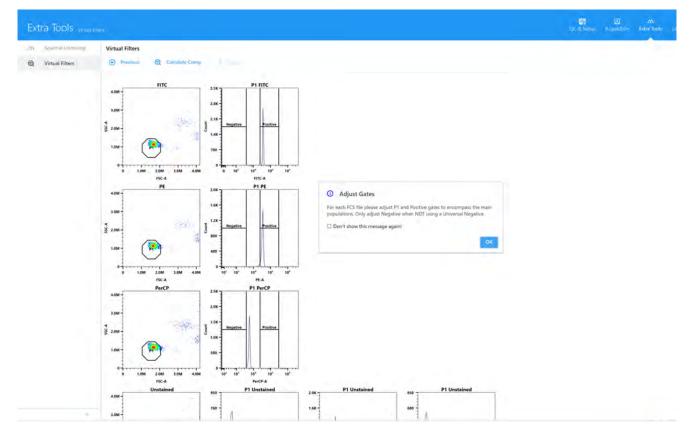
7 Click Show Plots to display the plots.

Extra Tools waar							OC 6. Setup	Acquisition	JA) Extox Top
24 Spuritial-Unmounty	Virtual Filters	O Clear All	Show Plats						
	FCS File	Туре	Fluorescent Tag	Label	Universal Negative	Virtual Filter			
	Reference Group - FITC (Beads)	Single Stained		•		Channel B2 + to B2 + 518 - 539			
	Reference Group + PE (Beads)	Single Stained	▼ PE	+		Channel 84 - to 84 - 560 - 583			
	Reference Group - PerCP (Beads)	Single Stained	+ PerCP	÷		Channel 88 - to 88 - 669 - 587			
	Reference Group - Unstained (Beads)_L	Unstained		+	0				
	Group_001 - MixedBeads	Sample			0				

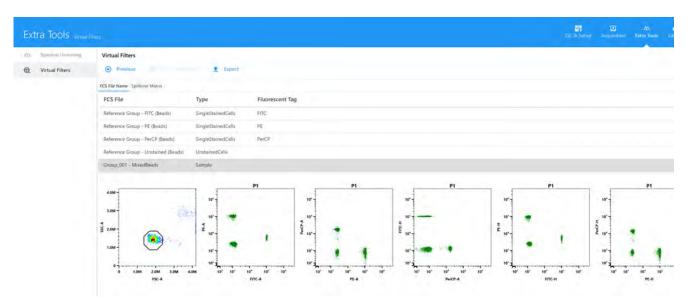
The data is displayed in the FSC vs SSC plot and fluorescent tag histogram plot.

- 8 The positive and negative populations need to be identified through the appropriate placement of the gates. Click OK to adjust the gates.
 - a. Move the polygon gate in the FSC vs SSC plot to include the singlet population. Hold down Ctrl to move all the polygon gates at once.
 - b. Move the interval gate in the histogram labeled *Positive* to include the positively stained population. Move the interval gate in the histogram labeled *Negative* to include the negative population. Do not adjust the negative gate when using the Universal Negative.

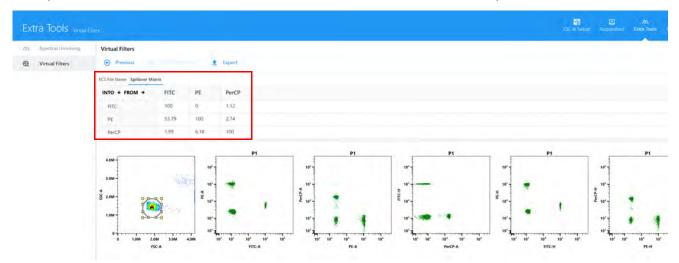
The histogram x-axes are labeled with the fluorescent tag instead of the channel/detector.



9 Click Calculate Comp once gates have been set correctly. The conventionally compensated data is displayed. To view the data for a specific FCS files, select the file.



The spillover matrix is also calculated. Click Spillover Matrix to view the spillover values.



10 Click Export and select the location where you wish to export the conventionally compensated data. The files are exported to a folder named Compensated followed by the current date and time. Files can then be imported back into an experiment to analyze in SpectroFlo software.

Library, Preferences, and Users

Library

The library contains information for various elements used for the experiments. Information saved in the library includes SpectroFlo QC bead lots, fluorescent tags, labels, user settings, worksheet templates, experiment templates, keywords, and Loader settings. Information stored in the library can be saved, exported, and imported for reuse.

QC Beads

SpectroFlo QC bead lot IDs and expiration dates can be imported, exported, or removed from the library. The QC bead lot for the beads used for Daily QC must be imported into the library. Select QC Beads to see a list of QC bead lots.

ibrary oc Beads	
QC Beads	🛃 Import
Fluorescent Tags	Lot ID IF Expiration Date
Labels	✓ 2002 December 31, 2026
Keywords	1002 December 31, 2025
[] Spillovers	

Fluorescent Tags

Fluorescent tags are the designation given to each distinct fluorescent molecule that can be detected by the system. This includes for example, fluorophores, fluorescent proteins, and fluorescent viability dyes. Each unique fluorophore run on the instrument must be given a fluorescent tag name.

By default, several groups of fluorescent tags are pre-installed with the software—Blue Laser, Red Laser, Violet Laser, Yellow-Green Laser, Ultraviolet Laser, Fluorescent Proteins, and Viability dyes.

These groups contain the most commonly used fluorophores excited by the system's on-board lasers. Additional tags can be added to these groups.

Lib	rary Fluorescent Tag					
gc •*•	QC Beads	Fluorescent Tag Groups				Current Group:
÷0:	Fluorescent Tags	🛓 Import 🏦 Export	🕀 New 🧨	Edit		🕀 Add
Ŷ	Labels	15 Name	IF Created By	i≘ Date Created	17 Date Modified	IF Name
۹Þ	Keywords	Blue Laser	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	February 26, 202	Vio515
[11]	Spillovers	Red Laser	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	February 26, 202	VioBright 515
	User Settings	Violet Laser	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	February 26, 202	cFluor B515
e de	user settings	Fluorescent Proteins	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	February 26, 202	BB515
111	Loader Settings	Vīability	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	February 26, 202	Alexa Fluor 488

You can create groups or individual fluorescent tags by selecting Add. Both groups and individual fluorescent tags can be imported or exported. Note: Selecting New will create a new group while selecting Add will allow you to add an individual fluorescent tag to a group.

To edit the properties of a fluorescent tag that you added, select the fluorescent tag of interest and select Edit. Properties that can be edited include fluorescent tag name, laser excitation wavelength, emission wavelength, and display name. The default tags that are included with the software cannot be edited or deleted. However, they can be exported and imported across different systems as long as you are using the same version of SpectroFlo software.

If the fluorophore is known by another name or identified by a different spelling, those additional names or spellings can be added as synonyms.

Any groups that you created can also be edited in this window. The default groups cannot be edited or deleted.

Labels

Fluorescent tags can be conjugated or attached to proteins that can specifically bind to other proteins on the cell surface or within the cytoplasm. They can also be inherently fluorescent, such as fluorescent proteins that can be fused to a variety of cellular proteins using molecular cloning techniques. The proteins that are either bound or attached to fluorescent tags can be designated as labels. The software comes with an initial set of pre-installed labels that are categorized as CD

Markers, Chemokines, Chemokine Receptors, and Cytokines. Additional labels can be added by using Add in the right pane.

gc:	QC Beads	Label Groups				Current Group
-0-	Fluorescent Tags	👲 Import 🔶 Export	🕣 New 🧨	Edit		🕀 Add
Ŷ	Labels	LE Name	」≓ Created By	IE Date Created	」 □ Date Modified	E Label
()	Keywords	CD Markers	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	August 20, 2019	CD1a
[11]	Spillovers	Chemokine	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	August 20, 2019	CD1b
	User Settings	Chemokine Receptors	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	August 20, 2019	CD1c
e e d	user settings	Cytokines	System	August 20, 2019 - 10:14 AM	August 20, 2019	CD1d
114	Loader Settings					

New label groups can be created by clicking New. Label groups can also be imported and exported for use on other systems. The default groups and labels cannot be edited or deleted.

oup Name:					
escription					
				0 Labels Added	
ibrary	Type to filter			Selection	
CD Markers		- 2			
CD1a					
CD16			a loss.	Drop.In	bels here!
CD1c					
CD1d					

Keywords

Keywords allows you to type, import, or export user-defined, custom FCS keywords by group. These keywords can be assigned in an experiment at the experiment, group, or tube level and are exported with the FCS files.

The following types of keywords can be created:

- Numeric
- String
- Boolean
- Selectable numeric

• Selectable string

Lib	rary _{Keywords}					
ас •.**	QC Beads	Keyword Groups				Current Grou
6	Fluorescent Tags	🛓 Import 🏦 Export	🕀 New 🦯	Edit		🕀 Add
Ŷ	Labels	13 Name	E Created By	IE Date Created	E Date Modified	E Name
•	Keywords	Cytek Defined	System	February 26, 2021 - 11:51 AM	February 26, 202	Sample ID
						Conc.

Standard Keywords

The following table describes the standard FCS 3.1 keywords found in SpectroFlo FCS files.

Keyword	Description
\$FIL	Tube or well name
\$PLATENAME	Plate name
\$WELLID Well ID	
\$VOL Total sample volume (microliters)	
\$DATE	Date that the FCS data was acquired
\$BTIM	Beginning time of data acquisition
\$ETIM	End time of data acquisition
\$OP	Operator name
\$INST	Institution name
\$CYT	Name of cytometer (Aurora)
\$CYTSN	Cytometer serial number
\$SPILLOVER	Spillover matrix

Custom Keywords

The following table describes the custom keywords found in SpectroFlo FCS files. Custom keywords are not required as part of the FCS 3.1 standard.

Keyword	Description
APPLY COMPENSATION	True or False to indicate whether compensation is enabled when FCS file is loaded into SpectroFlo
CHARSET	Encoding. UTF8.
CREATOR	Software name and version
FSC ASF	FSC area scaling factor
GROUPNAME	Plate name

Keyword	Description
LASER{x}DELAY	Laser delay for each laser
LASER{x}ASF	Area scaling factor for each laser
LASER{x}NAME	Name for each laser
P{x}DISPLAY	Preferred display scale
PLATEROWS	Number of rows of the plate
PLATECOLS	Number of columns of the plate
THRESHOLD	Threshold channel and value
TUBENAME	Name of sample tube
WINDOW EXTENSION	Window extension used to record the tube/well
USERSETTINGNAME	The user setting name used to record the tube/well

You can change the value of a custom keyword, then select **Auto Update** for that keyword to update the keyword in subsequent experiments.

New /	Edit.		Current Grou	p: Cytek Defi	ned		
E Created By]= Date Created	17 Date Modified	17 Name	∃∃ Suffix	ј≓ Туре	Value	Auto Update
System	February 26, 2021 - 11:51 AM	February 26, 202	Sample ID		String	0	
			Age		Numeric	0	
			Sample Type		String		

Spillovers

Spillovers shows the spillover matrices saved during experiments. These saved matrices can be used for other experiments. For more information on the spillover matrix, see "Adjusting Spillover" on page 51.

						Spillover Matrix
0.	Fluorescent Tags	E Name	Created By	1E Date Created	Description	1
Ĭř-	Labels					
10	Keywords					

User Settings

User Settings are the set of gain settings, threshold, and signal type for all detector channels. The date when it was created and modified, as well as the name of the user who created it are also

saved. The settings are saved from the Instrument Control Pane in the Acquisition module. The name and description can be modified in this tab.

Select a user(s) to view the user settings created by that user(s). Click the pen tool to edit the description of the selected user settings. Administrators can check the Shared checkbox to allow all users to see and use the settings created by other users. SuperUsers can view, import, and export user settings, but cannot deleted settings created by other users.

ac	QC Beads	Users					±	Import 🟦 Expor
		osers					-	
0	Fluorescent Tags		(∃ User	Full Name	Role	Status		↓ Name
ĩŕ	Labels		B Admin	Administrator	Administrator	Enabled		CytekAssaySetting
•	Keywords		Operator	Ор	User	Enabled		CytekAssaySetting
[10] 01]	Spillovers		Janelle S	Janelle S	User	Enabled	~	CytekAssaySetting
			Alex Z	Alex Z	User	Enabled		CytekAssaySetting
-•	User Settings		Patty T	Patty T	llser	Enabled		Default

To delete user settings that are no longer needed, select it, then click Delete.

Loader Settings

Loader settings can be saved and are stored in the library. The settings name, date the settings were created, version, as well as the name of user who created them are displayed. Click **Description** to add information about the settings.

Loader settings include mix time and speed, stage temperature setting, sample return, number of SIT flushes, and record data delay time.

For more information on Loader settings, see "Loader Settings" on page 113.

яс. •.*.•	QC Beads	🛓 Import 🛫 🗉				
8	Fluorescent Tags	IF Name	Created By	E Date Created	L= Version	Description
Ŷ	Labels					
1	Keywords					
[19]	Spillovers					
	User Settings					
뱀	Loader Settings					

Worksheet Templates

All worksheets created in the Acquisition module are saved in the library and can be accessed through the Worksheet Templates tab. Worksheets can be exported as WTML files and imported for re-use. For more information on worksheets, see "About Worksheets" on page 21.

Select a user(s) to view the worksheet templates created by that user(s). Click the pen tool to edit the description of the selected worksheet. Administrators can check the Shared checkbox to allow all users to see and use the worksheet templates created by other users. SuperUsers can view, import, and export worksheet templates, but cannot delete templates created by other users.

To view a worksheet, select it, then click View. To delete a worksheet that is no longer needed, select it, then click Delete. The default worksheets cannot be deleted. You can also set the default raw and unmixed worksheets back to their original defaults by selecting the worksheet, then clicking Restore Default.

9C.	QC Beads	Users					👲 In	nport	£ Export	0	View
-0	Fluorescent Tags		15 User	Full Name	Role	Status	41	Name			_
Ŷ	Labels		E Admin	Administrator	Administrator	Enabled	7	rc			
•	Keywords		Operator	Op	User	Enabled	7	C Demo Pan	el 20190826-l	Jnmixed	
[29]	Spillovers		Janelle S	Janelle S	User	Enabled	/ [Default Raw V	Vorksheet		
20	User Settings		Alex Z	Alex Z	U		-				
			Patty T	Patty T	u 🖉 D	efault	Raw \	Norks	heet		
111	Loader Settings	2	JXi	January Xi	Si						
•?	Worksheet Templates		CytekAdmin	Cytek Administrator	A		All Events		_		All Eve
Ø	Experiment Templates				4.0M -				4.0M -		
0	Backup & Restore				3.0M -				3.0M -		

Experiment Templates

Experiment templates contain the key elements of an experiment without the data. They can be saved and stored in the library for future use. The name, creation date and time, description, and creator information is displayed. Experiment templates can also be imported and exported from this tab. For more information on experiments, see "About Experiments" on page 18.

Select a user(s) to view the experiment templates created by that user(s). Click the pen tool to edit the description of the selected worksheet. Administrators can check the Shared checkbox to allow all users to see and use the experiment templates created by other users. SuperUsers can view, import, and export experiment templates, but cannot delete templates created by other users.

To delete an experiment template that is no longer needed, select it, then click Delete. The default experiment template cannot be deleted.

00	QC Beads	Users					E	xperiment Temp	lates
0	Fluorescent Tags		↓ User	Full Name	Role	Status	*	Import	Expor
Ŵ	Labels		B Admin	Administrator	Administrator	Enabled		IF Name	
1	Keywords		Alex Z	Alex Z	User	Enabled	~	Default	
[10]	Spillovers		CytekAdmin	Cytek Administrator	Administrator	Enabled			
2.	User Settings		Janelle S	Janelle S	User	Enabled			

Backup & Restore

Users and SuperUsers can back up selected data from their accounts directly from SpectroFlo software. This includes experiments, experiment templates, worksheets, user settings, Loader settings, daily QC results, and reference controls. Administrators have the additional ability to back up selected data from the different User and SuperUser accounts.

- 1 To back up data, click **Backup** in the right pane.
- **2** Choose a timeframe (day, week, month, or custom timeframe) that includes the data, select the user(s).

ac.	QC Beads	0	Backup								
***	Ar beens		Баскир	D	ay Week Month	Custom	Start:	3/2/2021	茵	End:	3/2/202
iộ:	Fluorescent Tags	0	Restore	-	1= Hear	Full Name	_	Dela	_		
ĩ	Labels			1	1= User	Full Name		Role			
n.				22	E Admin	Administrator		Administrator			
-	Keywords				Operator	Ор		User			
10	Spillovers				Janelle S	Janelle S		User			
	Iline Catting				Alay 7	Alay 7		Llear			

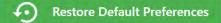
3 Select the data type you want to back up, and click **Backup**.

m Sta	rt: 3/2/2021 🗇 End: 3/2/2021 🗇	🛨 Backup 📄 Erase
lame	Role	🛛 Data
istrator	Administrator	Z Experiments
	User	Z Experiment Templates/Assays
S	User	Vorklists
	User	Worksheets
	User	User Settings
		Contractional Contraction of the

To restore these settings, click **Restore** and browse to the location where the settings are saved.

Preferences

The Preferences module allows you to change various functionality and display elements of the software user interface. Each user has the ability to change their own preferences. The following sections describe the options that can be changed in the Preferences module. Each section within the Preferences can be restored to its default settings by selecting **Restore Default Preferences**.



Acquisition Preferences

In the Acquisition tab, you can change the number of events displayed on plots during acquisition, the number of SIT flushes, the preview time before recording begins, and the value that the gain settings increment when you click the spin-box arrow during acquisition. You can also enter default prefixes for tube, group, plate, tube rack, and experiment names. A label/lot specific unmixing feature allows you to choose specific reference controls for unmixing. The Batch Analysis options allow you to choose the output file type and tube/well results contained in the PDF.

۲	Acquisition	Number of Events to Display on Plots:	2,000	
4	Worksheet	Number of Automatic SIT Flush After Tube Unload	÷ 1 · · · ·	
	Plot	Data Review Time(Sec) After Tube Recorded:	0	
H	Gates	Record Data Delay Time(Sec) for Manual Tube:	0 -	
Σ	Statistics	Gain Spinbox Up/Down Increment (Ctrl key Held)	5	
A	Fonts	Experiment		
ß	Annotation	Default Tube Name Start With:	Tube_	
À	Notifications	Default Group Name Start With:	Group_	
-	Storage	Default Plate Name Start With:	Plate_	
	QC & Setup	Default Tube Rack Name Start With:	TubeRack_	
~w		Default Experiment Name Start With:	Experiment_	
• ₁₀	Cytometer	Default User Setting:	CytekAssaySetting (Cytek)	
10.5	Users	Ref Controls Ordered by Control Type		
	Global Information	Unmixing Feature		
		Label/Lot Specific Unmixing		
		Preferred SSC Channel for Unmixing:	SSC	
		Batch Analysis		
		Default Output File Type: 🗹 PDF 🛛 🗹 CSV		
		Default PDF File Option: All in one file 	ch tube/well has its own file	

The following table describes the options in the Acquisition preferences.

ltem	Description
Number of Events to Display on Plots	The number of events displayed in the pseudocolor plots, dot plots, and histograms. The default is 2,000 events.
Number of Automatic SIT Flush After Tube Unload	Choose the number (0–2) of SIT Flushes that will be performed once a tube is removed from the SIP.

ltem	Description
Data Review Time (Sec) After Tube Recorded	The number of seconds that elapse before the tube pointer moves to the next tube after the current tube is finished recording.
Record Data Delay Time (Sec) for Manual Tube	The number of seconds before it begins recording after you click Record.
Gain Spinbox Up/Down Increment (Ctrl key Held)	Increments the gain for each detector channel by the amount indicated when you hold the Ctrl key and select the up and down arrows of the Gain spinbox.
Experiment	Enter the default name for tubes, groups, plates, tube racks (ASL only), and experiments. Edit the default name and/or append to the existing names. Select the default user settings for experiments. Ref Controls Ordered by Control Type allows you to order reference controls by type (beads or cells). If unchecked, reference controls are ordered by excitation laser, then by peak emission.
Unmixing Feature	Label/Lot Specific Unmixing allows you to use lot-specific reference controls for unmixing when appropriate. If this option is selected, the software will search the library and experiment reference groups for reference controls that have the same fluorochrome, label, and lot information in order to use the corresponding control for unmixing. Select the preferred SSC channel for unmixing (SSC for the signal from the violet laser (default), or SSC-B for the signal from the blue laser).
Batch Analysis	Select the default output file type for batch analysis reports (PDF, CSV, or both). Choose to create a single PDF for all tubes/wells, or individual PDF files for each tube/well.

Worksheet Preferences

The Worksheet tab allows you to change the way elements are displayed in the worksheet. Header and footer properties are also adjusted in the Worksheet tab.

۲	Acquisition	Population Hiera	rchy Window S	ize Width:	600	6	Height:	300	
	Worksheet	Statistics Table W	/indow Size	Width:	800	- 6	Height:	400	
185	Plot	Grid							
H	Gates	🔽 Display Grid							
Σ	Statistics	🗹 Display Page	Line						
A	Fonts	Grid Size: 1/8"	+						
	Annotation	□ Snap to Grid							
Ļ.	Notifications	Page Setup							
	Storage	Title:		*					
₩¢	QC & Setup	Show & Print	Page Number						
۴ _N	Cytometer	Print Header	& Footer						
	Users	Headers:	Left:	Not Selected		÷	Right:	Not Selected	~
Ū	Global Information	Footers:	Left:	Not Selected		÷	Right:	Not Selected	
		Print Grid:	() Yes	No	OU	lse Page	e Setting		
		Page Layout:	O Landsca	pe 💿 Portr	ait				
		Page Size:	A4 8* * 12*		-				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Page Margin:	 Narrow 	O Norm	nal OV	Vide			

The following table describes the options in the Worksheet preferences.

Item	Description			
Population Hierarchy Window Size	Sets the default height and width for the population hierarchy experiment element.			
Statistics Table Window Size	Sets the default height and width for the statistics table.			
Grid	Display Grid – Toggles on/off the display of grid lines in the worksheet. Display Page Line – Toggles on/off the page break line in the worksheet. Grid Size – Modifies the size of the grid squares. Options include 1", 1/2", 1/4", and 1/8". Snap to Grid – Toggles on/off the ability for the worksheet elements to snap to and line up with the grid lines on the worksheet.			

Item	Description				
Page Setup	 Title - Select a worksheet title from a list of default titles. The title is shown when the worksheet is printed or exported as a PDF. Show & Print Page Number - Toggles whether the page number is shown and printed. Print Header & Footer - Toggles whether the header and footer are printed. Allows you to select the text that is displayed in the left and right headers and footers. Print Grid - Toggles whether the grid is printed. Can also be set to use Page Setting. Page Layout - Toggles between landscape and portrait. Page Size - Sets the page size according to standard paper sizes. Page Margin - Sets the margins of the page to Narrow, Normal, or Wide. 				

Plot Preferences

The display properties of pseudocolor, dot, and histogram plots can be adjusted in the Plot tab.

	Pre	eferences Plot	
	Ð	Acquisition	Default 2D Plot Size: Height: 300 Width: 300
	÷.	Worksheet:	Default Histogram Size: Height: 300 Width: 300
	<u> </u>	Plot	Default Spectrum Size: Height: 300 Width: 800
	н	Gates	Default Background Color:
	Σ	Statistics	Default Plot Title: 🛛 Include Plate Name 🔅 Include Group Name 🔅 Include Tube Name
1	A	Fonts	☑ Include Population Name ☐ Include Customized Name
	Ø	Annotation	Pseudocolor Plot Density Levels: 15 \$
	Á	Notifications	Histogram Smooth Histogram Filled
		Storage	Histogram Y Axis
1	77	QC & Setup	Count
1	°.v	Cytometer	O Percentage
		Users	Image Export Format
	T	Global Information	Image Format: PNG - Image Resolution: 200 - dpi

The following table describes the options in the Plot preferences.

Item	Description		
Default 2D Plot Size	Set the default height and width of the pseudocolor plots and dot plots in pixels.		
Default Histogram Size	Set the default height and width of histograms in pixels.		
Default Spectrum Size	Set the default height and width of spectrum plots in pixels.		
Default Background Color	Set the default background color for all plots. Click to select from the available colors.		
Default Plot Title	Customize the title of all plots to include the plate name, group name, tube name, population name, and/or a custom name.		
Pseudocolor Plot Density Levels	Increase or decrease the number of density levels displayed in the pseudocolor plot.		
Histogram Smooth	Set whether histogram distributions are smoothed.		
Histogram Filled	Set whether histogram distributions are filled.		
Histogram Y Axis	Set the scale of the histogram y-axis to count or percentage.		
Image Export Format	Select the format (PNG, TIFF, or JPEG) and resolution (96, 200, 300, or 500 dpi) for exported images.		

Gates Preferences

Gate properties can be adjusted in the Gates tab.

	Acquisition	Default Name Location: Inside 🔹	
+	Worksheet	□ Show % of Parent together with Gate Name	
<u> </u> 2	Plot	Show Count together with Gate Name	
н	Gates	Gate Boundary Line Weight: Normal 🗸 👻	Default Colors for First 10 😴 Gates:
Σ	Statistics	Gate Borderline Color:	Gate Color
A	Fonts	Interval Gate Default Color	
Ø	Annotation	O No Color	2
À	Notifications	Has Color	3
	Storage	Quadrant Gate Default Color	4
×w.	QC & Setup	No Color	5
•	Cytometer	🔿 Same Color	6
**	Users	O Different Color in each Quad	8
Ū	Global Information	Binary Gate Default Color	9
9		No Color	10

The following table describes the options in the Gates preferences.

Item	Description			
Default Name Location	Select where the gate name is displayed with respect to the gate itself.			
Show % of Parent together with Gate Name	Toggles on/off the display of the % of Parent with the gate name.			
Show Count together with Gate Name	Toggles on/off the display of the population count with the gate name.			
Gate Boundary Line Weight	Sets the thickness of the line drawn by the gate.			
Default Colors for First X Gates	Set the number of gates (1–10) that will follow the color scheme detailed in the gate color table. The order in which the colors appear can be changed.			
Interval Gate Default Color	Toggles on/off whether the population captured by the interval gate has a default color.			

Item	Description
Quadrant Gate Default Color	Select whether the population captured by the quadrant gate has a default color, and if so if each quadrant has a different color.
Binary Gate Default Color	Select whether the population captured by the binary gate has a default color.

Statistics Preferences

The default degree of precision (number of decimal places) of the statistics displayed in the worksheet can be modified in the Statistics tab.

The precision for the following statistics can be adjusted: Mean, rSD, % rCV, Mean, Max, Min, SD, % CV, % Total, % Parent, % Grand Parent, % Specified Gate, Count/µL, and Absolute Count.

Acquisition		
Worksheet	Decimal Places	
2	Statistics Variable	Decimal Places
Plot	Median	0 🌲
Gates	rSD	0 🌲
Statistics	% rCV	2 ‡
Fonts	Mean	0 🌲
Annotation	Max	0 ‡
Notifications	Min	0 🌲
Notifications	SD	0 🌲
Storage	% CV	2 ‡
QC & Setup	% Total	2 ‡
Cytometer	% Parent	2 ‡
Users	% Grand Parent	2 ‡
Global Information	% Specified Gate	2 ‡
STORAL HITOTHUGOT	Count/uL	2 ‡

Fonts Preferences

The Fonts tab allows you to change the font properties of each display element.

•	Acquisition	Font Location	Text Setting	js			Sample Text
.e.	Worksheet	Plot Axis Label	Font Family:	Segoe UI			Test Sample Text
×.	Plot	O Plot Axis Number	Font Size:	12			
H.	Gates	O Plot Title	Color:				
Σ	Statistics	🔘 Gate Name	Font Style:	Normal	O Italic		
A	Fonts	O Gate Statistics	Font Weight:	() Normal	Bold	O SemiBold	
C.	Annotation	O Statistics Table Title					
¢	Notifications	O Statistics Table Column Title					
	Storage	O Statistics Table Numbers					
- U	QC & Setup	O Population Hierarchy Title					
•	Cytometer	O Population Hierarchy Column Title					
**	Users	O Population Hierarchy Contexts					

The following table describes the options in the Fonts preferences.

Item	Description				
Font Locations	Select which display element's font to modify.				
Text Settings	Font Family – Select the font family. Font Size – Select the font size. Color – Select the font color. Font Style – Toggles between normal and italic. Font Weight – Select normal, bold, or semibold.				
Sample Text	Shows a preview of the text with the properties set in the Text Settings.				

Annotation Preferences

You can adjust the text properties for annotation text.

Select the font family, size, style, weight, and alignment, as well as the foreground, background, and border colors. Selected text options appear under Sample Text.

Pre	eferences Anno	itation				
	Acquisition	Text Settings			Sample Text	
4	Worksheet	Default Font Family:	Arial	÷	Sample Text	
8	Plot	Default Font Size:	12	*		
H.	Gates	Default Font Style:	Normal	O Italic		
Σ	Statistics	Default Font Weight:	Normal	O Bold		
A	Fonts	Default Foreground Color:				
C	Annotation	Default Border:				
¢	Notifications	Default Background Color:	2000000	2225		
	Storage	Default Text Alignment		ithis .		
- V	QC & Setup					

Notifications Preferences

The Notifications tab allows you to change certain notification settings in the Acquisition and Extra Tools modules.

Pre	Preferences Notifications			
۲	Acquisition	Acquisition Module		
**	Worksheet	☑ Display "Save Changes" popup window when closing Experiment		
12	Plot	Z Display "Save Changes" popup window when closing Worksheet		
H	Gates	Z Display "Save Changes" popup window when leaving current User Setting		
Σ	Statistics	Z Display "Confirmation" message when cancel experiment wizard		
A	Fonts	Extra Tools Module		
Ø	Annotation	☑ Display "Adjust Gates" popup window after clicking Show Plots		
¢	Notifications	🗹 Display "Assign Sample Types" popup window after importing FCS files		
	Storage	Window Sizes and Locations		
W	QC & Setup	Restore Default		

The following table describes the options in the Notifications preferences.

Item	Description
Acquisition Module	Toggles whether to display the Save Changes pop-up window when closing an Experiment, Worksheet, and User Settings, as well as whether to display a confirmation message when canceling the experiment wizard.
Extra Tools Module	Toggles whether to display the instructional dialog boxes in the Extra Tools module.
Window Sizes and Locations	Select Restore Default to set pop-up window sizes and locations to the defaults.

Storage Preferences

The Storage tab allows administrators to set the default storage locations for the experiment FCS files and setup FCS files. This option is available only for administrators.

NOTE: Do not move files stored in these folders.

ICES Stor	rage		
ion	FCS File Folder:	C:\CytekbioExport30\FcsFiles Browse	Migrate Now
et		Caution! This folder is reserved exclusively for SpectroFlo created files. Do not store any other files in this folder.	
		Label FCS Files with Group Name as prefix (e.g. GroupName_TubeName_yyyy_mm_dd_hh_mm_ss)	
		Experiment FCS File Folder Organized By Date	
5	Setup File Folder;	C:\CytekbioExport30\Setup Browse	

The following table describes the options in the Storage preferences.

ltem	Description
FCS Files Folder	 Select the folder where FCS files are saved. FCS files from experiments where only raw data was acquired, as well as FCS files from experiments where live unmixing was performed are stored here. For experiments where live unmixing is performed, both raw and unmixed FCS files are saved. You can select to label FCS files with group names as the prefix. Note that you can set the default group name in Acquisition preferences. You can select to organize FCS file folders by date. If not selected, FCS files are ordered by experiment name, without a parent folder indicating the date. If you change the default folder where FCS files are saved and want to move existing experiments to the specified folder, click Migrate Now.

Item	Description
Setup FCS Files Folder	Select the folder where FCS files generated by QC & Setup procedures are saved.

QC Setup Preferences

The QC Setup tab allows you to select the days/months of QC reports to display in the Reports section of the Cytometer QC menu in the QC & Setup module.

Pre	Preferences QC & Setup				
۲	Acquisition	Display Daily QC Reports			
**	Worksheet	East 30 days			
1×	Plot	O Last 3 months			
H+I.	Gates	O Last 12 months			
Σ	Statistics				

Cytometer Preferences

The Cytometer tab allows you to select the default carrier type (manual tube, 96-well plate, 96-well deep-well plate, or tube rack) and select how bubbles and clogs are handled by the system. These selections are for systems configured with a loader. Carrier configuration settings allow you to set SIT lift distance for tubes and plates and select a throughput option for plates.

Preferences Cytometer

۲	Acquisition	Default Carrier Type:				
4	Worksheet	🚺 Manual Tube 👻				
8	Plot	Fluidics				
H	Gates	Z Skip Fluidics Boost when Start				
Σ	Statistics	Enable Bubble/Clog Detection				
A	Fonts	In Case of Bubble				
ß	Annotation	Move to next target af	ter SIT flush			
¢	Notifications	O Stop immediately after	SIT flush			
	Storage	In Case of Clog				
-r	QC & Setup	Move to next target af	ter SIT flush			
¢ _U	Cytometer	O Stop immediately after	r SIT flush			
45	Users	Cytometer Warm Up				
		Enable data collection during	system warm up			
	Global Information	Sample Carrier Configuration	n			
		Name	Enable	SIT Lift Distance	Default Loader Set	ting
		🗍 Manual Tube	22	0.75		×
		96 U-Bottom	22	0.75	Default	*
		96 V-Bottom	8	0.75	Default	*
		96 Flat-Bottom	8	0.75	Default	*

The following table describes the options in the Acquisition preferences.

Item	Description
Default Carrier Type	Choose the carrier type for sample delivery method – Manual Tube for manual sample delivery, or the appropriate 96-well plate, 96- well deep-well plate, or tube-rack if you are using a Loader.

ltem	Description	
Fluidics	 Skip Fluidics Boost when Starting Acquisition - select this feature if you wish to skip the boost that quickly delivers sample from a tube/well to the flow cell at the start of acquisition. NOTE: The Skip Fluidics Boost feature works only for Medium and High flow rates. Enable Bubble/Clog Detection - allows you to choose how you want to proceed in the event of a bubble or a clog when running a plate. You can either move to the next well or stop immediately after a SIT flush. If two consecutive clogs are detected when acquiring from a plate, acquisition stops immediately, regardless of how the Bubble/Clog Detection option is set. Disabling SIT Flush (see Number of Automatic SIT Flush After Tube Unplugged in Acquisition preferences) also disables the SIT flush step during clog detection. For proper functionality, ensure the automatic SIT Flush is enabled when Bubble/Clog Detection is enabled. 	
Cytometer Warm Up	Select to enable data acquisition during the recommended 30-minute instrument warm period. This feature can only be enabled by an administrator.	
Sample Carrier Configuration	Select (enable) the sample carrier – If using a Loader, you must have Manual Tube and at least one other carrier type selected. SIT Lift Distance – The distance in millimeters from the tip of the SIT to the bottom of the well or tube. Default Loader Setting – Choose the default, high-throughput, or low carryover setting when using a Loader.	

Users Preferences

The Users tab allows you to select if and when (daily, weekly, monthly) to automatically export the login sessions. The auto-exported login session files are exported to C:\CytekbioExport\LoginSessions. For more information on exporting login sessions, see "Use Time" on page 103.

Preferences Users			
۲	Acquisition	Auto Export Login Sessions	
**	Worksheet	O Monthly	
12	Plot	O Weekly	
H-	Gates	O Daily	
Σ	Statistics	Never	

Global Information

Enter information for your department in the Global Information tab.

Pre	Preferences Global Information					
*	Acquisition	Global Information				
-9	Worksheet	Department:				
<u>],;;;</u>	Plot	Workstation Information:				
H	Gates	Director:				
Σ	Statistics	Phone Number:				
A	Fonts	Fax Number:				
ľ	Annotation	Email:				
Ų	Notifications	Address:				

Users

User accounts can be managed in the Users module. User account information and use time are stored in the module.

There are three types of user accounts (roles)—Administrator, Super User, and User. Only Administrators can manage user accounts.

Managing Users

Administrators can add, delete, edit, and disable user accounts from the Users tab. User passwords can also be changed/reset. The Users tab lists all users and displays the role and status of each.

Jsers						
user User		Add New	1			
J Use T	Time	T User	Full Name	Role	Status	Ema
a User	Rale	B Admin	Administrator	Administrator	Enabled	
User	Policy	JXi	January X	Administrator	Enabled	
		GReinin	Gil R	SuperUser	Enabled	
		PToth	Patty T	User	Enabled	

Adding a New User Account

1 Click (+) Add New in the User tab of the Users module.

This option is available only for administrators.

🧨 Creat	te User	
User Account ID		
Password:		
Confirm Passwo	rd:	
Full Name:		
Email:		
Phone Number:		
User Role:	User	
Account Statu	s	
Enabled	O Disabled	

2 Enter a user account ID and password, then enter the password again to confirm.

NOTE: The user account ID appears in the user name filed in the User's tab.

- **3** (Optional) Enter the user's full name, email, and phone number.
- 4 Select the user role—Administrator, SuperUser, or User.
- **5** Select the account status—enabled or disabled.
- 6 Click Save.

Editing a User Account

1 Select the user from the User tab of the Users module, then click Edit.

🔎 Edit L	lser		
Editio			
User Account ID:	Janelle S		
Full Name:	Janelle S		
Email:			
Phone Number:			
User Role:	User	5 e	
Account Status			
Enabled	○ Disabled		

- **2** You can edit or add a user name, email, and/or phone number. You can also change the user role and account status.
- 3 Click Save.

Resetting a User Password

An administrator can change their or another administrator's password and reset an operator's password.

- 1 Select the user from the User tab of the Users module.
- 2 Click Reset Password.

		QC & Setup	C Acquisition	ЛА, Extra Tools	Ubrary	¢ Preferences	users	Help	G+ Sign Ou
Status	Email		Phone Nu	ımber		Passwe	ord		
Enabled						Chang	je Password	1	
Enabled						Reset	Password		
Enabled						Reset	Password	e la	

- 3 Click Yes to confirm resetting the password.
- 4 A dialog opens displaying the new password.
- 5 Make note of the password and click OK.

Deleting a User Account

To delete a user account, select the user from the User tab of the Users module, then click Delete. When you remove a user account all the account information and that data acquired by that user is deleted. The FCS files saved by the user are retained.

Use Time

Use Time shows the total daily, weekly, and monthly use time (duration) and number of sessions that each user is on the system. Select a user(s) to view and export the use times for the selected user account(s). Click on the checkbox next to the user in the Select User(s) section to be able to view the sessions for use time to export. Select the session or all the sessions for export.

Select User(s) to Export	Daily Weekly Monthly All	🛨 Export All 上 Coperit referent	
🛛 User	IF User	1E Full Name	는 Day
2 Admin	Admin	Administrator	2021-02-
Operator	Admin	Administrator	2021-02-
Janelle S	Admin	Administrator 20	
🗆 Alex Z	Admin Administrator		

To see a comprehensive list of every login session for selected user(s), select All. The log on (start) and log off (end) times for each session, as well as the session duration are displayed. Administrators can manage the list of login sessions by deleting all sessions before a specified

date. To delete sessions, select the user(s) or click User to select all users, click Manage Use Time, select the date, and click Delete. Manage Use Time appears when you select All.

User	Select User(s) to Exp	ort Daily Weekly Mon	nthly All Manage Use Time
🛈 Use Ti	me 🖾 User	t≓ User	TE Full Name
Sa User F	tole 🛛 🗹 Admin	Admin	Administrator
User F	olicy 🗆 JXi	Admin	Administrator
	Operator	Admin	Administrator
	🔲 Janelle S	Admin	Administrator
	🗆 Alex Z	Admin	Administrator

Administrators can export daily, weekly, monthly, or all use times and login sessions to .csv files by selecting the user(s) and session dates and clicking Export Selected, or selecting user(s) and clicking Export All to export all use times and login sessions.

User Role

Administrators can edit the privileges for User and SuperUser user roles. Administrators can also create and edit new custom user roles. Administrator privileges cannot be changed.

Editing a User Role

1 Select User Role from the Users tab, then select the user name (role) you wish to edit.

The default user roles (and names) are Administrator, SuperUser, and User. The Administrator role cannot be edited.

- 2 Click Edit to edit the selected user role.
- **3** Edit the user role privileges, then click Save.

See "User Role Privileges" in the following section.

Role Name:	Administrator				
Base Type:	Administrator				
Description:	Type à description				
Privileges					
Instrument Con	trol: 🛛 🔄 Gains of Fluorescent Channels	🗾 Customize Parameters (Signal Types)			
	🔄 Window Extension	Area Scaling Factors			
	📴 Change Laser Delay	Can enable data collection during warm up			
Documents:	🙆 Manage QC Bead Lot	Create Fluorescent Tag			
	🔄 Create Label	Create Reference Control			
	🔄 Manage User	Manage All User Types			
	🔁 Create User Role				

4 If you wish to restore user role privileges to the defaults, click **Restore Default** in the Edit User Role window.

User Role Privileges

The following table shows the privileges for the three default user types (Administrator, SuperUser, and User). Administrators can edit the privileges for the SuperUser and User. Administrator privileges cannot be edited.

Privileges	User	SuperUser	Administrator
Instrument Control			
Change fluorescence gains		~	~
Customize parameters (signal types)		~	~
Window extension		~	~
Area scaling factors	~	~	~
Change laser delay		~	~
Enable data acquisition during warm up (cytometer preference)		~	~
Library Documents			
Manage QC bead lot		~	~
Create fluorescent tags	~	~	~
Create label	~	~	~
Create reference controls	~	~	~

Privileges	User	SuperUser	Administrator
User Management			
Manage users		~	~
Manage all user types			~
Create user role			~

Creating a User Role

Administrators can create new user roles based on the privileges of the three default roles.

- 1 Select User Role from the Users tab.
- 2 Click New.
- **3** Enter a name for the new user role.
- 4 Select the base type for new role. Base types are Administrator, SuperUser, and User.

The new role can have the same privileges as the selected base type. You can remove some privileges but you cannot grant more privileges than the base type has. For example, if you want the new user role to manage QC bead lot information, select SuperUser as the base type, as the User base type does not have this privilege.

Role Name:	abSupervisor	
Base Type:	Administrator	
Description:	ype a description	
Privileges		
nstrument Cont	rol: 🛛 😨 Gains of Fluorescent Channels	Customize Parameters (Signal Types)
	Vindow Extension	Area Scaling Factors
	🗹 Change Laser Delay	🔽 Can enable data collection during warm up
ocuments:	Manage QC Bead Lot	Create Fluorescent Tag
	🗹 Create Label	Create Reference Control
	Manage User	Z Manage All User Types
	🗹 Create User Rolé	
		X Cancel

- **5** (Optional) Enter a description.
- 6 Click Save.

The new user role appears in the Name list.

Deleting a User Role

Administrators can delete a custom user role.

- 1 Select User Role from the Users tab.
- 2 Click Delete.
- 3 Click Delete to confirm deletion.

User Policy

Administrators can configure general password and login security policies.

1 Select User Policy from the Users tab to display the user policies.

Us	ers User Policy	
-25	User	Password
Õ	Use Time	Expires After: Never 👻 day(s)
	User Role	Can Be Reused After: 0 + day(s)
20	User Policy	Password Strength: O Strong O Medium 💿 Weak
		Login Maximum Login Attempts: Never The user account will automatically be locked after the set number of attempts. An Admin will be required to unlock the account. If Inactive, Automatically Logout After: Never Change Default Password When Login Next Time If Enable Login Username Typing Prompt

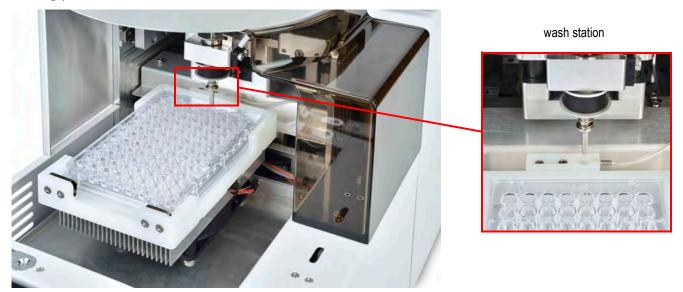
- **2** Select the following:
 - · if and when passwords expire
 - · if and when passwords can be reused
 - password strength
 - strong is 8–20 characters with upper-case and lower-case letters, at least one number, and at least one special character
 - medium is 6-20 characters with letters and numbers
 - weak has no restrictions
 - if and when a maximum number of login attempts fail (users are locked out of SprectroFlo after the selected number of unsuccessful login attempts is reached)
 - if and when users are automatically logged out if inactive for the selected time (1 minute to 45 hours, in various increments)
 - change default password when login next time (if the default password Rainbow is set, the user will be prompted to create a new password)
 - enable login username typing prompt (as you begin to type when logging in, a list of user names with matching characters appears)

Loader

Loader Overview

The Automatic Micro-Sampling System (AMS) and the new Automated Sample Loader (ASL), both referred to as Loader throughout this guide, are optional sample loading accessories that add high-throughput sample acquisition capabilities to the Aurora.

The AMS resuspends samples via a mixing probe, which vortexes each well individually. It supports a variety of 96-well plates. The Loader plate stage houses a metal element that can cool/heat from 4°–30°C, if you choose. A wash station, located at the back of the plate stage is used to clean the mixing probe.



The new ASL resuspends samples using an orbital shaker. In addition to supporting a variety of 96-well plates, including deep-well plates, it supports a 40-tube rack.

Loader settings are user-adjustable, including mixing speed, mixing duration, the number of SIT flushes between samples, sample recovery, and data record delay time. Pre-defined Loader settings include the default settings for high throughput mode, standard mode, and low carryover mode.

When the Loader is powered on and successfully connected to the software, the status indicator in the lower-right corner of the screen shows a green checkmark. A red X appears if the Loader is not powered on or not connected to the software.



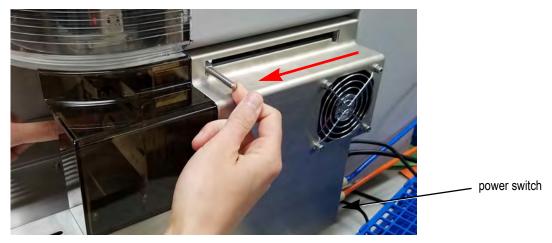
Using the Loader

The Loader must be calibrated for the plate type you will be using. For information on calibrating the Loader for the plate, see "Calibrating a Plate" on page 118.

Enabling the Loader

- 1 Turn on the power to the Loader. The power switch is at the back of the Loader where the fluidic lines connect.
- 2 If there is a tube on the SIP, remove it.
- **3** When running 96-well plates, pull the lever towards you. On the AMS, this brings forward the mixer. On the ASL, this brings forward the guide. Use this on the ASL to run all plates, 96 deep well and standard well.

When running 40-tube racks on the ASL, this lever should be left in the back position.



4 Before running your experiment, you must perform a SIT calibration to set the proper SIT depth within the well. See "Calibrating the SIT" on page 119.

Loading a High-Throughput Sample Carrier

- 1 If necessary, click Eject from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module to eject the stage, bringing it forward.
- 2 Load a plate or tube rack on the stage so that position A1 is located in the front-left corner. Push the plate against the back of the plate stage, then press down on the front edge of the plate to secure it with the clips in the holder.
- **3** Click Load from the QC & Setup or Acquisition module to load the plate, followed by Start to begin acquisition.
- 4 To run tubes, select Manual Tube as the carrier type option in the experiment.

Minimum Well Volume

When acquiring from a well, a boost is applied to deliver the sample to the flow cell as quickly as possible. This process results in the loss (consumption) of up to 35 μ L of sample, as the sample is

neither acquired nor recorded. We recommend a minimum volume of 50 μL of sample per well to accommodate for this.

■ NOTE: The amount of sample consumed as lost can be reduced further by selecting to skip the fluidics boost. If the boost is disabled, it will take longer for the sample to reach the flow cell. You will need to take into account the acquisition delay for recording FCS files. There is a chance that no adjustment to the acquisition delay could result in not all desired events being recorded. For information, see "Acquisition Preferences" on page 88.

Loader Settings in the Experiment

This section lists the differences in the Acquisition module when using a Loader. The following panes are described:

- Group Hierarchy ("Group Hierarchy/Plate Display" on page 111)
- Acquisition Controls ("Loader Acquisition Controls" on page 112)
- Loader Settings ("Loader Settings" on page 113)

Group Hierarchy/Plate Display

The Group and Tube hierarchy pane when using a Loader defaults to one group with one tube. It also provides an option to add a plate. You can view either a hierarchical list (List View), or once a plate is added, a graphical representation of the plate (Plate View).

Save	S	ave As	5	Edit	۲۸ Unmix	U	Manual Tube	•
5+	Tube			Group	~	Collapse	All	
	~	5	Grou	p_001				
+		Ū	Tube	_001				

Default Experiment List View

		eriment_0										0
Save	S		1	Edit	dit Unmix		95	96 U	-Botto	m		
95 00	Add	Plate							L List \		w	
96 00	Plate	_001			Ŧ	1	(①	ī				
-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
А												
в												
с												
D												
E												

Default Experiment Plate View Once Plate is Added

Loader Acquisition Controls

The Acquisition Control pane allows you to start, stop, and pause acquisition, record data, and restart acquisition counters. To show, hide, or undock (float) this pane from the experiment panel, use the dock/undock and hide icons in the top-right corner.

Acquisition Con	trol			# ⊗
Well_001 : Ready	(1)		
• ••		1 0		1 0
Start Record		Load	SIT	Flush
Flow Rate: Low	*	3 uL/Min: u	0.00	
Event Rate:	0	Abort Rate:	0	
Threshold Count:	0			
Time Elapsed:	00:00:00	(HH:MM:SS)		4
Events to Display:	2,000			

The following table describes the controls in the Acquisition Control pane.

No.	Control	Description
1	Start/Record/Stop/ Load/Eject/Restart	 For AMS: Start and Record are enabled when the Loader is on, the lever is pulled forward, and the Sample Delivery Mode in Acquisition preferences is set to Plate. For ASL: It will depend on whether running a plate or running a tube rack. Running a plate: the lever is forward. Running a tube rack: the lever is to the back. Select Start after selecting Load plate to start acquisition. Select Record to record data. Record can also start acquisition. Select Load or Eject to load or eject the plate. Select Restart to restart the acquisition counters. All events and results displayed are refreshed. Stop and Restart are enabled once Start is selected.
2	SIT Flush	Select to perform a SIT Flush
3	Flow Rate	Select Low (15 μ L/min), Medium (30 μ L/min), or High (100 μ L/min). The exact flow rate is displayed.
4	Event Rate, Abort Rate, Threshold Count, Time Elapsed	Displays the real-time counts during acquisition.
5	Events to Display	Enter the number of events to display during acquisition.

Loader Settings

Several default Loader settings are available. You can select the Default, High Throughput, or Low Carryover Loader Setting, depending on your application. You can also create custom settings. Loader settings are enabled once a plate is added. Adjust the settings before acquisition.

AM	/IS		ASI	-	
Loader Settings		⊠ ⊗	Loader Settings		
Plate_001 Default (System)	• 8		Plate_001 Default (System)	- <u>B</u>	ĺ
	Mix Speed 1500	•	Shake Time 2	Shake Speed • 1300	-
SIT Flush Times Single Flush	Sample Recovery Off	-	Shake Interval Mode Well	Shake Every N Wells 8	+
Stage Temperature Disabled	Record Data Delay Time 0	÷	Premix Time 3	SIT Flush Times Single Flush	-
<u></u>			Sample Recovery Off	Record Data Delay Time • 0	

The following table describes the AMS and ASL Loader settings.

AMS:	
ASL:	

Both

Setting	Description
Selected Settings Three Loader settings are available—default, high throughput, an carryover. You can create your own custom settings. Acquisition order Select the order that you want the plate to run. Wells are acquired by: row from left to right (A1-A12, B1-B12, etc) 	
Acquisition order	Wells are acquired by: • row from left to right (A1-A12, B1-B12, etc) • column from top to bottom (1A-1H, 2A-2H, etc) • row from left to right, then right to left (A1-A12, B12-B1, C1-C12, etc) • column from top to bottom, then bottom to top (1A-1H, 2H-2A, etc)Iix TimeSelect time (in seconds) that each well is mixed. You can also disable the mix time.
Mix Time	
Mix Speed	Select the speed at which the mixer spins (in RPM).
Shake Time	Select the time (in seconds) to shake the plate/tube rack. You can also disable shake time.
Shake Speed	Select the speed of the orbital shaker (in RPM)
Shake Interval Mode	Select whether you would like to shake every N wells or after a specified period of time. You can also disable shaking.

Setting	Description
Shake Every N Wells, or Shake Interval	nake Intervalplate/tube rack.nix TimeSelect the time (in seconds) to shake the plate/tube rack before acquisition of the first tube/well.
Premix Time	
SIT Flush Times A SIT flush is performed over the wash station after each acquisition. Choose single flush, double flush, or disabled if you do not wish to perform a SIT flush.	
Sample Recovery	Allows any remaining sample that is left in the SIT after acquisition is complete to be deposited back into the well.
Stage Temperature	Select the plate stage temperature (4°–30°C).
Record Data Delay Time	Select the time in seconds you wish to preview data from a well before recording begins once you click Record.

Experiments in Plate Mode

Follow the instructions "Creating a New Experiment" on page 53 to create a new experiment. The steps to create a new experiment when running in plate mode are the same as when running in Tube mode, except for the following tasks—creating groups and defining Loader settings—outlined below.

Creating Groups When Using the Loader

NOTE: When running sticky samples, we recommend adding cleaning wells between samples to thoroughly clean the mixing probe. For example, add two wells, one with 10% bleach and the other with DI water. At the end of a plate, consider adding a group of four wells, two with 300 μ L of 10% bleach and two with 300 μ L of DI water. Program a long mix (15 seconds at 1500 rpm) to thoroughly clean the mixing probe.

Before you can add groups when creating a new experiment, you must add a plate.

A plate image appears on the right. Three icons at the far right allow you to add groups.

Fluorescent Tags Groups Markers Keywords Acquisition Loade	r Settings												
Carrier Type: 👷 96 U-Bottom 🗸 🤫 Add Plate 🗸 Collapse All	Delet	•											
Experiment_003	Plate	001	96 I	U-Bottor	n		*						
te Plate 001	4	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	A												0
													-
	В												Q

- 2 Click in the plate image to select a well, or click and drag to select multiple wells corresponding to the wells in the group you wish to add, then click the appropriate icon to the right of the plate to define the sample types in the group:
 - To add a group for samples, click +.
 - To add a group for reference controls, click R.

If you are intending to unmix with controls acquired in this experiment you must add a reference group. When you add a reference group you will be prompted to define the reference controls. See step 7 on page 56 for details on defining the unstained and fluorescence controls.

• To add a group for cleaning well(s), click C. For example, you can add DI water to wells to rinse the SIT and clean the mixing probe to prevent carryover.

Wells will be marked as sample (S), reference control (R), or cleaning (C).

rrier Type: 🗧 😓	96 U-Bottom 👻 🥵 Add Plate 🗸 Col	lapse All 🥛 Dele	te /	Refer	ence Gr	oup									
• • • P	late_001	Plate	001	5 96 L	J-Bottor	n		•							
· B	Reference Group		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
0	B1 Unstained (Cells)	A	2	o ²	2	0 ²	O ²								84
0	B2 FITC (Cells)														
0	B3 PerCP (Cells)	В	O	O	OR										
v 🖪	Group_001 A1 Well_001	c													
	A2 Well_002	D	-	-											
	A3 Well_003														
	A4 Well_004	E													
	A5 Well_005	F													
× 83	Group_002	G													
•	C1 Well_006														
	C2 Well_007	н													

- **3** When all groups have been defined, click Next.
- 4 Follow steps 14 and 16 starting on page 57 to continue creating the experiment.

Cre	eat	eΝ	lew	Exp	erime	ent			
Fluoresco	ent Ta	ags	Grou	05	Markers	Keywords	Acquisition	Loader Set	tings
🗆 Tub	e/Wel	ll Spec	ific User	Setting	Experime	ent User Setting:	CytekAssaySet	ting (Cytek)	÷
Plate Lis	st						~	Collapse All	
- 1	E	xperin	ent_003						i i
•	95 00	Pla	ate_001						Т
	*		Refer	ence Gr	oup				
		0	B1 Un	stained	(Cells)				
		0	B2 FIT	C (Cells)				
		0	B3 Pe	CP (Ce	lls)				
	•	5	Grou	001					8
			A1 W	ell_001					
		۰	A2 W	11_002					
		•	A3 W	11_003					
		-							18
Acquisit	ion S	Setting	gs						
Name				Work	sheet				
Experime	nt_00	13		Defa	ult Raw Wor	ksheet (Raw)		*	
Stopping					s To Record		pping Time (sec)		
All Event	_	_	.*	5,000			36,000		
Storage (Stopp 1 - 3(oing Volume	(ul)			
	-		_	1.00	(0)				

Defining Loader Settings

1 The last step when creating an experiment is to select the Loader settings. Loader settings can be applied to all wells in the plate or at the group level. The settings for the two Loader types differ slightly. See "Loader Settings" on page 113 for information.

We recommend starting with Default settings for most immunophenotyping applications.

NOTE: Default settings were optimized using PBMC's and human whole blood.

Fluorescent Tags Groups Markers Keywords Acquisition Loa	der Settings													
Plate List v Collag	pse All P	late_00	1 96	U-Botto	m									
← Experiment_003			1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	
✓ ⁴⁶ / ₀₀ Plate_001			2	- ,	2	2	2			0		10		
Reference Group		A	D _s		● s	O	O s							
Group_001		в (0	O'	O,									
Group_002			R	R	R									
		c (c	C										
		D												
		E												
		F												
Loader Settings		G												
Plate_001														
Default (System)	1111	н												
■ 前 三 面														
Shake Time Shake Speed														
2 - 1300 -														
Shake Interval Mode Shake Every N Wells Well * 8 *														
Premix Time STF Flush Times 3 Y Single Flush T														
Sample Recovery Record Data Delay Time														
Off = 0 =														

2 Once the worksheet and stopping criteria have been defined, click Save and Open to open the new experiment.

To make any changes to the experiment, click Edit above the group/well hierarchy.

3 To acquire controls and samples and perform live unmixing, see "Live Unmixing" on page 64.

Minimum and Maximum Volumes for Carrier Types

Carrier Type	Min Volume (µL)	Max Volume (µL)
96-well standard well plate, round bottom	50	200
96-well standard well plate, U-bottom	50	200
96-well standard well plate, V-bottom	50	200
1 mL 96-well deep well plate, round bottom	50	500
2 mL 96-well deep well plate, round bottom	50	1000
40-tube rack, 12 x 75 mm tubes	50	2000

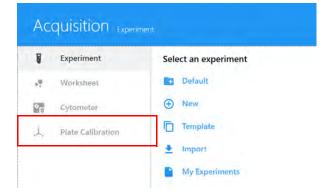
Calibrating a Plate

The plate calibration feature allows administrators to calibrate the stage for each of the compatible 96-well plates. Use the controls to align the SIT within well A1 and adjust the depth of the mixer in the well. The settings are saved automatically. Use the plate calibration feature if you change plate types.

For a list of compatible plates, see "Supported Carrier Types" on page 142.

1 Click the Plate Calibration icon in the Acquisition module.

The Plate Calibration option is available only to administrators.



The plate calibration screen appears.

0	Experiment.	Calibrate Plate		Operating Instructions
÷?	Worksheet	Select Plate Type: 96 U-Botton	n +	1. Select Plate Type.
۴ŋ	Cytometer	O A1 Position X: 20 Y	380	 Select A1 Position and calibrate using the Move Stage buttons below.
▦	Plate Calibration	O Mix Motor Depth 850		Select Mix Motor Depth and calibrate using the Move Mixer buttons below.
		Operation		 Plate calibration saves automatically. If needed, use the Reset buttons to undo your changes and start from default.
		Move Stage	Move Mixer	Tips:
				 Hold Shift key to move stage 10 times faster; Hold Shift & Ctrl keys 50 times faster.

- **2** Load the plate that you wish to calibrate.
- **3** Select the plate type from the drop-down list.
- 4 Select A1 Position to calibrate the X and Y directions.
 - Use the Move Stage buttons to align the SIT within the well.
 - Click Reset if you wish to revert to the default settings.
- 5 Select the Mix Motor Depth to calibrate the Z direction.
 - Ensure the SIT is positioned above well A1 and click Continue.
 - Use the Move Mixer Down button to move the mixing probe deeper into the well. Use the Move Mixer Up button to move the mixing probe to a shallower position.
 - Click Reset if you wish to revert to the default settings.

NOTE: A Reset All button reverts all settings to the defaults.

The settings are saved automatically and should not need to be changed unless you change the plate type.

Calibrating the SIT

Use the Calibrate SIT feature to set the proper SIT depth within a plate well. You will need to perform a SIT calibration:

- prior to running your first experiment of the day in plate mode
- every time you switch from tube mode to plate mode
- if you change plate types

The calibration value applies only to your individual user account. Once calibration is complete, the settings apply to all plates of the same type.

■ NOTE: A SIT calibration is performed automatically in the tube that is loaded on the SIP when the system is turned on.

- 1 Load a 96-well plate.
- 2 In the Cytometer tab, from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select Calibrate SIT.

QC	C & Setup _{Cyton}	neter	
ГŲ.	Cytameter QC	SIT	SIT Flush
Ă,	Reference Controls	<u>I</u>	Calibrate SIT
e u	Cytometer		Purge Filter
		1	Clean Flow Cell

3 A dialog appears prompting you to enter the SIT Lift Distance. Enter the distance, then click **Calibrate SIT**. The lift distance is the distance in millimeters from the tip of the SIT to bottom of the well.

The recommended starting point for the SIT Lift Distance is 1.5 for U-bottom plates. Set the value higher for V-bottom plates. If you experience clogs, try setting the SIT LIFT Distance higher. For information on changing the default SIT Lift Distance see "Acquisition Preferences" on page 88.

SIT Lift Distance:	0
Detect Container Bottom:	🔟 Calibrate SIT
Operating Instructions	
1. Specify a value for	Lift Distance and click Calibrate SIT button.
	ibration completes. Then check the sample line depth. If the depth is
	DK and continue with your experiment.
the second se	high or too low, change the SIT Lift Distance and click Calibrate SIT
button again. Rep	eat Step 3 until the depth is satisfactory. Then click OK.

- 4 Check the depth of the sample line in the well. If it's satisfactory, click OK. If it needs to be raised or lowered, adjust the SIT Lift Distance and click Calibrate SIT.
- **5** Repeat step 4 until the sample line depth is satisfactory. Click OK.
- 6 Once SIT calibration is complete, you can run your experiment.

Maintenance

Maintenance Schedule



Any instrument surface in contact with biological specimens can transmit potentially fatal disease. Use universal precautions when cleaning the instrument or replacing parts. Wear PPE such as protective gloves, eyewear, and lab coat.

The 10% bleach solution used throughout the maintenance procedures is prepared by adding 1 part household bleach to 9 parts DI water.

Routine maintenance of the Aurora cytometer includes periodic replacement of parts. For part numbers, see "Supplies and Replacement Parts" on page 143.

Scheduled Maintenance

The following table describes the scheduled maintenance procedures for your cytometer.

Maintenance Procedure	Description	Frequency
Replace sheath filter	Ensures debris-free sheath fluid	Every 6 months, or as needed
Long Clean	Cleans the fluidic lines with 10% bleach solution	Once a month and prior to service calls

Unscheduled Maintenance

The following table describes the unscheduled maintenance procedures for your cytometer.

Maintenance Procedure	Description	Frequency
SIT Flush	Backflushes the SIT	As needed, if SIT clogs or after running sticky dyes
Purge Filter	Removes bubbles from the sheath filter	If bubbles are present in the sheath filter, or if the plenum or sheath tank runs dry
Clean Flow Cell	Runs 10% bleach solution followed by DI water through the flow cell	As needed, or after running sticky dyes
Clean external surfaces	Keeps surfaces free from salt buildup	As needed

SIT Flush

A sample line backflush is performed whenever a tube is removed from the SIP after sample acquisition. If the sample line exhibits signs of carryover or becomes clogged after completing an experiment with a sticky dye such as propidium iodide, acridine orange, or thiazole orange, the sample line should be manually backflushed.

If you are using a Loader, a SIT flush occurs over the wash well, located at the back of the Loader plate stage.

1 In the Cytometer tab, from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select SIT Flush.



2 If carryover or a clog persists, place a tube of 10% bleach on the SIP and acquire at High flow rate for 5 minutes. Afterwards, acquire a tube of DI water at High flow rate for 5 minutes.

■ NOTE: If running large quantities of beads or large cells, we recommend running a tube of 10% bleach followed by a tube of DI water, each for 5 minutes, between experiments.

Purge Filter



Perform this procedure if air bubbles are visible in the sheath filter, or if the plenum or sheath tank have run dry and air is present in the fluidics system.

1 In the Cytometer tab, from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select Purge Filter.



The vent valve connected to the sheath filter will open releasing any air bubbles trapped inside the sheath filter.

2 Repeat the Purge Filter fluidic mode until there are no visible bubbles inside the sheath filter.

Clean Flow Cell

Clean the flow cell after completing an experiment with a sticky dye such as propidium iodide, acridine orange, or thiazole orange. Cleaning the flow cell is also recommended after acquiring large quantities of highly concentrated bead solutions or if you suspect a clog.

If running sticky samples, perform this procedure using a 30% Contrad 70 solution instead of 10% bleach between experiments.

1 In the Cytometer tab, from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select Clean Flow Cell.



- 2 Follow the instructions that appear. Load a tube containing 3 mL of 10% bleach solution on the SIP and click Continue.
- **3** When prompted, load a tube containing 3 mL of DI water on the SIP and click Continue.
- 4 Click Done when the procedure is complete.

Long Clean

Decontaminate the fluidics system monthly by running the Long Clean fluidics mode. Run the Long Clean just prior to service calls, or if you run high volumes of unwashed samples or samples stained with propidium iodide, acridine orange, or thiazole orange.



Do not run bleach or detergent through the sheath filter. It is difficult to remove cleaning solutions from the sheath filter.

1 In the Cytometer tab, from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select Long Clean.

QC	& Setup _{cyton}	eter	
No.	Cytameter QC	SIT Flush	
A	Reference Controls	Calibrate SIT	
P.v	Cytometer	😝 - Purge Filter	
		🧹 Clean Flow Cell	
		🞻 Long Clean	

- 2 Follow the instructions that appear. Prepare the appropriate cleaning tubes and fluidics tanks.
- **3** Empty the waste tank. Replace the sheath filter with the sheath filter bypass (long clean tubing) assembly.



- 4 Detach the sheath tank and replace it with a tank containing a 10% bleach solution.
- 5 Load a tube containing 3 mL of a 10% bleach solution on the SIP.
- 6 Proceed with the Long Clean in the software.
- 7 Once the bleach cleaning cycle is complete, reattach the sheath tank.
- 8 Remove the tube of 10% bleach from the SIP and replace with a tube of 3 mL of DI water.
- **9** Proceed with the Long Clean in the software.
- **10** When prompted, remove the long clean tubing assembly and re-install the sheath filter.

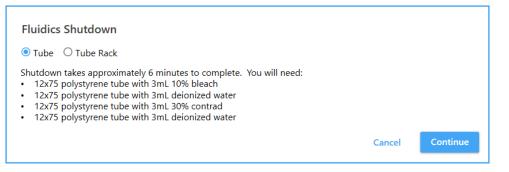
Fluidics Shutdown

Perform fluidic shutdown at the end of each day that you use the instrument. The shutdown procedure thoroughly cleans the fluidics system. If you are running in Tube Mode without a Loader see "Fluidics Shutdown Using Individual Tubes" in the following section. If you have an ASL, see "Fluidics Shutdown Using a Tube Rack (ASL only)" on page 125.

To prepare a 10% bleach solution add 1 part household bleach to 9 parts DI water.

Fluidics Shutdown Using Individual Tubes

1 In the Cytometer menu from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select Fluidics Shutdown.



- 2 Load a tube containing 3 mL of 10% bleach on the SIP and click Continue.
- 3 Load a tube containing 3 mL of DI water and click Continue.
- 4 Load a tube containing 3 mL of 30% Contrad 70 and click Continue.
- 5 Load a tube containing 3 mL of DI water and click Continue.
- 6 Allow the shutdown procedure to complete, then click Done and turn off the cytometer. Make sure the SIT is submerged in the DI water at the end of the procedure.

The following day when you turn on the system, the startup procedure begins, using the tube of DI water on the SIP.

Fluidics Shutdown Using a Tube Rack (ASL only)

- 1 In the Cytometer menu from either the QC & Setup or Acquisition module, select Fluidics Shutdown.
- 2 Select Tube Rack from the Fluidics Shutdown screen. Prepare and load the appropriate tubes in the tube rack as instructed.

O Tube I Tube Rack									
Shutdown takes approximately 6 minutes to complete. You will need:	40	Tube F	Rack						
 12x75 polystyrene tube with 3mL 10% bleach 12x75 polystyrene tube with 3mL deionized water 	-	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
 12x75 polystyrene tube with 3mL 30% contrad 12x75 polystyrene tube with 3mL deionized water 	А								
	В								
Load the 10% bleach tube into A1 position. Load the deionized water tube into B1 position. Load the 30% contrad tube into C1 position.	с								
Load the deionized water tube into D1 position.	D								
Then click Continue to start the procedure.	E								
						Cance		Cont	inuo

• Load a tube containing 3 mL of 10% bleach in position A1.

- Load a tube containing 3 mL of DI water in position B1.
- Load a tube containing 3 mL of 30% Contrad 70 in position C1.
- Load a tube containing 3 mL of DI water in position D1.
- 3 Click Continue.
- 4 Allow the shutdown procedure to complete, then click Done and turn off the cytometer.
- 5 The next time you turn on the system, you are prompted to load a tube of DI water on the SIP. This is required for the startup procedure to successfully complete.

Cleaning the External Surfaces

Periodically check for saline residue.

- 1 Dampen a cloth with a mild cleaning solution and wipe the surfaces of the instrument.
- **2** Dampen a cloth with DI water and wipe the surfaces again to remove residual cleaning solution.
- **3** Dry the surfaces with a clean, dry cloth.

Inspecting the Fluidics Lines



Check the cytometer periodically for fluid leaks. If any evidence of a leak is detected, contact Cytek Technical Support immediately. Do not attempt to repair the instrument.

- 1 Visually inspect for fluid leaks by looking for small pools of liquid near any of the quick-connects.
- **2** Visually inspect for dried residue or slight discoloration in the spaces surrounding the cytometer.

Replacing the Sheath Filter

The sheath filter traps debris and air bubbles before they reach the flow cell. Replace the filter assembly every 6 months, or when you see increased sample flow rates or debris in an FSC vs SSC plot.



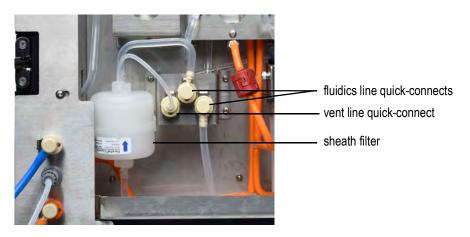
Wear PPE such as protective gloves, eyewear, and lab coat while performing this procedure.



Do not run bleach or detergent through the sheath filter, as these fluids can damage the filter.

- 1 Turn off the cytometer.
- **2** Open the front cytometer panel.

3 Press the two fluidics line quick-connects and the vent line quick-connect to the right of the sheath filter.



- **4** Discard the sheath filter according to standard laboratory protocol and local regulations.
- 5 Install a new sheath filter with the arrow pointing up.
- 6 Restart the cytometer and run the Purge Filter fluidic mode to remove air bubbles (see "Purge Filter" on page 122). Repeat this step until all air bubbles are purged from the filter.
- 7 Close the front panel.

Replacing the SIT

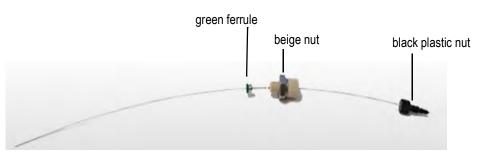
Replace the SIT if the tubing is clogged even after repeatedly cleaning and flushing the SIT.

1 Ensure the SIT is extended in a tube of DI water and the cytometer is turned off.

If the cytometer was shut down properly using the Fluidics Shutdown procedure, the SIT will already be extended and left in water.

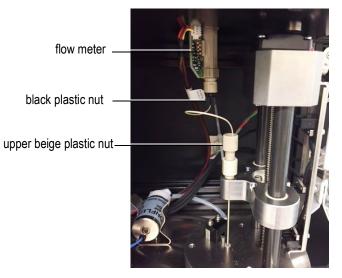
NOTE: If the SIT is not extended, turn on the cytometer and run Fluidics Shutdown. Then turn off the cytometer.

2 Obtain a SIT tubing assembly.

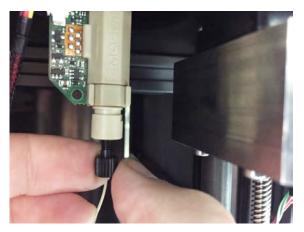


3 Open the SIT door. Identify the three components shown in the following figure.

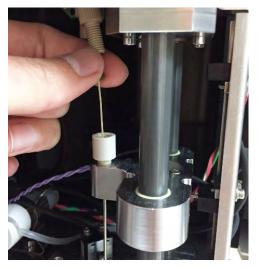
Open the front panel, then open the SIT door. The SIT door is located above the SIP. See "Front of Cytometer" on page 12.



4 Twist off and carefully remove the black plastic nut from the bottom of the flow meter.



5 Follow the tubing from the black nut down to the beige plastic nut. Twist off the beige nut and gently pull it and tubing out from the SIP.

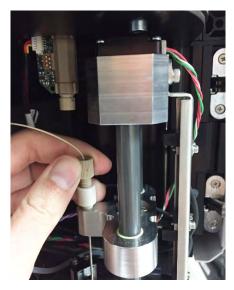


6 Discard the SIT tubing assembly.

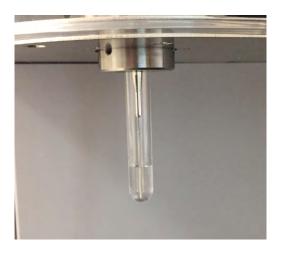
7 Insert the new sample tubing through the hole and feed the tubing all the way in.



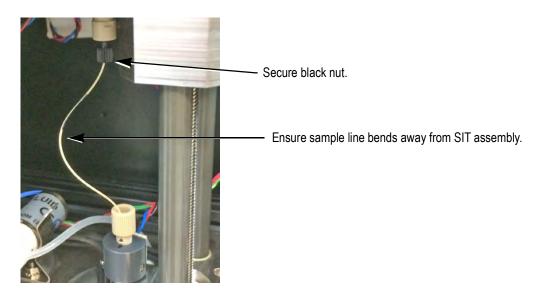
8 Once the line is in, screw in the beige nut until finger tight. You will feel once the nut is secured to the bottom.



9 Verify that the tubing contacts the bottom of the tube on the SIP.



10 Secure the black nut to the bottom of the flow meter so it is firmly attached. Make sure the sample line bends away from the SIT assembly when the SIT stage rises.



- **11** Close the SIT door.
- **12** Turn on the system. During initialization the system automatically calibrates the SIT depth in the tube loaded on the SIP.

Troubleshooting

This section provides tips to help you identify and resolve issues that might occur on your flow cytometer. If additional assistance is required, contact Cytek Biosciences. Please have the following information available: serial number, error messages, and details of recent performance.

For instrument support within the US, call 1-877-92-CYTEK. Visit our website, www.cytekbio.com, for up-to-date contact information.

Observation	Possible Causes	Recommended Solutions
Daily QC does not complete	Wrong QC bead sample	Ensure you are running SpectroFlo QC beads.
	Bead sample not properly mixed	Mix the bead sample.
	Bead sample too dilute	Concentrate the bead sample or prepare a fresh bead sample.
	Air bubble in sample line	Run a SIT Flush.
	Degraded beads	Prepare fresh beads.
	Warm-up not done	Let the instrument warm up for at least 30 minutes.
Daily QC failed	Air bubble in fluidics	Run a Purge Filter.
	Dirty flow cell	Run a Clean Flow Cell. If the problem persists, run a Clean Flow Cell using 25%–50% Contrad 70, followed by DI water.
	Questionable sample prep	Verify the sample prep technique.
	Air in sheath filter	Run a Purge Filter.
	Sample not diluted in same fluid as sheath	Dilute the sample in the same fluid as the sheath solution.

Observations

Observation	Possible Causes	Recommended Solutions
Air in sheath filter	Cytometer was not in use for a prolonged period	Run a Purge Filter. Check that all sheath connectors are securely attached. Check for leaks or cracks in the sheath plenum. Replace, if needed.
	Empty sheath tank	Fill the sheath tank. Run a Purge Filter.
No events displayed	No sample in tube	Add sample or install a new sample tube.
(flow rate lower than expected)	Sample not properly mixed	Mix the sample to suspend cells/particles.
	Clogged SIT	Run a SIT Flush. Then run a Clean Flow Cell with 10% bleach, followed by a Clean Flow Cell with DI water. If the clog persists, replace the sample line.
	For loaders, the SIT Lift Distance set too low (touching bottom of tube)	Increase the SIT Lift Distance. See "Calibrating the SIT" on page 119.
No events displayed (flow rate normal)	Insufficient gain for threshold parameter	Increase the gain for the threshold parameter.
	Threshold too high	Lower the threshold.
	Laser delay not correct	Ensure the laser delay values match those from the latest Daily QC run. See "Instrument Control" on page 46 for the laser delay location. If the values do not match, rerun Daily QC.
	Threshold set to incorrect parameter	Set the threshold to the appropriate parameter for the application (usually FSC).
	Gated plot with no data in gate	Delete or move the gate.

Observation	Possible Causes	Recommended Solutions
Low sample event	Threshold too high	Lower the threshold.
rate	Insufficient gain for threshold	Increase the gain for the threshold parameter.
	Sample not properly mixed	Mix the sample to suspend cells/particles.
	Sample too dilute	Concentrate the sample. Set the flow rate to Medium or High.
	Clogged SIT	Run a SIT Flush. Then run a Clean Flow Cell with 10% bleach, followed by a Clean Flow Cell with DI water. If the clog persists, replace the sample line.
Erratic event rate	Partially blocked SIT	Run a SIT Flush. Then run a Clean Flow Cell with 10% bleach, followed by a Clean Flow Cell with DI water.
	Clumpy sample	Vortex, filter, or disaggregate the sample.
Data in scatter	Air bubble in flow cell	Run a SIT Flush.
parameters appear distorted	Air in sheath filter	Run a Purge Filter.
	Dirty flow cell	Run a Clean Flow Cell.
	Poor sample health	Check the viability of the cells.
	Hypertonic buffers	Check the pH of the buffers and fixative.
	Incorrect instrument settings	Optimize the instrument settings.
High CVs	Air bubble in fluidics	Run a SIT Flush and a Purge Filter.
	Sample flow rate set to High	Set the sample flow rate to Low or Medium.
	Dirty flow cell	Run a Clean Flow Cell. If the problem persists, run a Clean Flow Cell using 25%–50% Contrad 70, followed by Dl water.
	Questionable sample prep	Verify the sample prep technique.
	Air in sheath filter	Run a Purge Filter.
	Sample not diluted in same fluid as sheath	Dilute the sample in the same fluid as the sheath solution.
SIT hitting bottom of well/tube	SIT Lift Distance set too low	Set the SIT Lift Distance to at least 1.5. See "Calibrating the SIT" on page 119.

11

Glossary

APD	Avalanche photodiode (APD) is a highly sensitive semiconductor electronic device for measuring light intensity. APDs convert light to electricity and can be thought of as photodetectors.
autofluorescence	The inherent fluorescence arising primarily from cell structures such as mitochondria and lysosomes. Autofluorescence can hinder detection of dim fluorescent signals.
compensation	The process by which spillover fluorescence from secondary parameters is accounted for so that fluorescence values for a parameter represent only the fluorescence of the primary fluorophore.
data file	A collection of measured values from a single sample combined with text describing the data that has been stored as a flow cytometry standard (.fcs) file to disk.
deconvolve	An algorithm-based process used to reverse the effects of convolution (or overlapping) on recorded data.
detector	A device that responds to a specific stimulus. Photodiodes and APDs tubes are two types of detectors in cytometers. They convert light signals into electronic signals.
dot plot	A graphical representation of two-parameter data. Each axis of a plot displays values of one parameter.
electronic noise	Random fluctuation in electronic signals, a characteristic of all electronic circuits.
event rate	The rate at which cells or particles are acquired.
FCS	Flow cytometry standard, a standard format for flow cytometry data files.

filter	An optical device that blocks the passage of part of the incident light, allowing the rest to pass virtually unchanged.	
flow cell	The flow cell enables hydrodynamic focusing of the sample so that the individual cells or particles of interest can be interrogated by the laser(s) sequentially.	
flow cytometry	A technology that simultaneously measures and analyzes multiple characteristics of single cells or particles as they pass through a laser beam.	
flow rate	The amount of fluid passing through a point per unit of time. The Aurora's flow rate is measured by the flow meter.	
fluorescence	The emission of light of longer wavelengths that occurs when a substance absorbs light of shorter wavelengths.	
fluorophore	A fluorescent dye. A molecule capable of absorbing light energy, then emitting light at a longer wavelength (fluorescence) as it releases this energy.	
gain	Amplification of a signal. Increasing gain results in a larger output signal for a given input signal.	
gate	A numerical or graphical boundary (region) that defines a subset of data. Gates can be single- or multi-dimensional.	
laser	Light Amplification by Stimulated Emission of Radiation. A light source that is highly directional, monochromatic, coherent, and bright. The emitted light is in one or more narrow spectral bands, and with most lasers, is concentrated in an intense, narrow beam.	
laser delay	Amount of time between signals from different laser intercepts.	
photodiode	A device for measuring light intensity. A photodiode generates an output current proportional to the incident light intensity.	
rSD	Robust standard deviation. The robust SD is based on the deviation of individual data points to the median of the population.	
reference	Spectral profile of a fluorescent tag in all detectors for all lasers.	

resolution	A measure of a cytometer's ability to distinguish between two populations with differing fluorescence or light scatter intensities.	
sensitivity	A measure of a cytometer's ability to distinguish particles from background noise. It is often expressed in terms of a minimum number of fluorescent molecules per particle required to distinguish a stained particle from an unstained particle. Sensitivity depends on the instrument, the dye, and the preparation method.	
SIP	Sample injection port. The area of the cytometer where the sample is placed.	
SIT	Sample injection tube. The probe that pulls sample from the sample tube to the flow cell.	
spectral overlap	The phenomenon of different fluorophores emitting light within the same detection range. In multi-color experiments, compensation must be performed to correct for spectral overlap.	
spectral unmixing	The mathematical method of deconvolving signals from multiple fluorophores/dyes to differentiate them.	
spillover	Emitted light from a fluorophore entering the detector of another fluorophore.	

Specifications

Cytometer

Optics

Item	Specification		
Optical platform	Fixed optical assembly configured with up to five spatially separated laser beams. Laser delays are automatically adjusted during instrument QC.		
Lasers (up to five lasers are available)	355 nm: 20 mW (ultraviolet) 405 nm: 100 mW (violet) 488 nm: 50 mW (blue) 561 nm: 50 mW (yellow-green) 640 nm: 80 mW (red)		
	NOTE: Ultraviolet and yellow-green lasers are available for Aurora cytometers only. These lasers are not available for Northern Lights standard configurations.		
Beam geometry	Flat-top laser beam profile with narrow vertical beam height optimized for small particle detection		
Emission collection	Fused silica cuvette coupled to high NA lens for optimum collection efficiency to optical fibers		
Forward scatter detector and filter	High-performance semiconductor detector with 488 nm bandpass filter		
Side scatter detectors and filters	Two high-performance semiconductor detectors with 405 nm and 488 nm bandpass filters		
Fluorescence detectors	 High-sensitivity Coarse Wavelength Division Multiplexing (CWDM), 16-channel semiconductor detector array per laser, enabling more efficient spectrum capture for dyes emitting in the 420 nm to 830 nm range. No filter changes required for any fluorophore excited by the on-board lasers. NOTE: See the table on page 75 for the detector bandwidth specifications. 		

Fluidics

Item	Specification	
General operation	Vacuum driven fluidics with the following fluidics modes: Long Clean, SIT Flush, Purge Filter, Clean Flow Cell, Fluidics Shutdown	
Compatible tubes	12 x 75-mm polystyrene and polypropylene tubes	
Fluidic reservoirs	4-L fluid tanks with level-sensing provided. Compatible with 20-L sheath and waste cubitainers.	
Sample flow rates	 Three preset flow rates measured by the flow meter: Tube mode: Low: 15 μL/min Medium: 30 μL/min High: 60 μL/min Plate mode: Low: 15 μL/min Medium: 30 μL/min High: 100 μL/min 	
Data acquisition rate	Up to 35,000 events/s (for three-laser systems)	

Fluorescence and Scatter Sensitivity

ltem	Specification	
Fluorescence linearity	FITC $R^2 \ge 0.995 / PE R^2 \ge 0.995$	
Forward and side scatter sensitivity	Enables separation of fixed platelets from noise.	
Forward and side scatter resolution	Performance is optimized for resolving lymphocytes, monocytes, an granulocytes.	
Side scatter resolution	Capable of resolving 0.2-µm beads from noise.	

Workstation

Item	Specification	
Operating system	Microsoft® Windows® 10 Pro, 64-bit	
Processor	Intel® Core™ i7 processor, 3.6 GHz	
RAM	32 GB	
Hard drive	500 GB SSD/1TB SATA	
Video processor	530 NVIDIA® GeForce	
Monitor	32-in UHD 4K Monitor	
Minimum requirements for SpectroFlo software	Windows 10 OS, Intel Core i7 processor, 16 GB RAM, and 1 TB hard drive	

Installation Requirements

ltem	Specification	
Dimensions (W x D x H)	54 x 52 x 52 cm (21.3 x 20.5 x 20.5 in) 58.4 x 62 x 52 cm (23.0 x 24.4 x 20.5 in) with the Loader	
Weight	61 kg (134.5 lb) to 71 kg (156.5 lb)	
Workstation	29.1 x 9.25 x 34.4 cm (11.5 x 3.6 x 13.5 in)	
Recommended workspace	165 x 76 x 132 cm (65 x 30x 52 in)	
Power	For the five-laser system: 3.4 A at 120 VAC 1.7 A at 240 VAC	
Fuse rating	250 VAC, 5 A, size 5 x 20-mm	
Heat dissipation	500 W with all solid-state lasers	
Temperature	15°–28°C	
Environmental conditions	Indoor use	
Altitude	Up to 2,000 m (6,562 ft)	
Pollution degree	2	
Humidity	20% to 85% relative non-condensing	
Air filtering	No excessive dust or smoke	
Lighting	No special requirements	

Loader

ltem	Specification
Dimensions (W x D x H)	23 x 47 x 28 cm (9.1 x 18.5 x 11 in)
Weight	AMS: 13 kg (28.7 lb) ASL: 15 kg (33.1 lb)
Power	160 W (24 V, 6.67 A)
Connection	USB A to USB A
Throughput modes	Default Low Carryover High Throughput
Throughput time	AMS: 35 min for High Throughput mode, sampling 7 μ L/well from 96-well plate ASL: 27 min for High Throughput mode, sampling 7 μ L/well from 96-well plate
Dead volume	<10 μL for 96-well flat-bottom plates <5 μL for all other supported plate types
Carryover	Default mode: ≤0.3% Low Carryover mode: ≤0.1% High Throughput mode: ≤1%

Supported Carrier Types

The system supports the following carrier types:

Carrier	Material	Part Number
96-well flat-bottom	Polypropylene	VWR 29444-100
	Polystyrene	VWR 29442-070
96-well U-bottom	Polypropylene	VWR 29444-104
	Polystyrene	VWR 29442-396
96-well V-bottom	Polypropylene	VWR 29444-102
	Polystyrene	VWR 29442-402
Nunc 1.3 mL U96 DeepWell ^a	Polypropylene	VWR 736-0601
Nunc 2.0 mL U96 DeepWell ^a	Polypropylene	VWR 736-0607
BRAND 1 mL 96-well deep well ^a	Polypropylene	VWR 80087-068
	Polystyrene	
BRAND 2.2 mL 96-well deep well ^a	Polypropylene	
Cytek 40-tube rack ^a	N/A	N/A

a. Supported on the ASL only.

Supplies and Replacement Parts

Item	Part Number	Description
4-L Tank	N4-00124	4-L tank for sheath or waste
4-L supply cap assembly	N7-32015	Lid fits 4-L sheath tank
4-L waste cap assembly	N7-32014	Lid fits 4-L waste tank and includes liquid level sensor
20-L cubitainer adapter assembly	N7-32016	Includes fluidics lines and waste liquid level sensor
Reservoir holder	N4-00128	Holds the sheath and waste tanks
SpectroFlo QC Beads 2000 series, 2 mL	B7-10001 (formerly N7-97355)	2 mL of beads at 10 ⁷ /mL concentration. Beads provide a single peak fluorescence intensity for use with Daily QC.
Sheath filter assembly (0.2 μm)	N7-22006	0.2-µm sheath filter assembly with quick-connect fittings and manifold
Sheath filter assembly (0.4 μm)	N7-22016	0.4-µm sheath filter assembly with quick-connect fittings and manifold
Sample line	N7-22014	SIT tubing assembly
Sheath filter bypass (Long Clean tubing)	N7-22010	Replaces the sheath filter during a Long Clean
25-mm disk filter (20 μm)	N4-00047	Filter at sheath tubing intake for cubitainer and 4-L sheath tank cap

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